NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

The Company is an exempted company incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability and its shares are listed on the Stock Exchange. The addresses of the Company's registered office and principal office in Hong Kong are disclosed in the section headed "Corporate Information" of this annual report. The Company is indirectly owned as to 74.99% by Sino Omen Holdings Limited, a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands of which the entire issued share capital is held by Ms. Chan, Hoi-wan as the trustee of her minor children, Lau, Chung-hok, Lau, Sau-wah and Lau, Sau-yee. Further details of the substantial shareholders of the Company are disclosed in the paragraph headed "Substantial Shareholders' Interests in the Securities of the Company" in the section headed "Directors' Report" of this annual report.

These consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollar ("HK\$"), which is same as the functional currency of the Company and all amounts are rounded to the nearest thousand (HK\$'000) except otherwise indicated.

The Company's principal activity is investment holding and the principal activities of its principal subsidiaries and associates are set out in Notes 46 and 47 respectively.

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HKFRSs

The accounting policies adopted in these consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2024 are consistent with those followed in the preparation of the Group's consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023 except as described below.

1. 一般資料

本公司為一間於百慕達註冊成立之獲豁免有限 公司,其股份於聯交所上市。本公司之註冊辦 事處及香港主要辦事處之地址於本年報之「公 司資料」一節中予以披露。本公司由Sino Omen Holdings Limited(一間於英屬維爾京群島註冊 成立之公司)間接擁有74.99%,其全部已發 行股本由陳凱韻女士(作為其未成年子女劉仲 學、劉秀樺及劉秀兒之信託人)持有。本公司 主要股東之進一步詳情於本年報之「董事會報 告書」一節中「主要股東於本公司之證券權益」 一段內予以披露。

本綜合財務報表以港元(「港元」)呈列,港元亦 為本公司之功能貨幣,且除另有説明外,所有 數額均四捨五入至最接近之千位數(千港元)。

本公司之主要業務為投資控股,而其主要附屬 公司及聯營公司之主要業務分別載列於附註 46及47。

應用新訂及對香港財務報告準 則之修訂

除下述者外,截至二零二四年十二月三十一日 止年度之綜合財務報表所採納之會計政策與編 製本集團截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年 度之綜合財務報表所依循者一致。 NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 综合財務報表附註 For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HKFRSs (Cont'd)

In the current year, the Group has applied the following amendments to Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") and revised Interpretation ("Int") ("Amendments") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") for the first time, including those which are mandatorily effective for the annual period beginning on or after 1 January 2024 for the preparation of these consolidated financial statements:

HKFRS 16 (Amendments)	Lease Liability in a Sale and	香港財務報告準則
	Leaseback	第16號(修訂本)
HKAS 1 (Amendments)	Classification of Liabilities as Current	香港會計準則
	or Non-current	第1號(修訂本)
HKAS 1 (Amendments)	Non-current Liabilities with Covenants	香港會計準則
		第1號(修訂本)
HKAS 7 and HKFRS 7	Supplier Finance Arrangements	香港會計準則第7號。
(Amendments)		香港財務報告準則
		第7號(修訂本)
HK Int 5 (Revised)	Presentation of Financial Statements	香港詮釋第5號
	– Classification by the Borrower of	(經修訂)
	a Term Loan that Contains	
	a Repayment on Demand Clause	

應用新訂及對香港財務報告準 則之修訂(續)

於本年度,本集團已就編製本綜合財務報表首 次應用由香港會計師公會(「香港會計師公會」) 頒布之下列對香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報 告準則」)之修訂及經修訂之詮釋(「詮釋」)(「修 訂」),包括該等於二零二四年一月一日或之後 開始之年度期間強制生效之修訂:

隹仫田同う田佳

的粉粒古华则	告後祖凹之祖貝
916號(修訂本)	負債
^甚 會計準則	將負債分類為流動或
自號(修訂本)	非流動負債
^甚 會計準則	附帶契諾之非流動
自號(修訂本)	負債
巷會計準則第7號及	供應商融資安排
昏港財務報告準則	
育 7 號(修訂本)	
巷詮釋第5號	財務報表之呈列
經修訂)	- 借款人對附帶
	按要求償還條款之
	定期貸款之分類

The application of the Amendments had no material impact on the Group's financial positions and performance for the current and prior years and/or on the disclosures set out in these consolidated financial statements.

應用該等修訂不會對本集團於本年度及過往年 度之財務狀況及表現及/或本綜合財務報表所 載之披露資料構成重大影響。

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HKFRSs (Cont'd)

The Group has not early adopted the following new and amendments to HKFRSs and Int ("New and Amended HKFRSs and Int") that have been issued but not yet effective.

HKFRS 9 and HKFRS 7 Amendments to the Classification (Amendments) and Measurement of Financial Instruments² HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28 Sale or Contribution of Assets between (Amendments) an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture⁴ HKFRS 18 Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements³ HKAS 21 (Amendments) Lack of Exchangeability¹ Annual Improvements to HKFRS Amendments to HKFRS 1, Accounting Standards HKFRS 7, HKFRS 9, – Volume 11 HKFRS 10 and HKAS 7² HK Int 5 (Amendments) Presentation of Financial Statements

- Classification by the Borrower of a Term Loan that Contains a Repayment on Demand Clause³
- ¹ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2025
- ² Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2026
- ³ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2027

⁴ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after a date to be determined

The directors of the Company ("Directors") are in the process of assessing the potential impact of the New and Amended HKFRSs and Int but are not yet in a position to determine whether the New and Amended HKFRSs and Int will have a material impact on the Group's performance and financial position and on the disclosures. The New and Amended HKFRSs and Int may result in changes to how the Group's performance and financial position are prepared and presented in the future.

2. 應用新訂及對香港財務報告準 則之修訂(續)

本集團並未提早採納下列已頒布但仍未生效之 新訂及對香港財務報告準則及詮釋之修訂(「新 訂及修訂香港財務報告準則及詮釋」)。

香港財務報告準則		金融工具分類及計量的		
第9	號及香港財務報告	修訂2		
準貝	第7號(修訂本)			
香港則	材務報告準則	投資者與其聯營公司或		
第1	0號及香港會計	合資公司之間的資產		
準貝	刂第28號(修訂本)	出售或注資4		
香港財務報告準則		財務報表之呈列及披露3		
第1	8號			
香港會	會計準則第21號	缺乏可兑換性1		
(修)	訂本)			
香港財	材務報告準則	香港財務報告準則第1號、		
會計準則年度改進		香港財務報告準則		
一穿	高11卷	第7號、香港財務報告		
		準則第9號、香港財務		
		報告準則第10號及		
		香港會計準則第7號之		
		修訂2		
香港語	全釋第5號	財務報表之呈列		
(修訂本)		一借款人對附帶		
		按要求償還條款之		
		定期貸款之分類3		
1	於二零二五年一 <i>)</i> 期間生效	月一日或之後開始之年度		
2	於二零二六年一 <i>)</i> 期間生效	月一日或之後開始之年度		
3	於二零二七年一 <i>)</i> 期間生效	月一日或之後開始之年度		
4	尚待釐定之日期 效	或之後開始之年度期間生		

本公司之董事(「董事」)現正評估該等新訂及修 訂香港財務報告準則及詮釋之潛在影響,惟尚 未釐定該等新訂及修訂香港財務報告準則及詮 釋對本集團之表現及財務狀況以及披露會否構 成重大影響。該等新訂及修訂香港財務報告準 則及詮釋或會導致本集團日後之表現及財務狀 況之編製及呈列方式出現變動。

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

Basis of preparation of consolidated financial statements

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with HKFRSs (which include all Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards, Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs") and Ints) issued by the HKICPA and accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong. In addition, these consolidated financial statements include applicable disclosures required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange ("Listing Rules") and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622).

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost basis, except for certain properties and financial instruments, which are measured at their fair values as explained in the accounting policies set out below.

Fair value measurements

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Group takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. Fair value for measurement and/or disclosure purposes in these consolidated financial statements is determined on such a basis, except for sharebased payment transactions that are within the scope of HKFRS 2 "Share-based Payment", leasing transactions that are accounted for in accordance with HKFRS 16 "Leases", and measurements that have some similarities to fair value but are not fair value, such as net realisable value in HKAS 2 "Inventories" or value-in-use in HKAS 36 "Impairment of Assets".

3. 重大會計政策資料

綜合財務報表編製基準

本綜合財務報表已根據香港會計師公會頒布之 香港財務報告準則(包括所有香港財務報告準 則、香港會計準則(「香港會計準則」)及詮釋)及 香港公認會計原則而編製。此外,本綜合財務 報表包括聯交所證券上市規則(「上市規則」)所 要求之適用披露及香港公司條例(第622章)之 披露要求。

本綜合財務報表乃按歷史成本法編製,惟按公 平值計量之若干物業及金融工具除外,有關之 會計政策闡述如下。

公平值計量

公平值乃於計量日市場參與者於有秩序交易中 出售資產所收取或轉讓負債所支付之價格,而 不論該價格為可直接觀察取得或可使用其他估 值技術估計。於估計資產或負債之公平值時, 本集團會考慮該等市場參與者於計量日對資產 或負債定價時所考慮資產或負債之特點。於本 綜合財務報表中作計量及/或披露用途之公平 值乃按此基準釐定,惟不包括香港財務報告 準則第2號「股份付款」範圍內之以股份付款交 易、根據香港財務報告準則第16號「租賃」入 賬之租賃交易及與公平值有若干類似之處但不 屬公平值之計量,例如香港會計準則第36號「資產 減值」之使用價值。

Fair value measurements (Cont'd)

In addition, for financial reporting purposes, fair value measurements are categorised into Level 1, 2 or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurements in its entirety, which are described as follows:

- Level 1: inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date;
- Level 2: inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3: inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

(a) Basis of consolidation

Subsidiaries

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and entities (including structured entities) controlled by the Company and its subsidiaries. Control is achieved when the Company: (i) has power over the investee; (ii) is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee; and (iii) has the ability to use its power to affect its returns.

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control listed above.

Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Group obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiary. Specifically, income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed of during the year are included in profit or loss from the date the Group gains control until the date when the Group ceases to control the subsidiary.

3. 重大會計政策資料(續)

公平值計量(續)

此外,就財務報告用途,根據公平值計量數據 之可觀察程度及數據對公平值計量之整體重要 程度,公平值計量劃分為第一級、第二級及第 三級,如下所述:

- 第一級:數據為同等之資產或負債(實體能夠 於計量日取得)於活躍市場取得之報 價(未經調整);
- 第二級:數據為直接或間接從資產或負債所 得可觀察之數據(於第一級之報價除 外);及
- 第三級: 數據為從資產或負債之非可觀察數 據。

(a) 綜合賬目基準

附屬公司

綜合財務報表包括本公司與本公司及其 附屬公司所控制實體(包括結構性實體) 之財務報表。就本公司獲得控制權乃 指:(i)可對接受投資方行使權力:(ii)自 參與接受投資方之業務獲得或有權獲得 可變之回報;及(iii)有能力藉對接受投資 方行使其權力而影響其回報。

倘事實及情況顯示上文所列三項控制因 素之其中一項或多項改變,則本集團會 重新評估是否仍然對接受投資方擁有控 制權。

本集團獲得附屬公司控制權時便開始將 該附屬公司綜合入賬,於失去控制權時 則終止其入賬。具體而言,於年內所收 購或出售附屬公司之收入及開支於本集 團獲得控制權日起計入損益,直至本集 團不再控制該附屬公司為止。

(a) Basis of consolidation (Cont'd)

Subsidiaries (Cont'd)

Profit or loss and each item of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the Company and to the noncontrolling interests. Total comprehensive income and expense of subsidiaries is attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the noncontrolling interests having a deficit balance.

When necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies in line with the Group's accounting policies.

All intragroup assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

Non-controlling interests in subsidiaries are presented separately from the Group's equity therein, which represent present ownership interests entitling their holders to a proportionate share of net assets of the relevant subsidiaries upon liquidation.

(b) Investments accounted for using the equity method

An associate is an entity over which the Group has significant influence and that is neither a subsidiary nor an interest in a joint venture. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but is not control or joint control over those policies.

3. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(a) 綜合賬目基準(續)

附屬公司(續)

損益及各個其他全面收益項目歸屬於本 公司擁有人及非控股權益。附屬公司之 全面收益及支出總額歸屬於本公司擁有 人及非控股權益,即使此舉會導致非控 股權益結餘為負數。

在必要時,會對附屬公司財務報表予以 調整以使其會計政策與本集團會計政策 一致。

所有有關本集團成員之間之集團內資產 及負債、股本權益、收入、開支以及現 金流量交易已於綜合時全數對銷。

附屬公司之非控股權益與本集團之股本 權益分開呈列,即現時擁有權益可於相 關附屬公司清盤時讓其持有人有權按比 例分佔資產淨值。

(b) 以權益法入賬之投資

聯營公司為本集團對其擁有重大影響力 之公司,且不屬於附屬公司,亦不屬於 合資公司之權益。重大影響力指有權參 與接受投資方之財務及營運政策決定, 但並非對該等政策擁有控制權或共同控 制權。

(b) Investments accounted for using the equity method (Cont'd)

The results and assets and liabilities of associates are incorporated in the consolidated financial statements using the equity method of accounting, except when the investment, or a portion thereof, is classified as held for sale, in which case it is accounted for in accordance with HKFRS 5 "Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations". Under the equity method, an investment in an associate is initially recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognise the Group's share of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the associate. When the Group's share of losses of an associate exceeds the Group's interest in that associate (which includes any long-term interests that, in substance, form part of the Group's net investment in the associate), the Group discontinues recognising its share of further losses. Additional losses are recognised only to the extent that the Group has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate.

An investment in an associate is accounted for using the equity method from the date on which the investee becomes an associate. On acquisition of the investment in an associate, any excess of the cost of the investment over the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities of the investee is recognised as goodwill, which is included within the carrying amount of the investment. Any excess of the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities over the cost of the investment, after reassessment, is recognised immediately in profit or loss in the period in which the investment is acquired.

3. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(b) 以權益法入賬之投資(續)

聯營公司的業績以及資產及負債以會計 權益法於綜合財務報表入賬,惟當有關 投資或其中一部分已分類為持作出售, 則根據香港財務報告準則第5號「持作出 售之非流動資產及已終止經營業務」入 脹。根據權益法,於聯營公司的投資初 步按成本於綜合財務狀況報表確認,並 隨後就確認本集團攤佔該聯營公司的損 益及其他全面收益予以調整。當本集團 攤佔聯營公司之虧損超出本集團於該聯 營公司之權益(包括實質上成為本集團於 該聯營公司投資淨額一部分的任何長期 權益)時,本集團終止確認其攤佔的進一 步虧損。僅於本集團已產生法定或推定 責任,或已代表該聯營公司支付款項的 情況下,方會確認額外虧損。

於聯營公司之投資自接受投資方成為聯 營公司該日起以權益法入賬。收購於聯 營公司之投資時,投資成本超出本集團 攤佔接受投資方可識別資產及負債之公 平值淨值之任何差額確認為商譽,並計 入投資之賬面值。本集團攤佔可識別資 產及負債之公平值淨值超出投資成本之 任何差額,於重新評估後即時在收購該 投資期間於損益中確認。

(b) Investments accounted for using the equity method (Cont'd)

The Group assesses whether there is an objective evidence that the interest in an associate may be impaired. When any objective evidence exists, the entire carrying amount of the investment (including goodwill) is tested for impairment in accordance with HKAS 36 as a single asset by comparing its recoverable amount (higher of value-in-use and fair value less costs of disposal) with its carrying amount. Any impairment loss recognised is not allocated to any asset, including goodwill, that forms part of the carrying amount of the investment. Any reversal of that impairment loss is recognised in accordance with HKAS 36 to the extent that the recoverable amount of the investment subsequently increases.

When the Group ceases to have significant influence over an associate, it is accounted for as a disposal of the entire interest in the investee with a resulting gain or loss being recognised in profit or loss. When the Group retains an interest in the former associate and the retained interest is a financial asset within the scope of HKFRS 9 "Financial Instruments", the Group measures the retained interest at fair value at that date and the fair value is regarded as its fair value on initial recognition. The difference between the carrying amount of the associate and the fair value of any retained interest and any proceeds from disposing of the relevant interest in the associate is included in the determination of the gain or loss on disposal of the associate. In addition, the Group accounts for all amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to that associate on the same basis as would be required if that associate had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. Therefore, if a gain or loss previously recognised in other comprehensive income by that associate would be reclassified to profit or loss on the disposal of the related assets or liabilities, the Group reclassifies the gain or loss from equity to profit or loss (as a reclassification adjustment) upon disposal/partial disposal of the relevant associate.

When a group entity transacts with an associate of the Group, profits and losses resulting from the transactions with the associate are recognised in the consolidated financial statements only to the extent of interests in the associate that are not related to the Group.

3. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(b) 以權益法入賬之投資(續)

本集團評估是否出現聯營公司之權益可 能減值之客觀證據。當任何客觀證據存 在,投資(包括商譽)的賬面值悉數將會 根據香港會計準則第36號按單一資產進 行減值測試,方法為將其可收回金額(使 用價值與公平值減出售成本的較高者為 準)與其賬面值作比較。確認之任何減值 虧損不會分配至構成投資賬面值的一部 分之任何資產(包括商譽)。該減值虧損 之任何撥回根據香港會計準則第36號確 認,惟受隨後增加的可收回投資金額規 限。

當本集團對聯營公司不再擁有重大影響 力時,將按出售接受投資方全部權益計 算收益或虧損入賬並於損益中確認。當 本集團保留於前聯營公司之權益且該保 留權益為香港財務報告準則第9號「金融 工具」範圍內之金融資產,則本集團會於 該日按公平值計量保留權益,而該公平 值被視為於初步確認時之公平值。聯營 公司之賬面值與任何保留權益及出售聯 營公司相關權益時所得任何款項之公平 值之差額,會於釐定出售該聯營公司之 收益或虧損時入賬。此外,本集團會將 先前在其他全面收益就該聯營公司確認 之所有金額入賬,與猶如該聯營公司直 接出售相關資產或負債所需基準相同。 因此,倘該聯營公司先前在其他全面收 益確認之收益或虧損會於出售相關資產 或負債時重新分類至損益,本集團會於 出售/部分出售相關聯營公司時將收益 或虧損由股本權益重新分類至損益(作為 重新分類調整)。

當集團實體與本集團之聯營公司進行交 易時,與聯營公司交易所產生之溢利及 虧損僅於聯營公司之權益與本集團無關 時,方於綜合財務報表確認。

(c) Impairment losses (other than goodwill and intangible assets with indefinite useful lives)

At the end of the reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible assets and intangible assets with finite useful lives to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

When an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

(d) Investment properties and investment properties under construction

Investment properties are properties held to earn rental income and/or for capital appreciation including properties under construction for such purpose and land held for a currently undetermined future use.

Investment properties are initially measured at cost, including any directly attributable expenditure. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are measured at fair value, adjusted to exclude any prepaid or accrued operating lease income.

Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of investment properties are included in profit or loss for the period in which they arise.

Costs incurred for construction of investment properties under construction are capitalised as part of the carrying amount of the investment properties under construction. 3. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(c) 減值虧損(商譽及無限使用年期之無形資 產除外)

於報告期末,本集團會審視其有形資產 及其有限使用年期之無形資產之賬面 值,以釐定該等資產有否出現任何減值 虧損之跡象。倘資產之可收回金額估計 低於其賬面值,則該資產之賬面值會減 至其可收回金額。減值虧損則即時於損 益中確認。

當減值虧損於其後撥回時,資產之賬面 值會提高至經修訂之估計可收回金額, 惟所提高之賬面值不得超過在過往年度 未有就資產確認減值虧損之情況下應確 定之賬面值。減值虧損之撥回會即時於 損益中確認。

(d) 投資物業及興建中投資物業

投資物業為持作賺取租金收入及/或資 本增值用途之物業,包括作為該用途之 興建中物業及現時持有但未決定日後用 途之土地。

投資物業初步按成本(包括任何直接應佔 開支)計量。於初步確認後,投資物業按 公平值計量,並予以調整以撇除任何預 付或應計的經營租賃收入。

投資物業公平值變動所產生之收益或虧 損會於產生期間內計入損益。

興建中投資物業於建築時所產生之成本 會被資本化為興建中投資物業賬面值的 一部分。 NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註 For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Cont'd)

(d) Investment properties and investment properties under construction (Cont'd)

Leasehold land held for undetermined future use is regarded as held for capital appreciation purpose and classified as an investment property, and carried at fair value. Changes in fair value of the leasehold land are recognised directly in profit or loss for the period in which changes take place.

An investment property is derecognised upon disposal or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefits are expected from its disposal. Any gain or loss arising from derecognition of the property (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the property) is included in profit or loss for the period in which the property is derecognised.

An owner-occupied property is transferred from property, plant and equipment to investment properties at fair value when it is evidenced by the end of owner-occupation. The difference between the carrying amount and the fair value at the date of transfer is recognised in other comprehensive income and accounted for as a revaluation increase or decrease in accordance with HKAS 16 "Property, Plant and Equipment". On the subsequent sale or retirement of assets, the relevant revaluation reserve is transferred directly to retained profits.

3. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(d) 投資物業及興建中投資物業(續)

持有但未決定日後用途之租賃土地被視 為持作資本增值用途而分類為投資物 業,並以公平值列賬。租賃土地公平值 之變動於變動發生期間直接於損益中確 認。

投資物業於出售時或當該投資物業被永 久終止使用及預期由出售時起再無日後 經濟利益時取消確認。取消確認物業所 產生之任何收益或虧損(按出售所得款項 淨額與物業的賬面值差額計算)於取消確 認該物業期間內計入損益。

當業主自用之物業證實為終止由業主自 用時,該物業按公平值由物業、廠房及 設備轉撥至投資物業。於轉撥日賬面值 與公平值之差額將根據香港會計準則第 16號「物業、廠房及設備」以重估值增 加或減少入賬,並於其他全面收益中確 認。隨後在銷售或報廢資產時,有關重 估儲備將直接轉撥至保留溢利。

(e) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less subsequent accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Depreciation is provided to write off the cost of property, plant and equipment (other than freehold land and properties under development) over their estimated useful lives and after taking into account their estimated residual values, using the straightline method, at the following rates per annum:

3. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(e) 物業 · 廠房及設備

物業、廠房及設備按成本減隨後之累積 折舊及累積減值虧損(如有)列賬。

物業、廠房及設備(永久業權土地及發展 中物業除外)之折舊乃按其估計可使用年 期及估計剩餘價值以直線法計算,用以 撇銷成本,年折舊率如下:

Туре	Basis	種類	基準
Leasehold land	Over the remaining lives of the leases	租賃土地	按租約尚餘年期
Buildings	Over the shorter of the remaining unexpired period of the lease and 40 years	樓宇	按租約尚餘未屆滿 年期與四十年之 間較短者為準
Leasehold improvement	Over the shorter of the remaining unexpired period of lease terms and 6 years	租賃物業裝修	按租賃期限尚餘未 屆滿年期與六年 之間較短者為準
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	3 to 10 years	傢俬、裝置及 設備	三至十年
Yachts and motor vehicles	3 to 10 years	遊艇及車輛	三至十年

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising from derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in profit or loss in the period in which the asset is derecognised. 物業、廠房及設備於出售時或當繼續使 用資產預期不會產生日後經濟利益時取 消確認。取消確認資產所產生之任何收 益或虧損(按出售所得款項淨額與資產賬 面值之差額計算)於取消確認該資產期間 內計入損益。

(f) Stock of properties

Stock of properties including completed properties which are held-for-trading, is stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

The cost of completed properties held for sale is determined by apportionment of the total development costs, including borrowing costs capitalised, attributable to unsold units. Net realisable value is estimated by the management of the Group based on prevailing market conditions, which represents the estimated selling price less estimated costs to be incurred in selling the property.

The amount of any write-down of or provision for completed properties held for sale is recognised as an expense in the period when the write-down or loss occurs. The amount of any reversal of any write-down or provision, arising from an increase in net realisable value, is recognised as a reduction in the amount of completed properties held for sale recognised as an expense in the period in which the reversal occurs.

(g) Inventories

Inventories comprise finished goods and raw materials for cosmetics products, which are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost represents the invoiced cost of inventories. Costs are assigned to individual items on the weighted-average basis.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less applicable variable selling expenses.

(h) Intangible assets

Trading rights, exchange rights and trademark

Trading rights, gold and silver exchange rights and trademark are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and less any identified impairment loss. The amortisation period adopted for intangible assets is five years.

3. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(f) 物業存貨

持作買賣用途之物業存貨(包括落成物 業)乃按其成本及可變現淨值兩者中較低 者列賬。

持作出售之落成物業之成本乃按未售出 單位應佔發展成本總額(包括已資本化 之借貸成本)之比例釐定。可變現淨值乃 由本集團之管理層根據當時市況估算, 即估計售價減出售物業將產生之估計成 本。

持作出售之落成物業之任何減值或撥備 金額於產生減值或虧損期間內確認為開 支。可變現淨值增加導致撥回任何減值 或撥備之金額,於作出撥回期間內確認 為扣減持作出售之落成物業已確認為開 支之金額。

(g) 存貨

存貨包括化妝品之製成品及原材料,按 成本與可變現淨值兩者中之較低者列 賬。成本乃指存貨之發票成本。成本乃 按個別項目以加權平均法分配。

可變現淨值乃指在日常業務過程中之估 計售價減適用之可變銷售開支。

(h) 無形資產

買賣權、貿易權及商標

買賣權、金銀貿易權及商標乃按成本減 累積攤銷及任何已識別減值虧損列賬。 無形資產採納之攤銷期為五年。

(i) Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position when a group entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instruments. Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. A financial asset or financial liability (unless it is a trade receivable without a significant financing component) is initially measured at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL"), transaction costs that are directly attributable to its acquisition or issue. A trade receivable without a significant financing component is initially measured at the transaction price.

Financial assets

All recognised financial assets are subsequently measured in their entirety at either amortised cost or fair value, depending on the classification of the financial assets.

(i) Classification and subsequent measurement of financial assets

Financial assets that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at amortised cost (except for debt investments that are designated as at FVTPL on initial recognition):

- the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

3. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(i) 金融工具

當集團實體成為金融工具合約條文之一 方,則於綜合財務狀況報表確認金融資 產及金融負債。金融資產及金融負債初 步按公平值計量。就金融資產或金融負 債並非通過損益以反映公平值(「通過損 益以反映公平值」)(並無重大融資部分之 應收貿易賬項除外)而言,其計量初步按 公平值加上或扣減直接涉及其收購或發 行之交易成本。並無重大融資部分之應 收貿易賬項初步按交易價格計量。

金融資產

所有已確認之金融資產視乎金融資產之 分類而定,隨後整體按攤銷成本或公平 值計量。

(i) 金融資產分類及隨後之計量

符合下列條件之金融資產(除於初 步確認時被指定為通過損益以反 映公平值之債務投資外)隨後按攤 銷成本計量:

- 持有金融資產之業務模式以
 收取合約現金流量為目標:
 及
- 金融資產之合約條款於指定
 日期產生之現金流量,僅為
 支付本金及未償還本金金額
 之利息。

(i) Financial instruments (Cont'd)

Financial assets (Cont'd)

(i) Classification and subsequent measurement of financial assets (Cont'd)

Financial assets that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at FVTOCI:

- the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial asset; and
- the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

All other financial assets that are other than those categorised as amortised cost and FVTOCI above, are categorised as measured at FVTPL.

A financial asset is held-for-trading if:

- it has been acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the near term;
- on initial recognition it is a part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that the Group manages together and has a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
- it is a derivative that is not designated and effective as a hedging instrument.

In addition, the Group may irrevocably designate a financial asset that is required to be measured at the amortised cost or FVTOCI as measured at FVTPL if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch.

3. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(i) 金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

(i) 金融資產分類及隨後之計量(續)

符合下列條件之金融資產隨後按 通過其他全面收益以反映公平值 計量:

- 持有金融資產之業務模式以 收取合約現金流量及出售金 融資產為目標;及
- 金融資產之合約條款於指定 日期產生之現金流量,僅為 支付本金及未償還本金金額 之利息。

除以上分類為攤銷成本及通過其 他全面收益以反映公平值之金融 資產,所有其他金融資產分類為 通過損益以反映公平值計量。

金融資產乃持作買賣,倘若:

- 收購之主要目的為於短期內 出售;
- 於初步確認時,為本集團共
 同管理之已識別金融工具組
 合的一部分,且近期出現短
 期獲利之實際模式;或
- 並非被指定及不可有效作為 對沖之衍生工具。

此外,本集團可以不可撤銷地將 須按攤銷成本或通過其他全面收 益以反映公平值計量之金融資產 指定為通過損益以反映公平值計 量(倘若此舉可抵銷或大幅減低會 計錯配)。

(i) Financial instruments (Cont'd)

Financial assets (Cont'd)

- (i) Classification and subsequent measurement of financial assets (Cont'd)
 - (1) Amortised cost and effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a debt instrument and allocating interest income over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the debt instrument or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount at initial recognition.

Interest income is recognised using effective interest method for financial assets measured subsequently at amortised cost. Interest income is recognised in profit or loss and is included in revenue or investment income as appropriate. 3. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(i) 金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

- (i) 金融資產分類及隨後之計量(續)
 - (1) 攤銷成本及實際利率法

實際利率法為一種計算債務 工具攤銷成本及於有關期間 內分配利息收入之方法。實 際利率指就債務工具於預計 存續期或更短期間(如適用) 內將估計未來現金收入(包 括構成實際利率一部分之所 有已付或已收費用及差價、 交易成本及其他溢價或折 讓時賬面淨值之利率。

隨後按攤銷成本計量之金融 資產確認之利息收入乃採用 實際利率法計算。利息收入 於損益中確認及包括在收入 或投資收入(按適用情況而 定)內。

(i) Financial instruments (Cont'd)

Financial assets (Cont'd)

- (i) Classification and subsequent measurement of financial assets (Cont'd)
 - (2) Financial assets measured at FVTOCI

According to HKFRS 9, the Group may make an irrevocable election (on an instrument-byinstrument basis) to designate investments in equity instruments as at FVTOCI. Designation at FVTOCI is not permitted if the equity investment is held-for-trading. A financial asset is held-fortrading if it has been acquired principally for the purpose of selling it in the near term or it is a derivative that is not designated and effective as a hedging instrument.

Investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs. Subsequently, they are measured at fair value with gains and losses arising from changes in fair value recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the financial assets measured at FVTOCI reserve. Fair value is determined in the manner described in Note 5(c) to the consolidated financial statements.

Dividend income is recognised in profit or loss and is included in revenue.

The Group has designated all investments in equity instruments (listed or unlisted) that are not held-for-trading as at FVTOCI since the application of HKFRS 9. 3. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(i) 金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

- (i) 金融資產分類及隨後之計量(續)
 - (2) 通過其他全面收益以反映公平值計量之金融資產

通過其他全面收益以反映公 平值之股本工具投資初步按 公平值加上交易成本計量。 彼等值後按公平值計量,而 公平值變動而產生之收益中 構則於其通過主量、而 認反時為其他全面收益中確 以反儲備中累積。公平值按 綜合財務報表附註5(c)所述 之方式釐定。

股息收入於損益中確認及包 括在收入內。

自應用香港財務報告準則第 9號以來,本集團已指定所 有非持作買賣之股本工具投 資(上市或非上市)為通過其 他全面收益以反映公平值。

(i) Financial instruments (Cont'd)

Financial assets (Cont'd)

- (i) Classification and subsequent measurement of financial assets (Cont'd)
 - (3) Financial assets measured at FVTPL

Financial assets measured at FVTPL comprise derivatives that are not designated and effective as hedging instruments and club and corporate debentures.

Investments in equity instruments are classified as FVTPL, unless the Group designates such investment that is not held-for-trading as at FVTOCI on initial recognition (see (i)(2) above).

Debt instruments that do not meet the amortised cost and FVTOCI criteria (see above) are measured at FVTPL. In addition, debt instruments that meet the amortised cost criteria but are designated as at FVTPL are measured at FVTPL. A debt instrument may be designated as at FVTPL upon initial recognition if such designation eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency that would otherwise arise from measuring assets or liabilities or recognising the gains and losses on them on different bases. 3. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(i) 金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

- (i) 金融資產分類及隨後之計量(續)
 - (3)
 通過損益以反映公平值計量

 之金融資產

通過損益以反映公平值計量 之金融資產包括並非被指定 及不可有效作為對沖之衍生 工具以及會籍及公司債券。

股本工具投資分類為通過損益以反映公平值,除非本集 團於初步確認時指定該非持 作買賣之投資為通過其他全 面收益以反映公平值(見上 文(i)(2))。

(i) Financial instruments (Cont'd)

Financial assets (Cont'd)

- (i) Classification and subsequent measurement of financial assets (Cont'd)
 - (3) Financial assets measured at FVTPL (Cont'd)

Financial assets measured at FVTPL are measured at fair value at the end of the reporting period, with any gains or losses arising from remeasurement recognised in profit or loss. The net gain or loss recognised in profit or loss is included in investment income. Fair value is determined in the manner described in Note 5(c) to the consolidated financial statements.

Interest income on debt instruments at FVTPL is recognised in profit or loss and is included in revenue.

(ii) Impairment of financial assets

The Group performs impairment assessment under expected credit loss ("ECL") model on financial assets (including debtors, deposits and other receivables, securities trading receivables and deposits, pledged deposits, time deposits, bank balances and cash, and advances to associates/investee companies) which are subject to impairment assessment under HKFRS 9. The amount of ECL is updated at each reporting date to reflect changes in credit risk since initial recognition. 3. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(i) 金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

- (i) 金融資產分類及隨後之計量(續)
 - (3) 通過損益以反映公平值計量
 之金融資產(續)

通過損益以反映公平值計量 之金融資產於報告期末按公 平值計量,因重新計量而產 生之任何收益或虧損於損益 中確認。於損益中確認之收 益或虧損淨額包括在投資收 入內。公平值按綜合財務 報表附註5(c)所述之方式釐 定。

通過損益以反映公平值之債 務工具之利息收入於損益中 確認及包括在收入內。

(ii) 金融資產之減值

本集團根據香港財務報告準則第9 號就須作減值評估之金融資產(包 括應收賬項、按金及其他應收賬 項、應收證券交易賬項及存款、 抵押存款、定期存款、銀行結餘 及現金以及墊付聯營公司/接受 投資公司款項)按預期信貸虧損 (「預期信貸虧損」)模式進行減值評 估。預期信貸虧損的金額於各個 報告日期更新,以反映自初步確 認以來信貸風險的變化。

(i) Financial instruments (Cont'd)

Financial assets (Cont'd)

(ii) Impairment of financial assets (Cont'd)

Lifetime ECL represents the ECL that will result from all possible default events over the expected life of the relevant instrument. In contrast, 12-month ECL ("12m ECL") represents the portion of lifetime ECL that is expected to result from default events that are possible within 12 months after the end of the reporting period. Assessment is done based on the Group's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for factors that are specific to the debtors, general economic conditions and an assessment of both the current conditions at the reporting date as well as the forecast of future conditions.

The Group always recognises lifetime ECL for trade receivables. The ECL on these assets are assessed individually for significant balances or collectively using a provision matrix with appropriate groupings.

For all other instruments, the Group measures the loss allowance equal to 12m ECL, unless when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, the Group recognises lifetime ECL. The assessment of whether lifetime ECL should be recognised is based on significant increases in the likelihood or risk of a default occurring since initial recognition. 3. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(i) 金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

(ii) 金融資產之減值(續)

存續期預期信貸虧損乃指相關工 具於預期存續期內所有可能發生 之違約事件而導致之預期信貸虧 損。相反,十二個月預期信貸虧 損(「十二個月預期信貸虧損」)乃指 預期於報告期末後十二個月內可 能發生的違約事件而導致之存續 期預期信貸虧損部分。評估乃根 據本集團的過往信貸虧損經驗進 行,並根據債務人特有的因素、 一般經濟狀況以及對於報告日期 當前狀況及預測未來狀況的評估 作出調整。

本集團一直就應收貿易賬項確認 存續期預期信貸虧損。預期信貸 虧損乃就該等資產之重大結餘進 行個別評估,或使用適當歸類按 撥備矩陣進行共同評估。

對於所有其他工具,本集團計量 的虧損撥備相等於十二個月預期 信貸虧損,除非自初步確認以來 信貸風險大幅增加,則本集團確 認存續期預期信貸虧損。應否確 認存續期預期信貸虧損的評估乃 基於自初步確認以來發生違約之 可能性或風險大幅增加。 NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註 For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Cont'd)

(i) Financial instruments (Cont'd)

Financial assets (Cont'd)

(ii) Impairment of financial assets (Cont'd)

Significant increase in credit risk

In assessing whether the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the reporting date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the date of initial recognition. In making this assessment, the Group considers both quantitative and qualitative information that is reasonable and supportable, including historical experience and forward-looking information that is available without undue cost or effort.

In particular, the following information is taken into account when assessing whether credit risk has increased significantly:

- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the financial instrument's external (if available) or internal credit rating;
- significant deterioration in external market indicators of credit risk;
- existing or forecast adverse changes in business, financial or economic conditions that are expected to cause a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations;
- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the operating results of the debtor;
- an actual or expected significant adverse change in the regulatory, economic, or technological environment of the debtor that results in a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations.

3. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(i) 金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

(ii) 金融資產之減值(續)

信貸風險大幅增加

當評估金融工具之信貸風險是否 自初步確認以來大幅增加,本集 團將金融工具於報告日期發生違 約之風險與於初步確認日期之風 險作出比較。就作出此評估,本 集團考慮到合理及具理據之定量 及定性資料,包括過往經驗及無 須付出過多成本或努力後即可獲 得之前瞻性資料。

在評估信貸風險是否大幅增加 時,會特別考慮以下資料:

- 金融工具之外界(如有)或內 部信貸評級出現實際或預期 大幅轉差;
- 外部市場信貸風險指標大幅 轉差;
- 就業務、財務或經濟狀況之
 現有或預測不利變動預期將
 導致債務人履行其債務責任
 之能力遭到大幅削弱;
- 債務人之經營業績出現實際 或預期大幅倒退:
- 債務人之監管、經濟或技術 環境出現實際或預期重大不 利變動,導致債務人履行其 債務責任之能力遭到大幅削 弱。

(i) Financial instruments (Cont'd)

Financial assets (Cont'd)

(ii) Impairment of financial assets (Cont'd)

Significant increase in credit risk (Cont'd)

Irrespective of the outcome of the above assessment, the Group presumes that the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition when contractual payments are more than 30 days past due, unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information that demonstrates otherwise.

The Group regularly monitors the effectiveness of the criteria used to identify whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk and revises them as appropriate to ensure that the criteria are capable of identifying significant increase in credit risk before the amount becomes past due.

Definition of default

For internal credit risk management, the Group considers an event of default occurs when information developed internally or obtained from external sources indicates that the debtor is unlikely to pay its creditors, including the Group, in full.

Irrespective of the above, the Group considers that default has occurred when a financial asset is more than 90 days past due unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information to demonstrate that a more lagging default criterion is more appropriate. 3. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(i) 金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

(ii) 金融資產之減值(續)

信貸風險大幅增加(續)

不論上述評估結果如何,當合約 付款逾期超過30日,則本集團 假定信貸風險自初步確認以來已 大幅增加,除非本集團有合理及 具理據資料可作證明,則另作別 論。

本集團定期監察以識別信貸風險 曾否大幅增加的標準之成效,並 於適當時作出修訂,從而確保有 關標準能夠於款項逾期前識別信 貸風險大幅增加。

違約定義

就內部信貸風險管理而言,本集 團認為當內部產生或從外部來源 所得資料顯示,債務人不大可能 向其債權人(包括本集團)支付悉數 款項時,則出現違約事件。

無論上述如何,當金融資產逾期 超過90日,本集團即視作已發生 違約,除非本集團有合理及具理 據資料證明較寬鬆之違約標準更 為恰當,則另作別論。 NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註 For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Cont'd)

(i) Financial instruments (Cont'd)

Financial assets (Cont'd)

(ii) Impairment of financial assets (Cont'd)

Write-off policy

The Group writes off a financial asset when there is information indicating that the counterparty is in severe financial difficulty and there is no realistic prospect of recovery, for example, when the counterparty has been placed under liquidation or has entered into bankruptcy proceedings, or in the case of trade receivables, when the amounts are over one year past due, whichever occurs sooner, unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information to demonstrate a later period is more appropriate. Financial assets written off may still be subject to enforcement activities under the Group's recovery procedures, taking into account legal advice where appropriate. A write-off constitutes a derecognition event. Any subsequent recoveries are recognised in profit or loss.

Measurement and recognition of ECLs

The measurement of ECL is a function of the probability of default, loss given default (i.e. the magnitude of the loss if there is a default) and the exposure at default. The assessment of the probability of default and loss given default is based on historical data and forwardlooking information. Estimation of ECL reflects an unbiased and probability-weighted amount that is determined with the respective risks of default occurring as the weights. The Group uses a practical expedient in estimating ECL on trade receivables using a provision matrix taking into consideration historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking information that is available without undue cost or effort. 3. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(i) 金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

(ii) 金融資產之減值(續)

撇銷政策

當有資料顯示交易方陷入嚴重財 政困難,且並無可能實際收回款 項時(例如當交易方被清盤或進入 破產程序,或就應收貿易賬項而 言、當金額已逾期超過一年(以較 早發生者為準)),本集團會撇銷 金融資產,除非本集團有合理及 具理據資料證明較後期間更為恰 當,則另作別論。經考慮法律意 見後(倘合適),已撇銷的金融資產 仍可於本集團收回程序下被強制 執行。撇銷構成取消確認事件。 其後收回之任何款項於損益中確 認。

預期信貸虧損之計量及確認

預期信貸虧損之計量乃違約概 率、違約虧損(即違約時虧損大小 的幅度)及違約時風險之函數。違 約概率及違約虧損乃基於歷史數 貸虧損之估計反映無偏頗及概率 資虧損之估計反映無偏頗及概率 之金額,乃根據發生相關之 之加權數值而釐定。本期 貸虧損時應用實際權宜方法,經 考慮過名成本或努力後即可獲得之 前瞻性資料(經調整)按撥備矩陣作 出。

(i) Financial instruments (Cont'd)

Financial assets (Cont'd)

(ii) Impairment of financial assets (Cont'd)

Measurement and recognition of ECLs (Cont'd)

Generally, the ECL is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at the effective interest rate determined at initial recognition.

Credit-impaired financial assets

At each reporting date, the Group assesses on a forward-looking basis whether financial assets carried at amortised cost are credit-impaired. A financial asset is "credit-impaired" when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset have occurred.

Evidence that a financial asset is credit-impaired includes observable data of the following events:

- significant financial difficulty of the issuer or borrower;
- a breach of contract such as a default or past due event;
- the lender(s) of the borrower, for economic or contractual reasons relating to the borrower's financial difficulty, having granted to the borrower a concession(s) that the lender(s) would not otherwise consider; or
- it is becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation, or the disappearance of an active market for a security because of financial difficulties.

3. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(i) 金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

(ii) 金融資產之減值(續)

預期信貸虧損之計量及確認(續)

一般而言,預期信貸虧損為根據 合約應付予本集團之所有合約現 金流量與本集團預期收取之現金 流量之間的差額,按初步確認時 釐定之實際利率貼現。

信貸減值之金融資產

於各個報告日期,本集團以前瞻 性基準評估按攤銷成本列賬之金 融資產是否出現信貸減值。當發 生對金融資產之估計未來現金流 量有不利影響之一個或多個事件 時,金融資產出現「信貸減值」。

金融資產信貸減值之證據包括以 下事項之可觀察數據:

- 發行人或借款人出現嚴重財
 政困難;
- 違反合約,如違約或逾期事件;
- 向借款人作出貸款之貸款人 出於因借款人財政困難有關 之經濟或合約理由,給予借 款人在其他情況下不會作出 之寬免;或
- 借款人有可能進入破產或其 他財務重組,或因財政困難 而導致質押失去活躍市場。

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3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Cont'd)

(i) Financial instruments (Cont'd)

Financial assets (Cont'd)

(iii) Derecognition of financial assets

Financial assets are derecognised when the contractual rights to receive cash flows from the assets expire or, the financial assets are transferred and the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial assets to another entity.

On derecognition of a financial asset, except for an investment in equity instrument that is classified as FVTOCI, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable is recognised in profit or loss.

On derecognition of an investment in equity instrument that is classified as at FVTOCI, the cumulative gain or loss previously accumulated in the financial assets measured at FVTOCI reserve is not reclassified to profit or loss, but is transferred to retained profits.

Financial liabilities and equity instruments

(i) Classification and measurement

Financial liabilities and equity instruments issued by a group entity are classified as either financial liabilities or equity instruments according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

3. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(i) 金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

(iii) 金融資產之取消確認

當收取資產之現金流量的合約權 利到期,或金融資產被轉移及本 集團將該金融資產擁有權之絕大 部分風險及回報已轉移給另一個 實體時,則金融資產將被取消確 認。

除分類為通過其他全面收益以反 映公平值之股本工具投資外,於 取消確認金融資產時,該資產賬 面值與已收及應收代價之總和之 差額乃於損益中確認。

於取消確認被分類為通過其他全 面收益以反映公平值之股本工具 投資時,過往累積於通過其他全 面收益以反映公平值計量之金融 資產之儲備中之累計收益或虧損 不會重新分類至損益,但轉撥至 保留溢利。

金融負債及股本工具

- (i) 分類及計量
 - 集團實體發行之金融負債及股本 工具乃根據已訂立合約安排之本 質及金融負債與股本工具之定義 分類為金融負債或股本工具。

(i) Financial instruments (Cont'd)

Financial liabilities and equity instruments (Cont'd)

(i) Classification and measurement (Cont'd)

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Group after deducting all of its liabilities. The Group's financial liabilities are generally classified into (i) financial liabilities at FVTPL and (ii) other financial liabilities subsequently measured at amortised cost. The accounting policies adopted in respect of financial liabilities and equity instruments are set out below.

(1) Financial liabilities at FVTPL

Financial liabilities at FVTPL, representing those as held-for-trading, comprise derivatives that are not designated and effective as hedging instruments.

Financial liabilities at FVTPL are measured at fair value, with changes in fair value arising from remeasurement recognised directly in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

(2) Other financial liabilities subsequently measured at amortised cost and effective interest method

Other financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method. Interest expense that is not capitalised as part of costs of an asset is included in finance costs. 3. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(i) 金融工具(續)

金融負債及股本工具(續)

(i) 分類及計量(續)

股本工具為可證明於本集團之資 產經扣除其所有負債後之剩餘權 益之任何合約。本集團之金融負 債一般分類為(i)通過損益以反映 公平值之金融負債及(ii)隨後按攤 銷成本計量之其他金融負債。就 金融負債及股本工具而採納之會 計政策載列如下。

 (1)
 通過損益以反映公平值之金

 融負債

通過損益以反映公平值之金 融負債乃指持作買賣之金融 負債,包括非被指定及不可 有效作為對沖之衍生工具。

通過損益以反映公平值之金 融負債乃按公平值計量,因 重新計量而產生之公平值變 動於產生期間直接於損益中 確認。

(2) 隨後按攤銷成本計量之其他 金融負債及實際利率法

> 其他金融負債隨後乃採用實 際利率法按攤銷成本計量。 非資本化為資產之部分成本 的利息開支,已計入財務費 用。

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3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Cont'd)

(i) Financial instruments (Cont'd)

Financial liabilities and equity instruments (Cont'd)

- *(i) Classification and measurement (Cont'd)*
 - (2) Other financial liabilities subsequently measured at amortised cost and effective interest method (Cont'd)

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial liability and allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial liability or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount at initial recognition.

Interest expense is recognised using effective interest method for financial liabilities, other than those financial liabilities at FVTPL.

(3) Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the Company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Repurchase of the Company's own equity instruments is recognised and deducted directly in equity. No gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss on the purchase, sale, issue or cancellation of the Company's own equity instruments. 3. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(i) 金融工具(續)

金融負債及股本工具(續)

- (i) 分類及計量(續)
 - (2) 隨後按攤銷成本計量之其他 金融負債及實際利率法(續)

實際利率法為一種計算金融 負債攤銷成本及於有關期間 內分配利息開支之方法。實 際利率指就金融負債於預計 存續期或更短期間(如適用) 內將估訂要短期間(如適用) 內將估實際利率一部分之所 有已付或已收費用及差價、 交易成本及其他溢價或折 讓時賬面淨值之利率。

除分類為通過損益以反映公 平值之金融負債外,金融負 債確認之利息開支乃採用實 際利率法計算。

(3) 股本工具

本公司發行之股本工具按已 收所得款項扣除直接發行成 本入賬。

確認回購本公司之股本工具 於股本權益中直接扣除。於 購買、出售、發行或註銷本 公司之股本工具時並無收益 或虧損於損益中確認。

(i) Financial instruments (Cont'd)

Financial liabilities and equity instruments (Cont'd)

(ii) Derecognition/modification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the Group's obligation specified in the relevant contract is discharged, cancelled or expires. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in profit or loss.

Except for changes in the basis for determining the contractual cash flows as a result of interest rate benchmark reform in which the Group applies the practical expedient, when the contractual terms of a financial liability are modified, the Group assesses whether the revised terms result in a substantial modification from original terms taking into account all relevant facts and circumstances including qualitative factors. If qualitative assessment is not conclusive, the Group considers that the terms are substantially different if the discounted present value of the cash flows under the new terms, including any fees paid net of any fees received, and discounted using the original effective interest rate, is at least 10% different from the discounted present value of the remaining cash flows of the original financial liability. Accordingly, such modification of terms is accounted for as an extinguishment, any costs or fees incurred are recognised as part of the gain or loss on the extinguishment. The exchange or modification is considered as non-substantial modification when such difference is less than 10%.

For non-substantial modifications of financial liabilities that do not result in derecognition, the carrying amount of the relevant financial liabilities will be calculated at the present value of the modified contractual cash flows discounted at the financial liabilities' original effective interest rate. Transaction costs or fees incurred are adjusted to the carrying amount of the modified financial liabilities and are amortised over the remaining term. Any adjustment to the carrying amount of the financial liability is recognised in profit or loss at the date of modification. 3. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(i) 金融工具(續)

金融負債及股本工具(續)

(ii) 取消確認/修改金融負債

當本集團相關合約之特定責任獲 解除、取消或到期時,金融負債 將被取消確認。取消確認之金融 負債賬面值與已付及應付代價之 差額乃於損益中確認。

除本集團因利率基準改革而導致 合約現金流量之釐定基準變動而 應用實際權宜方法外,當金融負 **債合約條款被修改時**,本集團會 考慮包括定性因素在內的所有相 關事實和情況而評估經修改之條 款有否導致原有條款出現重大修 改。倘定性評估並無結論,本集 團認為倘新條款下現金流量之貼 現現值(包括任何已付費用減任何 已收費用, 並用原有實際利率貼 現)與原有金融負債剩餘現金流量 之貼現現值相差至少10%,則條 款存在重大差異。因此,該等條 款修改被視為終止確認,所產生 之任何成本或費用均確認為終止 確認收益或虧損之一部分。當該 差額低於10%時,交換或修改會 被視為非重大修改。

對於不導致取消確認金融負債之 非重大修改,相關金融負債販面 值將按照經修改之合約現金流量 按金融負債原有實際利率貼現之 現值計算。所產生之交易成本或 費用已就經修改之金融負債之賬 面值作出調整,並按尚餘期內攤 銷。金融負債賬面值之任何調整 於修改當日於損益中確認。

(i) Financial instruments (Cont'd)

Derivative financial instruments

Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value at the date a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured to their fair value at the end of the reporting period. The resulting gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately.

A derivative is presented as a non-current asset or non-current liability if the remaining maturity of the instrument is more than 12 months and it is not due to be realised or settled within 12 months. Other derivatives are presented as current assets or current liabilities.

Financial guarantee contract

A financial guarantee contract is a contract that requires the issuer to make specified payments to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because a specified debtor fails to make payment when due in accordance with the original or modified terms of a debt instrument. Financial guarantee contract liabilities are measured initially at their fair values and, if not designated as at FVTPL and do not arise from a transfer of an asset, are measured subsequently at the higher of:

- the amount of the loss allowance determined in accordance with HKFRS 9 (see financial assets above); and
- the amount initially recognised less, where appropriate, the cumulative amortisation recognised over the guarantee period.

3. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(i) 金融工具(續)

衍生金融工具

衍生工具初步按衍生工具合約簽訂當日 之公平值確認,隨後按彼等於報告期末 之公平值重新計量。所產生之收益或虧 損即時於損益中確認。

倘衍生工具之剩餘到期日超逾十二個月 且不會在十二個月內變現或結算,則該 衍生工具呈列為非流動資產或非流動負 債。其他衍生工具以流動資產或流動負 債呈列。

財務擔保合約

財務擔保合約因指定債務人未能按債務 工具之原有或經修改之條款如期付款 時,要求發行人須支付指定金額予持有 人以補償其所蒙受損失之合約。財務擔 保合約負債初步按彼等公平值計量,及 倘彼等並非被指定為通過損益以反映公 平值,且並非因資產轉讓而產生,則隨 後按較高者計量:

- 根據香港財務報告準則第9號而釐 定虧損撥備之金額(見上文金融資 產);及
- 以初步確認之金額減於擔保期間 確認之累計攤銷(如適用)。

(j) Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and demand deposits, and short term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash, are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and have a short maturity of generally within three months when acquired, less bank overdrafts which are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management.

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of financial position, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and at banks, including term deposits, and assets similar in nature to cash, which are not restricted as to use.

(k) Revenue recognition

The Group recognises revenue when (or as) a performance obligation is satisfied, i.e. when "control" of the goods or services underlying the particular performance obligation is transferred to the customer.

A performance obligation represents a good or service (or a bundle of goods or services) that is distinct or a series of distinct goods or services that are substantially the same.

Control is transferred over time and revenue is recognised over time by reference to the progress towards complete satisfaction of the relevant performance obligation if one of the following criteria is met:

- the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the Group's performance as the Group performs;
- the Group's performance creates and enhances an asset that the customer controls as the Group performs; or
- the Group's performance does not create an asset with an alternative use to the Group and the Group has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

3. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(j) 現金及現金等值項目

就綜合現金流量表而言,現金及現金等 值項目包括手頭現金及活期存款,以 及流動性高、易轉換成已知現金金額之 短期投資,承受很小價值變動風險,且 到期日短(通常為購買時之三個月內到 期),減按要求償還之銀行透支,作為本 集團現金管理組成之一部分。

就綜合財務狀況報表而言,現金及現金 等值項目包含手頭現金及銀行存款,包 括定期存款,以及性質與現金相若且用 途不受限制的資產。

(k) 收入確認

本集團之履約責任當(或已)獲履行時確 認收入,即當與特定履約責任相關之貨 品或服務之「控制權」轉讓予客戶時。

履約責任指可分別之貨品或服務(或一組 貨品或服務)或一系列大致相同之可分別 之貨品或服務。

倘符合以下其中一項標準,則控制權於 一段時間內轉移,而收入則參照完全履 行相關履約責任之進展情況而於一段時 間內確認:

- 於本集團履約時,客戶同時取得
 並耗用本集團之履約所提供的利益;
- 本集團之履約產生及提升資產, 而該項資產於本集團履約時由客
 戶控制;或
- 本集團之履約並未產生讓本集團 有替代用途之資產,且本集團對 至今已完成履約之付款具有可強 制執行權利。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 综合財務報表附註 For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Cont'd)

(k) Revenue recognition (Cont'd)

Otherwise, revenue is recognised at a point in time when the customer obtains control of the distinct good or service.

A contract asset represents the Group's right to consideration in exchange for goods or services that the Group has transferred to a customer that is not yet unconditional. It is assessed for impairment in accordance with HKFRS 9. In contrast, a receivable represents the Group's unconditional right to consideration.

A contract liability represents the Group's obligation to transfer goods or services to a customer for which the Group has received consideration (or an amount of consideration is due) from the customer.

A contract asset and a contract liability relating to a contract are accounted for and presented on a net basis.

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable.

Rental income, including rental invoiced in advance from properties under operating leases, is recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease.

Building management fee income, property management services income and management fee income are recognised in accordance with terms of respective agreements over the relevant period in which the services are rendered. Revenue from provision of building and property management services is recognised over time as the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefit provided by the Group's performance as the Group performs.

Sales of securities investments are recognised on a trade date basis.

Brokerage income on dealings in securities and futures contracts is recognised at the point in time when the relevant contract notes are executed.

3. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(k) 收入確認(續)

否則,收入於客戶取得可分別之貨品或 服務控制權之時點確認。

合約資產指本集團就換取本集團已向客 戶轉讓之貨品或服務而收取代價之權 利,而該權利尚未成為無條件,須根據 香港財務報告準則第9號作減值評估。 相反,應收款項指本集團收取代價之權 利成為無條件。

合約負債指本集團因已向客戶收取代價 (或已到期之代價金額),而須向客戶轉 讓貨品或服務之責任。

與合約有關之合約資產及合約負債以淨 額入賬及呈列。

收入乃按已收或應收代價之公平值計 量。

租金收入包括就營業租約物業預先開出 發票之租金,乃按有關租約年期以直線 法於損益中確認。

樓宇管理費收入、物業管理服務收入及 管理費收入乃就提供服務之相關期間按 有關協議之條款確認。提供樓宇及物業 管理服務之收入於一段時間內確認,乃 因於本集團履約時,客戶同時取得並耗 用本集團之履約所提供的利益。

出售證券投資按買賣日期基準確認。

買賣證券及期貨合約之經紀收入於執行 有關成交單據之時點確認。

(k) Revenue recognition (Cont'd)

Dividend income from investments is recognised when the Group's right to receive payment has been established.

Revenue from sales of cosmetics products is recognised at the point in time when goods are delivered and titles have been passed.

Interest income from a financial asset is accrued on a time basis by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount at initial recognition.

(I) Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit before tax as reported in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

3. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(k) 收入確認(續)

投資之股息收入乃於本集團收取款項之 權利確立時確認。

化妝品銷售所得收入於交付貨品及轉移 所有權之時點確認。

金融資產之利息收入乃就本金結餘按適 用實際利率及時間比例計算。有關利率 指就金融資產於預計存續期內將估計未 來現金收入準確地貼現至於初步確認時 資產賬面淨值之利率。

(I) 税項

所得税開支指當期應付税項及遞延税項 之總和。

當期應付税項按年度應課税溢利計算。 應課税溢利與綜合全面收益報表所報 之除税前溢利不同,此乃由於其不包括 在其他年度應課税之收入或可扣減之開 支,亦不包括永不課税或扣減之項目。 本集團之當期税項負債於報告期末以已 頒布或實質頒布之税率計算。

(I) Taxation (Cont'd)

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit and at the time of the transaction does not give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the assets to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset is realised. Current and deferred tax are recognised in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively. Where current tax or deferred tax arises from the initial accounting for a business combination, the tax effect is included in the accounting for the business combination.

3. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(I) 税項(續)

遞延税項按綜合財務報表內資產及負債 之賬面值與用於計算應課税溢利之相關 税基兩者之暫時差異確認。遞延税項負 債通常會就所有應課税暫時差異確認, 遞延税項資產通常會就所有可扣減暫時 差異(惟限於日後有可能取得應課税溢 利,而該等可扣減暫時差異可用以抵銷 時)確認。若暫時差異因商譽或來自在交 易(業務合併除外)中對其他資產或負債 之初步確認而產生,而不影響應課税溢 利或會計溢利,且在交易時不會產生相 等之應課税及可扣減暫時差異,則不會 確認該等遞延税項資產及負債。

本集團會就於附屬公司及聯營公司之投 資之有關應課税暫時差異確認遞延税項 負債,惟本集團有能力控制暫時差異之 撥回及暫時差異不大可能於可見將來撥 回則另作別論。

遞延税項資產之賬面值於各報告期末均 作檢討,並在不大可能再有足夠應課税 溢利收回全部或部分資產時減少。

遞延税項資產及負債乃按於償還負債或 變現資產期間所預期之適用税率計量。 當期税項及遞延税項會於損益中確認, 惟當相關項目於其他全面收益或直接於 股本權益中確認,在此情況下,其當期 税項及遞延税項亦會分別於其他全面收 益或直接於股本權益中確認。若當期税 項或遞延税項乃因業務合併初步入賬而 產生,其税務影響會納入業務合併之會 計處理中。

(I) Taxation (Cont'd)

For leasing transactions in which the tax deductions are attributable to the lease liabilities, the Group applies HKAS 12 "Income Taxes" requirements to right-of-use assets and lease liabilities separately. Temporary differences arising from subsequent revision to the carrying amounts of right-of-use assets and lease liabilities, resulting from remeasurement of lease liabilities and lease modifications, that are not subject to initial recognition exemption are recognised on the date of remeasurement or modification.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities, and when they relate to income taxes levied to the same taxable entity by the same taxation authority and the entity intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

(m) Leasing

Definition of lease

A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

For contracts entered into or modified or arising from business combinations on or after the date of initial application, the Group assesses whether a contract is or contains a lease based on the definition under HKFRS 16 at inception, modification date or acquisition date, as appropriate. Such contract will not be reassessed unless the terms and conditions of the contract are subsequently changed.

3. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(I) 税項(續)

就源自租賃負債之税項扣減之租賃交易 而言,本集團分別對使用權資產及租賃 負債應用香港會計準則第12號「所得税」 之規定。因重新計量租賃負債及租賃修 改而導致使用權資產及租賃負債的賬面 值在後續修訂產生之暫時差異,由於初 步確認豁免並不適用,因此於重新計量 或修改日期確認。

當出現可依法執行之權利將當期税項資 產與當期税項負債抵銷,並且涉及同一 税務當局向同一應課税實體徵收之所得 税,而該實體打算支付其當期税項資產 及負債之淨額,遞延税項資產及負債可 予以抵銷。

(m) 租賃

租賃之定義

倘合約為賦予已識別資產在一段期間內 之使用控制權以換取代價,則該合約為 租賃或包含租賃。

就於首次應用日期或之後訂立或修改或 自業務合併所產生之合約而言,本集團 於開始、修改日期或收購日期(如適用) 根據香港財務報告準則第16號項下之定 義,評估合約是否為租賃或包含租賃。 除非合約之條款及條件隨後發生變動, 否則將不會重新評估有關合約。

(m) Leasing (Cont'd)

The Group as lessee

Allocation of consideration to components of a contract

For a contract that contains a lease component and one or more additional lease or non-lease components, the Group allocates the consideration in the contract to each lease component on the basis of the relative stand-alone price of the lease component and the aggregate stand-alone price of the non-lease components.

Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets

The Group applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to short-term leases of assets (i.e. those leases that have a lease term of twelve months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option). The Group also applies the lease of low-value assets recognition exemption to lease of office equipment that are considered as low value. Lease payments on short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognised as expenses on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Right-of-use assets

The Group recognises right-of-use assets at the commencement date of the lease (i.e. the date which the underlying asset is available for use). Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognised, initial direct costs incurred, estimated costs to be incurred by the lessee in restoring the underlying asset to the condition required by the terms and conditions of the lease, and lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received. Unless the Group is reasonably certain to obtain ownership of the leased asset at the end of the lease term, the recognised right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straightline basis over the shorter of its estimated useful life and the lease term. Right-of-use assets are subject to impairment.

The Group presents right-of-use assets as a separate line item in the consolidated statement of financial position.

3. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(m) 租賃(續)

本集團為承租人

分配合約代價之組成部分

對於包含一項租賃組成部分及一項或多 項額外的租賃或非租賃組成部分之合 約,本集團根據租賃組成部分之相對單 獨價格及非租賃組成部分之單獨價格總 和將合約代價分配至各個租賃組成部 分。

短期租賃及低價值資產租賃

本集團將短期租賃確認豁免應用於短期 租賃之資產(即該等自租賃開始日期起計 租期為十二個月或以下且不包含購買選 擇權之租賃)。本集團亦將低價值資產租 賃確認豁免應用於被認為低價值之辦公 室設備租賃。短期租賃及低價值資產租 賃之租賃付款於租期內以直線法確認為 開支。

使用權資產

本集團於租賃開始日期(即相關資產可供 使用日期)確認使用權資產。使用權資 產按成本減任何累積折舊及減值虧損計 量,並就任何重新計量租賃負債作出調 整。使用權資產成本包括已確認租賃負 債金額、已產生初步直接成本、承租人 將相關資產還原至租賃條款及條件要求 之狀況所產生之估計成本,以及於開始 日期或之前已作出之租賃付款減任何已 收租賃優惠。除非本集團合理地確定於 租期結束時取得租賃資產擁有權,否則 已確認使用權資產於其估計可使用年期 及租期(以較短者為準)按直線法計算折 舊。使用權資產須予以減值。

本集團將使用權資產於綜合財務狀況報 表中以單獨項目呈列。

(m) Leasing (Cont'd)

The Group as lessee (Cont'd)

Refundable rental deposits

Refundable rental deposits paid are accounted for under HKFRS 9 and initially measured at fair value. Adjustments to fair value at initial recognition are considered as additional lease payments and included in the cost of right-of-use assets.

Lease liabilities

At the commencement date of a lease, the Group recognises lease liabilities measured at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Group uses the incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date if the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable.

The lease payments include:

- fixed payments (including in-substance fixed lease payments) less any lease incentives receivable;
- variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date;
- amounts expected to be payable by the Group under residual value guarantees;
- the exercise price of a purchase option if the Group is reasonably certain to exercise the option; and
- payments of penalties for terminating a lease, if the lease term reflects the Group exercising an option to terminate the lease.

After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. 3. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(m) 租賃(續)

本集團為承租人(續)

可退還租金按金

已付之可退還租金按金乃根據香港財務 報告準則第9號入賬及初步按公平值計 量。初步確認時對公平值作出之調整被 視作額外租賃付款並包含在使用權資產 成本中。

租賃負債

於租賃開始日期,本集團確認以現值計 量租期內作出之租賃付款為租賃負債。 於計算租賃付款之現值時,倘租賃之隱 含利率不易釐定,則本集團使用租賃開 始日期之遞增借貸利率計算。

租賃付款包括:

- 定額付款(含實質定額租賃付款)減
 任何應收租賃優惠;
- 取決於一項指數或利率之可變租 賃付款,初步計量時使用開始日 期之指數或利率;
- 本集團根據擔保剩餘價值下預期 應付金額;
- 購買選擇權之行使價,倘本集團 合理地確定行使選擇權;及
- 倘租賃條款反映本集團行使終止
 租賃之選擇權而支付終止租賃之
 罰款。

於開始日期後,租賃負債金額增加反映 利息之增加,減少則為租賃付款所致。

(m) Leasing (Cont'd)

The Group as lessee (Cont'd)

Lease liabilities (Cont'd)

The Group remeasures lease liabilities (and makes a corresponding adjustment to the related right-of-use assets) whenever:

- change in the lease term or change in the assessment of exercise of a purchase option to purchase the underlying asset, in which case the related lease liability is remeasured by discounting the revised lease payments using a revised discount rate at the date of reassessment;
- change in lease payments arising from change in an index or rate or expected payment under a guaranteed residual value, in which cases the related lease liability is remeasured by discounting the revised lease payments using the initial discount rate.

The Group presents lease liabilities as a separate line item in the consolidated statement of financial position.

The Group as lessor

Rental income from operating leases is recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease.

3. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(m) 租賃(續)

本集團為承租人(續)

租賃負債(續)

倘出現以下情況,本集團重新計量租賃 負債(並就相關使用權資產作出相應調 整):

- 租期之變動或購買相關資產之行 使購買選擇權之評估發生變化, 在該情況下,於重新評估日期, 使用經修訂貼現率貼現經修訂租 賃付款重新計量有關租賃負債;
- 若租賃付款因一項指數或利率變 動或擔保剩餘價值下預期付款變 動而出現變動,則使用初步之貼 現率貼現經修訂租賃付款重新計 量有關租賃負債。

本集團將租賃負債於綜合財務狀況報表 中以單獨項目呈列。

本集團為出租人

營業租約之租金收入會按有關租約期間 以直線法於損益中確認。

(m) Leasing (Cont'd)

The Group as lessor (Cont'd)

Lease modification

Changes in considerations of lease contracts that were not part of the original terms and conditions are accounted for as lease modifications, including lease incentives provided through forgiveness or reduction of rentals.

Operating leases

The Group accounts for a modification to an operating lease as a new lease from the effective date of the modification, considering any prepaid or accrued lease payments relating to the original lease as part of the lease payments for the new lease.

(n) Foreign currencies

In preparing the financial statements of each individual group entity, transactions in currencies other than the functional currency of that entity (foreign currencies) are recorded at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At the end of the reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. When a fair value gain or loss on a non-monetary item is recognised in profit or loss, any exchange component of that gain or loss is also recognised in profit or loss. When a fair value gain or loss on a non-monetary item is recognised in other comprehensive income, any exchange component of that gain or loss is also recognised in other comprehensive income. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in foreign currencies are not retranslated.

3. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(m) 租賃(續)

本集團為出租人(續)

租賃修改

對不屬於租賃合約內原始條款及條件之 代價變更,將作為租賃修改處理,包括 透過減免或減少租金提供租賃優惠。

營業租賃

本集團自修改生效日起將營業租賃之修 訂作為新租約入賬,並將與原租約相關 之任何預付或應計租賃款項視為新租約 之租賃款項之一部分。

(n) 外幣

在編製個別集團實體之財務報表時,以 實體功能貨幣以外之貨幣(外幣)進行之 交易按交易日通用之匯率入賬。於報 告期末,以外幣計值之貨幣項目以報告 期末當日通用之匯率重新換算。當非貨 幣項目之公平值收益或虧損於損益中確 認,該收益或虧損之任何匯兑部分亦會 於損益中確認。以外幣計值並公平值 机益或虧損之任何匯兑部分亦會於其他 全面收益中確認。以外幣計值並按公平 值列賬之非貨幣項目以釐定公平值當日 通用之匯率重新換算。以外幣計值並以 歷史成本計量之非貨幣項目不會重新換 算。

(n) Foreign currencies (Cont'd)

Exchange differences arising from the settlement of monetary items, and on the translation of monetary items, are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise, except for exchange differences arising from a monetary item that forms part of the Company's net investment in a foreign operation, in which case, the exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income and will be reclassified from equity to profit or loss on disposal of the foreign operation.

For the purposes of presenting the consolidated financial statements, the assets and liabilities of the Group's foreign operations are translated into the presentation currency of the Group (i.e. HK\$) using the exchange rate prevailing at the end of each reporting period. Income and expense items are translated at the average exchange rates for the period, unless exchange rates fluctuate significantly during that period, in which case, the exchange rates at the dates of transactions are used. Exchange differences arising, if any, are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the translation reserve. Such exchange differences are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which the foreign operation is disposed of.

On the disposal of a foreign operation (i.e. a disposal of the Group's entire interest in a foreign operation, or a disposal involving loss of control over a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation, or a disposal involving loss of significant influence over an associate that includes a foreign operation), all of the exchange differences accumulated in the translation reserve in respect of that operation attributable to the owners of the Company are reclassified to profit or loss.

3. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(n) 外幣(續)

結算貨幣項目及換算貨幣項目時產生之 匯兑差額於產生期間在損益中確認,惟 貨幣項目構成本公司之境外業務淨投資 一部分而產生之匯兑差額則於其他全面 收益中確認,並在出售境外業務時,從 股本權益重新分類至損益。

為呈列綜合財務報表,本集團境外業務 之資產及負債均以各報告期末之通用匯 率換算為本集團之呈列貨幣(即港元)。 收入及開支項目則以期間之平均匯率予 以換算。惟倘匯率於期間內波動很大, 在此情況下則以交易日之匯率換算。所 產生之匯兑差額(如有)於其他全面收益 中確認並累積於匯兑儲備中。該等匯兑 差額於該境外業務出售期間於損益中確 認。

於出售境外業務(即出售本集團於境外業 務之全部權益,或出售涉及失去對擁有 境外業務之附屬公司之控制權,或出售 涉及失去對擁有境外業務之聯營公司之 重大影響力)時,就本公司擁有人應佔該 業務於匯兑儲備累積之所有匯兑差額重 新分類至損益。

(o) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets. Capitalisation of such borrowing costs ceases when the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

(p) Retirement benefit costs

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are recognised as expenses when employees have rendered service entitling them to the contributions.

For defined benefit retirement benefit plans including the long service payment ("LSP") under the Hong Kong Employment Ordinance, the cost of providing benefits is determined using the projected unit credit method, with actuarial valuations being carried out at the end of each annual reporting period. In determining the present value of the Group's defined benefit obligations and the related current service cost and, where applicable, past service cost, the Group attributes benefit to periods of service under the plan's benefit formula. However, if an employee's service in later years will lead to a materially higher level of benefit than earlier years, the Group attributes the benefit on a straight-line basis from:

- (a) the date when service by the employee first leads to benefits under the plan (whether or not the benefits are conditional on further service) until
- (b) the date when further service by the employee will lead to no material amount of further benefits under the plan, other than from further salary increases.

3. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(o) 借貸成本

就必須以長時間預備擬定用途或銷售之 合資格資產,於購買、興建或製造時之 直接應佔借貸成本將計入為該等資產之 成本。當該等資產實質上達至擬定用途 或可供銷售時,借貸成本便不再作資本 化。

所有其他借貸成本於產生期間於損益中 確認。

(p) 退休福利成本

界定供款退休福利計劃之供款於僱員提 供服務以有權取得供款時確認為開支。

就界定福利退休福利計劃(包括香港僱傭 條例下之長期服務金(「長期服務金」))而 言,提供福利之成本乃使用預計單位積 分法,並於各年度報告期末進行精算估 值而釐定。在釐定本集團界定福利責任 之現值及相關當前服務成本以及(如適 用)過去服務成本時,本集團根據計劃福 利公式將福利歸屬至服務年期。然而, 倘僱員於往後年度之服務將導致福利水 平顯著高於過往年度,本集團則按直線 法自以下期間開始分配福利:

- (a) 僱員提供之服務首次產生計劃下 福利當日(不論福利是否以繼續服 務為條件),直至
- (b) 僱員繼續提供之服務將不再產生 計劃下重大金額之進一步福利(進 一步加薪除外)當日。

(p) Retirement benefit costs (Cont'd)

Remeasurement, comprising actuarial gains and losses, the effect of the changes to the asset ceiling (if applicable) and the return on plan assets (excluding interest), is reflected immediately in the consolidated statement of financial position with a charge or credit recognised in other comprehensive income in the period in which they occur. Remeasurement recognised in other comprehensive income is reflected immediately in retained earnings and will not be reclassified to profit or loss.

Past service cost is recognised in profit or loss in the period of a plan amendment or curtailment and a gain or loss on settlement is recognised when settlement occurs. When determining past service cost, or a gain or loss on settlement, an entity shall remeasure the net defined benefit liability or asset using the current fair value of plan assets and current actuarial assumptions, reflecting the benefits offered under the plan and the plan assets before and after the plan amendment, curtailment or settlement, without considering the effect of asset ceiling (i.e. the present value of any economic benefits available in the form of refunds from the plan or reductions in future contributions to the plan).

Net interest is calculated by applying the discount rate at the beginning of the period to the net defined benefit liability or asset. However, if the Group remeasures the net defined benefit liability or asset before plan amendment, curtailment or settlement, the Group determines net interest for the remainder of the annual reporting period after the plan amendment, curtailment or settlement using the benefits offered under the plan and the plan assets after the plan amendment, curtailment or settlement and the discount rate used to remeasure such net defined benefit liability or asset, taking into account any changes in the net defined benefit liability or benefit liability or asset during the period resulting from contributions or benefit payments.

3. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(p) 退休福利成本(續)

重新計量(包括精算收益及虧損、資產上 限變動之影響(如適用)及計劃資產之回 報(不包括利息)),乃即時於綜合財務狀 況報表內反映,而計入或撥回在產生期 間於其他全面收益中確認。於其他全面 收益中確認之重新計量於保留溢利內即 時反映且不會重新分類至損益。

過往服務成本於計劃修訂或縮減期間於 損益中確認,而結算收益或虧損於結算 發生時確認。當釐定過往服務成本或結 算收益或虧損時,實體應使用計劃資產 之當前公平值及當前精算假設重新計量 界定福利負債或資產淨值,以反映計劃 下提供之福利及計劃修訂、縮減或結算 前後之計劃資產,當中並不考慮資產上 限(即從計劃收回款項或對計劃的未來供 款扣減之形式而獲得的任何經濟利益之 現值)之影響。

利息淨額按期初界定福利負債或資產淨 值之貼現率計算。然而,倘本集團於計 劃修訂、縮減或結算前重新計量界定福 利負債或資產淨值,本集團將使用計劃 所提供之福利及於計劃修訂、縮減或結 算後会計劃資產釐定計劃修訂、縮減或結 算後餘下年度報告期間之利息淨額以 及重新計量該界定福利負債或資產淨值 所使用之貼現率,並計及期內因供款或 福利支付而產生之界定福利負債或資產 淨值之任何變動。

(p) Retirement benefit costs (Cont'd)

Defined benefit costs are categorised as follows:

- service cost (including current service cost, past service cost, as well as gains and losses on curtailments and settlements);
- net interest expense or income; and
- remeasurement.

The retirement benefit obligation recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position represents the actual deficit or surplus in the Group's defined benefit plans. Any surplus resulting from this calculation is limited to the present value of any economic benefits available in the form of refunds from the plans or reductions in future contributions to the plans.

Discretionary contributions made by employees or third parties reduce service cost upon payment of these contributions to the plan.

When the formal terms of the plans specify that there will be contributions from employees or third parties, the accounting depends on whether the contributions are linked to service, as follows:

- If the contributions are not linked to services (for example contributions are required to reduce a deficit arising from losses on plan assets or from actuarial losses), they are reflected in the remeasurement of the net defined benefit liability or asset.
- If the contributions are linked to services, they reduce service cost. For the amount of contribution that is dependent on the number of years of service, the Group reduces service cost by attributing the contributions to periods of service using the attribution method required by HKAS 19 "Employee Benefits" paragraph 70 for the gross benefits. For the amount of contribution that is independent of the number of years of service, the Group reduces service cost in the period in which the related service is rendered.

3. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(p) 退休福利成本(續)

界定福利成本分類如下:

- 服務成本(包括當前服務成本、過 往服務成本、以及縮減和結算之 收益及虧損);
- 利息支出或收入淨額;及
- 重新計量。

於綜合財務狀況報表內確認之退休福利 責任指本集團之界定福利計劃之實際虧 絀或盈餘。以此計算產生之任何盈餘只 限於從該等計劃收回款項或對該等計劃 的未來供款扣減之形式而獲得的任何經 濟利益之現值。

僱員或第三方之酌情供款於向計劃支付 該等供款時減少服務成本。

當該等計劃之正式條款列明僱員或第三 方需要供款時,會計之處理取決於供款 是否與服務有關,如下:

- 倘供款與服務無關(例如需要供款 以減少計劃資產虧損或精算虧損 所導致之虧絀),則供款於重新計 量界定福利負債或資產淨值中反 映。
- 倘供款與服務有關,則可減少服務成本。就取決於服務年期之供款金額,本集團透過使用香港會計準則第19號「僱員福利」第70段所規定有關福利總額之歸屬方法,將供款歸屬至服務期間以減少服務成本。對於獨立於服務年期之供款金額,本集團在相關服務期間減少服務成本。

(p) Retirement benefit costs (Cont'd)

For LSP obligation, the Group accounts for the employer mandatory provident fund ("MPF") contributions expected to be offset as a deemed employee contribution towards the LSP obligation in terms of HKAS 19.93(a) and it is measure on a net basis. The estimated amount of future benefit is determined after deducting the negative service cost arising from the accrued benefits derived from the Group's MPF contributions that have been vested with employees, which are deemed to be contributions from the relevant employees.

(q) **Provisions**

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable that the Group will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. Where a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows.

(r) Related parties

- A person, or a close member of that person's family, is related to the Group if that person:
 - (1) has control or joint control of the Group;
 - (2) has significant influence over the Group; or
 - (3) is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or the Group's parent.

3. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(p) 退休福利成本(續)

就長期服務金責任而言,本集團按照香 港會計準則第19.93(a)條將僱主強制性 公積金(「強積金」)供款之預期抵銷金額 視為僱員對長期服務金責任之供款而入 賬,並按淨額計量。未來福利之估計金 額乃於扣除由本集團之強積金供款所產 生並已歸屬僱員之累算福利所產生之負 服務成本後釐定,而該等金額被視為相 關僱員之供款。

(q) 撥備

當本集團因過往事件而承擔現有責任, 導致本集團將有可能就該責任付款, 而該責任之金額能可靠地估計時確認撥 備。

確認為撥備之金額乃於報告期末就支付 現有責任所需之代價之最佳估計,當中 已考慮涉及有關責任之風險及不確定因 素。倘撥備使用估計支付現有責任之現 金流量進行計量,其賬面值即為該等現 金流量之現值。

(r) 關連人士

- (i) 倘屬以下人士,即該人士或與該 人士關係密切的家庭成員與本集 團有關連:
 - (1) 控制或共同控制本集團;
 - (2) 對本集團有重大影響力;或
 - (3) 為本集團或本集團母公司之 主要管理人員。

(r) Related parties (Cont'd)

- (ii) An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions applies:
 - the entity and the Group are members of the same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others).
 - (2) one entity is an associate or a joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or a joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member).
 - (3) both entities are joint ventures of the same third party.
 - (4) one entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity.
 - (5) the entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group. If the Group is itself such a plan, the sponsoring employers are also related to the Group.
 - (6) the entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (i).
 - (7) a person identified in (i)(1) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).
 - (8) the entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Group or to the parent of the Group.

3. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(r) 關連人士(續)

- (ii) 倘實體符合下列任何條件,即與 本集團有關連:
 - (1) 該實體與本集團為同一集團 之成員公司(即各母公司、 附屬公司及同系附屬公司彼 此間有關連)。
 - (2) 某一實體為另一實體的聯營 公司或合資公司(或另一實 體為成員公司之集團旗下成 員公司之聯營公司或合資公 司)。
 - (3) 兩間實體均為同一名第三方 的合資公司。
 - (4) 某一實體為一名第三方實體 之合資公司,而另一實體為 該名第三方實體之聯營公 司。
 - (5) 該實體為本集團或本集團相 關實體之僱員離職後福利計 劃。倘本集團本身屬該計 劃,提供資助之僱主亦與本 集團有關連。
 - (6) 該實體受(i)項所述人士控制 或共同控制。
 - (7) 於(i)(1)項所述人士可對該實 體有重大影響力或屬該實體 (或該實體之母公司)之主要 管理人員。
 - (8) 該實體或其所屬集團內之任 何成員公司向本集團或本集 團母公司提供主要管理人員 服務。

(r) Related parties (Cont'd)

A related party transaction is a transfer of resources, services or obligations between the Group and a related party, regardless of whether a price is charged.

Close members of the family of a person are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that person in their dealings with the entity.

(s) Contingent liabilities

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events and whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Group. It can also be a present obligation arising from past events that is not recognised because it is not probable that outflow of economic resources will be required or the amount of obligation cannot be measured reliably. A contingent liability is not recognised but is disclosed in the notes to the consolidated financial statements. When a change in the probability of an outflow occurs so that outflow is probable, it will then be recognised as a provision.

(t) Operating segments

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal management reporting provided to the chief operating decision-makers. Segment assets consist primarily of investment properties, financial assets and other assets. Segment liabilities comprise financial liabilities and other liabilities. The Group evaluates performance on the basis of profit or loss from operations after tax expense and non-controlling interests but not including the major noncash items. The major non-cash items are unrealised fair value changes on investment properties and other properties together with, if applicable, their respective deferred tax.

(u) Dividend distribution

Dividend distribution to the Company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the consolidated statement of financial position in the period in which the dividends are approved by the Company's shareholders or directors, where appropriate.

3. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(r) 關連人士(續)

關連人士交易乃指本集團與關連人士之 間轉移資源、服務或責任,不論是否收 取價款。

個別人士關係密切的家庭成員乃指與該 實體交易時預期可影響該個別人士或受 該個別人士影響的家庭成員。

(s) 或然負債

或然負債乃一項因過往事件產生之有可 能承擔,而該等過往事件之存在僅可由 一項或多項並非由本集團全權控制之日 後不明朗事件之存在與否確定。其亦可 為一項因不大可能需要耗用經濟資源或 承擔之金額未能可靠地計量而未有確認 之過往事件產生之現有承擔。或然負債 未有予以確認,惟已於綜合財務報表附 註中披露。倘耗用經濟資源之可能性出 現變動致使有可能需耗用經濟資源,則 或然負債將確認為撥備。

(t) 營運分類

營運分類之呈報方式與提供予主要營運 決策者之內部管理報告之方式一致。分 類資產主要包括投資物業、金融資產以 及其他資產。分類負債包括金融負債及 其他負債。本集團以扣除税項開支及非 控股權益後來自經營之損益(惟不包括主 要非現金項目)為基準評估表現。主要非 現金項目為投資物業及其他物業之未變 現公平值變動連同其相關之遞延税項(如 適用)。

(u) 股息分派

向本公司股東分派之股息在本公司股東 或董事(如適合)批准派息之期間於綜合 財務狀況報表內確認為負債。

4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, which are described in Note 3, the management of the Group is required to make judgments, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and underlying assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The followings are the key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

Fair value measurement of financial assets

As at 31 December 2024, the Group held suspended trading listed equity securities and unlisted equity securities with carrying amounts of approximately HK\$1,093,000 and HK\$138,522,000 (2023: nil and HK\$195,680,000) respectively. These financial instruments do not have a quoted market price in an active market ("Unquoted Investments").

Fair values of the Unquoted Investments were determined based on significant unobservable inputs using valuation techniques. Judgment and estimation are required in establishing the relevant valuation techniques and the relevant inputs thereof. Changes in assumptions relating to these factors could result in material adjustments to the fair value of the Unquoted Investments. Details are set out in Note 5(c).

4. 關鍵會計估計

於應用本集團之會計政策(如附註3所述)時, 本集團之管理層須對未能從其他方面確定之資 產及負債之賬面值作出判斷、估計及假設。該 等估計及相關假設乃根據過往之經驗及其他被 視為相關之因素而作出。實際結果可能與此等 估計不盡相同。

就該等估計及相關假設須不斷作出檢討。倘會 計估計之修訂僅影響該修訂期間,該修訂會於 該修訂期間內確認;或倘該修訂影響本期間及 未來期間,則於修訂期間及未來期間確認。

估計不明確因素之主要來源

以下是對未來以及於報告期末估計不明確因素 之其他主要來源(引致下一個財政年度對資產 及負債之賬面值造成重大調整有顯著風險)之 主要假設。

金融資產之公平值計量

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,本集團持有暫 停買賣上市股本證券及非上市股本證券之賬面 值分別約為1,093,000港元及138,522,000港元 (二零二三年:無及195,680,000港元)。該等 金融工具於活躍市場上並無市場報價(「無報價 投資」)。

無報價投資之公平值按重大非可觀察數據之估 值技術而釐定,建立相關估值技術及其相關數 據時需要進行判斷和估計。與該等因素相關的 假設變動可能導致對無報價投資的公平值進行 重大調整。詳情載於附註5(c)。

4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (Cont'd)

Key sources of estimation uncertainty (Cont'd)

Fair value of investment properties

The Group's investment properties are stated at fair value based on the valuations performed by independent qualified professional property valuers. In determining the fair value, the valuers have based on methods of valuation which involve certain assumptions and estimates. Independent external valuations were obtained in respect of all of the portfolio of the Group, and also of the investment properties held by its associates in order to support management's estimates. In relying on the valuation reports, the management of the Group has exercised its judgments and is satisfied that the methods of valuation are reflective of the current market conditions, as detailed in Note 19. Changes to these assumptions, including the potential risk of any market violation, policy, geopolitical and social changes or other unexpected incidents would result in changes in the fair values of the Group's investment properties and the investment properties held by its associates which were included in the investments accounted for using the equity method as reported in the consolidated statement of financial position. Corresponding adjustments would be made, where appropriate, to the amount of fair value gain or loss and share of results of investments accounted for using the equity method reported in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

As at 31 December 2024, the carrying amount of the Group's investment properties was approximately HK\$9,719,164,000 (2023: HK\$13,957,718,000). Details of the fair value of investment properties are disclosed in Note 19.

4. 關鍵會計估計(續)

估計不明確因素之主要來源(續)

投資物業之公平值

本集團之投資物業按獨立合資格專業物業估值 師進行估值而評定之公平值列賬。估值師於釐 定公平值時,乃根據估值方法進行,當中牽涉 若干假設及估計。就本集團的所有投資組合以 及其聯營公司持有的投資物業取得獨立的外 部估值,以支持管理層的估計。在信賴估值 報告時,本集團管理層已作出判斷,並確信 估值方法已反映當前的市場狀況,詳情載於 附註19。該等假設的變動,包括任何市場違 規、政策、地緣政治及社會變化或其他意外事 件的潛在風險,將導致本集團投資物業及其於 综合財務狀況報表中呈報包括於以權益法入賬 投資之聯營公司持有之投資物業之公平值產生 變動。於綜合全面收益報表中呈報的公平值收 益或虧損及攤佔以權益法入賬投資之業績(如 適用)之金額將作出相應的調整。

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,本集團投資物 業之賬面值約為9,719,164,000港元(二零二三 年:13,957,718,000港元)。投資物業之公平 值之詳情於附註19內披露。

5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

5. 金融工具

(a) Categories of financial instruments

(a) 金融工具類別

		2024 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 HK\$'000 千港元
Financial assets	金融資產		
Financial assets measured at fair value	通過損益以反映公平值計量		
through profit or loss	之金融資產	419,958	399,678
Financial assets measured at fair value	通過其他全面收益以反映		
through other comprehensive income	公平值計量之金融資產	138,522	195,680
Amortised cost	攤銷成本	3,415,116	1,641,654
Financial liabilities	金融負債		
Amortised cost	並融員員 攤銷成本	3,550,879	4 220 111
Derivative financial instrument	海朝风平 衍生金融工具	3,330,679	4,220,111 99
	们主亚融工共		99

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Group's major financial instruments include equity investments, investments held-for-trading, bonds, derivative financial instruments, club and corporate debentures, advances to/from associates/investee companies/non-controlling shareholders, debtors, deposits and other receivables, securities trading receivables and deposits, pledged deposits, time deposits, bank balances and cash, borrowings, creditors and accruals, securities trading and margin payable, lease liabilities and deposits received. Details of these financial instruments are disclosed in respective notes. The risks associated with these financial instruments and the policies on how to mitigate these risks are set out below. The management of the Group manages and monitors these exposures to ensure appropriate measures are implemented on a timely and effective manner. There has been no change to the Group's risk exposure relating to financial instruments or the manner in which it manages and measures the risks.

(b) 金融風險管理目標及政策

本集團之主要金融工具包括股本投資、 持作買賣之投資、債券、衍生金融工 具、會籍及公司債券、墊付予/墊款自 聯營公司/接受投資公司/非控股股東 之款項、應收賬項、按金及其他應收賬 項、應收證券交易賬項及存款、抵押存 款、定期存款、銀行結餘及現金、借 貸、應付賬項及應計款項、應付證券交 易賬項及保證令、租賃負債以及已收按 金。該等金融工具之詳情於相關附註中 予以披露。下文載列與該等金融工具有 關之風險及如何降低該等風險之政策。 本集團之管理層管理及監控該等風險, 以確保及時和有效地採取適當之措施。 本集團有關金融工具之風險或管理及計 量該等風險之方式並無變動。

5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Cont'd)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Cont'd)

Market risk

(i) Foreign currency risk

The Group is mainly exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from future commercial transactions, and from recognised assets and liabilities. The functional currency of the Company and its major subsidiaries in Hong Kong is HK\$ in which most of the transactions are denominated. The functional currencies of those subsidiaries operating in the United Kingdom and the PRC are Pound Sterling ("GBP") and Renminbi ("RMB") respectively in which most of their transactions are denominated. The Group is mainly exposed to foreign exchange risk in respect of exchange fluctuations of HK\$ against GBP and RMB. The conversion of RMB into other currencies is subject to the rules and regulations of foreign exchange control promulgated by the government of the PRC. The Group currently does not have foreign currency hedging policy in respect of foreign currency assets and liabilities. The Group monitors its foreign currency exposure closely and will consider hedging significant foreign currency exposure should the need arise.

The Group's exposure to foreign currency risk on its foreign currency denominated assets and liabilities at the end of the reporting period is as follows: 5. 金融工具(續)

(b) 金融風險管理目標及政策(續)

市場風險

(i) 外幣風險

本集團主要面對由未來商業交易 以及已確認資產及負債而導致的 外匯風險。本公司及其於香港主 要附屬公司之功能貨幣為港元, 當中大部分交易以港元計值。於 英國及中國經營之附屬公司之功 能貨幣分別為英鎊(「英鎊」)及人民 幣(「人民幣」),當中大部分交易 分別以英鎊及人民幣計值。本集 團主要因港元兑英鎊及人民幣匯 率波動而承受外匯風險。換算人 民幣為其他貨幣須遵守中國政府 頒布之外匯管制之規則及規例進 行。本集團現時就外幣資產及負 債並無外幣對沖政策。本集團密 切監控其外幣風險,並於必要時 考慮對沖重大外幣風險。

本集團於報告期末就以外幣計值 之資產及負債所承受之外幣風險 如下:

2023

2024

		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Assets	資產		
United States dollar ("US\$")	美元(「美元」)	357,596	311,258
GBP	英鎊	1,888,258	49,621
RMB	人民幣	11,373	11,949
Liabilities	負債		
US\$	美元	374	_
GBP	英鎊	969	_
RMB	人民幣	15	565

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Cont'd)

Market risk (Cont'd)

(i) Foreign currency risk (Cont'd)

Sensitivity analysis

The following table details the Group's sensitivity to a 5% increase and decrease in HK\$ against the relevant foreign currencies. As HK\$ is pegged to US\$, it is assumed that there would be no material currency risk exposure between US\$ and HK\$ and therefore US\$ is excluded from the sensitivity analysis below.

5% is the sensitivity rate used when reporting foreign currency risk internally to key management personnel and represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in foreign exchange rates.

The sensitivity analysis includes outstanding foreign currency denominated monetary items, and adjusts their translations at the end of the reporting period for a 5% change in foreign currency rates. The sensitivity analysis includes external loans where the denomination of the loan is in a currency other than the functional currency of the lender or the borrower; but excluding exposure resulting from the translation of the financial statements of foreign operations into the Group's presentation currency.

A positive number below indicates an increase in profit where the relevant currencies strengthen 5% against HK\$. For a 5% weakening of the relevant currencies against HK\$, there would be an equal and opposite impact on the profit.

5. 金融工具(續)

(b) 金融風險管理目標及政策(續)

市場風險(續)

(i) 外幣風險(續)

敏感度分析

下表詳列本集團就港元兑相關外 幣之匯率上升及下跌5%之敏感 度。由於港元與美元掛鈎,假設 美元與港元之間並無重大貨幣風 險,故美元不會包括於下文之敏 感度分析。

就內部向主要管理人員報告外幣 風險時會以5%作為敏感度比率, 而有關比率為管理層對匯率出現 合理可能變動作出之評估。

敏感度分析包括未償還之外幣計 值貨幣項目,並於報告期末就5% 之外幣匯率變動調整該等項目之 換算。敏感度分析包括外部貸款 (其計值之貨幣為貸款人或借款人 功能貨幣以外之貨幣);惟並不包 括來自換算於境外業務之財務報 表至本集團之呈列貨幣而產生之 風險。

下文中正數表示相關貨幣兑港元 之匯率轉強5%時溢利之增加。倘 相關貨幣兑港元之匯率轉弱5%, 則對溢利造成之影響為同等及相 反。

Profit

		溢利	
		2024 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 HK\$'000 千港元
Impact of	影響		
GBP	英鎊	90,018	70
RMB	人民幣	568	569

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Cont'd)

Market risk (Cont'd)

(i) Foreign currency risk (Cont'd)

Sensitivity analysis (Cont'd)

There would be no material impact on the Group's other components of equity for the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023.

The net effect of the Group's sensitivity to foreign currency risk was attributable to the Group's monetary assets and liabilities with exposure to foreign currency risk at the end of the reporting period.

(ii) Cash flow interest rate risk

The Group has variable-rate interest-bearing assets and liabilities including time deposits, bank balances, sales proceeds held by a third party and borrowings and is therefore exposed to cash flow interest rate risk. Details of these financial instruments are disclosed in respective notes. The Group currently does not have interest rate hedging policy. However, the management of the Group monitors interest rate exposure and will consider hedging significant interest rate exposure should the need arise.

The Group's cash flow interest rate risk from its variable rate borrowings is mainly concentrated on the fluctuation of Hong Kong Interbank Offered Rate ("HIBOR"), compounded reference rate of a bank or costs of funds of a financial institution.

- 5. 金融工具(續)
 - (b) 金融風險管理目標及政策(續)

市場風險(續)

(i) 外幣風險(續)

敏感度分析(續)

對本集團截至二零二四年及二零 二三年十二月三十一日止年度 之股本權益其他部分並無重大影 響。

本集團外幣風險敏感度之淨影響,乃由於本集團於報告期末就 承受外幣風險之貨幣資產及負債 所產生。

(ii) 現金流量利率風險

本集團擁有以浮息計息之資產及 負債(包括定期存款、銀行結餘、 第三方所持銷售所得款項及借 貸),故本集團須承擔現金流量利 率風險。該等金融工具詳情於相 關附註中予以披露。本集團現時 並無利率對沖政策。然而,本集 團之管理層監控利率風險,並於 必要時考慮對沖重大利率風險。

本集團浮息借貸帶來之現金流量 利率風險主要集中於香港銀行同 業拆息(「香港銀行同業拆息」)、一 間銀行之複合參考利率或一間金 融機構之資金成本之波動。

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Cont'd)

Market risk (Cont'd)

(ii) Cash flow interest rate risk (Cont'd)

Sensitivity analysis

The following demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonable possible change in interest rates with all other variables held constant, of the Group's loss (2023: profit) before tax (through the impact of floating rates in time deposits, bank balances, sales proceeds held by a third party and borrowings).

If the floating rates had been 50 basis points higher/ lower, with all other variables held constant, the Group's loss (2023: profit) before tax for the year ended 31 December 2024 would decrease/increase by approximately HK\$1,158,000 (2023: HK\$14,024,000). This was mainly attributable to the Group's exposure to interest rates on its variable-rate borrowings and time deposits.

There would be no material impact on the Group's other components of equity for the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023.

5. 金融工具(續)

(b) 金融風險管理目標及政策(續)

市場風險(續)

(ii) 現金流量利率風險(續)

敏感度分析

以下列示在全部其他變數維持不 變之情況下,本集團除税前虧損 (二零二三年:溢利)對利率出現合 理可能變動時之敏感度(透過定期 存款、銀行結餘、第三方所持銷 售所得款項及借貸之浮動利率影 響)。

倘浮動利率上升/下降50個基 點,在全部其他變數維持不變之 情況下,則本集團截至二零二四 年十二月三十一日止年度之除税 前虧損(二零二三年:溢利)將減 少/增加約1,158,000港元(二零二 三年:14,024,000港元)。此乃主 要由於本集團所承受之浮息借貸 及定期存款之利率風險。

對本集團截至二零二四年及二零 二三年十二月三十一日止年度 之股本權益其他部分並無重大影 響。

5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Cont'd)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Cont'd)

Market risk (Cont'd)

(iii) Price risk

The Group's investments classified as financial assets measured at FVTPL and financial assets measured at FVTOCI which are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period and expose the Group to price risk. At the end of the reporting period, the Group held investments in certain high yield and fixed-rate bonds. High yield bonds are bonds that are typically rated below investment grade or are unrated and therefore are generally more vulnerable to economic cycles as they typically fall more in value than investment grade bonds given higher default risk and higher investors risk adversity. For bonds with fixed-rate coupons, they are more susceptible to fluctuations in interest rates. As interest rates move upward, the value of the bonds will generally fall. Furthermore, the longer the tenor of the bonds, the more sensitive they will be to interest rate changes.

The management of the Group manages this exposure by maintaining a portfolio of investments with different risk profiles. In addition, the Group has appointed a specific team to monitor the price risk and will consider hedging the risk exposure should the need arise.

- 5. 金融工具(續)
 - (b) 金融風險管理目標及政策(續)

市場風險(續)

(iii) 價格風險

本集團之投資分類為通過損益以 反映公平值計量之金融資產及通 過其他全面收益以反映公平值計 量之金融資產於各報告期末按公 平值計量,故本集團須承擔價格 風險。於報告期末,本集團持有 若干高息及定息債券之投資。高 息債券一般為評級低於投資級別 甚至不獲評級之債券,由於其違 約風險及投資避險傾向較高, 價值跌幅一般較投資級別債券為 大,因此普遍較易受經濟週期影 響。而定息債券則較易受利率波 動影響。若利率上升,有關債 券價值普遍下跌。此外,債券年 期愈長,對利率變化之敏感度愈 高。

本集團之管理層以設立不同風險 水平之投資組合管理有關風險。 此外,本集團已委任特定小組監 控價格風險,並於必要時考慮對 沖風險。

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Cont'd)

Market risk (Cont'd)

(iii) Price risk (Cont'd)

Sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analysis below has been determined based on the exposure to price risk at the end of the reporting period.

If prices had been 5% higher/lower, the Group's loss (2023: profit) before tax for the year ended 31 December 2024 would decrease/increase (2023: increase/decrease) by approximately HK\$20,998,000 (2023: HK\$19,989,000). This was due to the changes in fair value of financial assets measured at FVTPL and derivative financial instrument.

If prices had been 5% higher/lower, the Group's other components of equity for the year ended 31 December 2024 would increase/decrease by approximately HK\$6,926,000 (2023: HK\$9,784,000) as a result of the changes in fair value of financial assets measured at FVTOCI.

Credit risk

The Group's maximum exposure to credit risk in the event of the counterparties' failure to perform their obligations as at 31 December 2024 in relation to each class of recognised financial assets is the carrying amounts of those assets as stated in the consolidated statement of financial position. The Group's time deposits and bank balances are deposited with banks of high credit quality in Hong Kong, Mainland China and overseas. 5. 金融工具(續)

(b) 金融風險管理目標及政策(續)

市場風險(續)

(iii) 價格風險(續)

敏感度分析

以下敏感度分析乃根據報告期末 之價格風險釐定。

倘價格上升/下降5%,則本集 團截至二零二四年十二月三十一 日止年度之除税前虧損(二零二三 年:溢利)將減少/增加(二零二 三年:增加/減少)約20,998,000 港元(二零二三年:19,989,000港 元)。此乃由於通過損益以反映公 平值計量之金融資產及衍生金融 工具之公平值變動。

倘價格上升/下降5%,則本集團 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日 止年度之股本權益其他部分將增 加/減少約6,926,000港元(二零二 三年:9,784,000港元)。此乃由於 通過其他全面收益以反映公平值 計量之金融資產之公平值變動。

信貸風險

倘交易方無法履行彼等於二零二四年十 二月三十一日之責任,本集團承受有關 各類已確認金融資產之最大信貸風險為 於綜合財務狀況報表所列該等資產之賬 面值。本集團之定期存款及銀行結餘存 於香港、中國大陸及海外高信貸質素之 銀行。

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Cont'd)

Credit risk (Cont'd)

The Group made transactions with counterparties with acceptable credit quality in conformance to the Group's treasury policies to minimise credit exposure. Acceptable credit ratings from reputable credit rating agencies and scrutiny of financials for non-rated counterparties are two important criteria in the selection of counterparties. The credit quality of counterparties will be closely monitored over the life of the transaction. The Group reviews its financial counterparties periodically in order to reduce credit risk concentrations relative to the underlying size and credit strength of each counterparty.

In an attempt to forestall adverse market movement, the Group also monitors potential exposures to each financial institution counterparty. In addition, the Group reviews the recoverable amount of each individual debt at the end of the reporting period to ensure that adequate allowance for credit losses are made for irrecoverable amounts. In this regard, the Directors consider that the Group's credit risk is significantly reduced.

The Group applies the simplified approach to provide for ECLs prescribed by HKFRS 9, which permits the use of the lifetime ECL provision for trade receivables. To measure the ECLs, trade receivables have been grouped based on shared credit risk characteristics. The Group has performed historical analysis and identified the key economic variables impacting credit risk and ECL, and also considers the available reasonable and supportive forward-looking information.

5. 金融工具(續)

(b) 金融風險管理目標及政策(續)

信貸風險(續)

本集團與符合本集團庫務政策所訂信貸 評級良好之交易方進行交易,以盡量降 低信貸風險。揀選交易方之兩項重要原 則,乃由有信譽之信貸評級機構發出可 接受的信貸評級,以及對不獲評級之交 易方進行財務評審。本集團會在整個交 易期內密切監察交易方之信貸質素。本 集團會定期對與其交易之財務交易方進 行評審,以減低與各交易方相關規模及 信貸強度有關之集中信貸風險。

為不利之市場變動預先作準備,本集團 亦監察各金融機構交易方之潛在風險。 此外,於報告期末,本集團檢討每宗個 別債項之可收回金額,確保就無法收回 金額作出足夠之信貸虧損撥備。就此而 言,董事認為本集團之信貸風險已大幅 降低。

本集團應用香港財務報告準則第9號所 訂明之簡化方法就預期信貸虧損作出撥 備,該方法允許對應收貿易賬項採用整 個存續期內之預期信貸虧損撥備。就計 量預期信貸虧損,已將應收貿易賬項按 其共有之信貸風險特徵作歸類。本集團 已進行歷史分析及識別對信貸風險及預 期信貸虧損有影響之主要經濟變數,並 考慮現有之合理及具理據之前瞻性資 料。

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Cont'd)

Credit risk (Cont'd)

As at 31 December 2024, trade receivables that are individually significant have been separately assessed for impairment, after taking into consideration, the background and reputation of the customers, historical settlement records and past experiences at the end of each reporting period. The Group makes periodic assessments on the recoverability of the trade receivables by using a provision matrix to measure ECL. The provision rates are based on days past due for groupings of various customer segments with similar financial strength and any disputes with the debtors. The calculation reflects reasonable and supportable information that is available at the reporting date about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions. For the year ended 31 December 2024, allowance for credit losses in respect of trade receivables of approximately HK\$19,000 (2023: nil) was recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income. Details are set out in Note 29.

For interest receivables from bonds, the Group makes periodic individual assessment on the recoverability of each bond based on their respective historical settlement records and credit rating of the respective issuer. As at 31 December 2024 and 2023, certain bond issuers had defaulted their payment and/or were in severe financial difficulty and the Group considered the amounts were irrecoverable. The Group assessed and measured these amounts based on lifetime ECL and no provision were made in respect of these receivables for the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023. The interest receivables from bonds of approximately HK\$4,964,000 (2023: HK\$4,665,000) were assessed based on 12m ECL and no provision were made in respect of these receivables for the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023.

5. 金融工具(續)

(b) 金融風險管理目標及政策(續)

信貸風險(續)

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,經考慮 客戶之背景及聲譽、過往結賬記錄以 及過往經驗,個別重大之應收貿易賬項 於各報告期末已另行作減值評估。本集 團使用撥備矩陣計量預期信貸虧損,就 應收貿易賬項之可收回程度進行定期評 估。撥備率乃基於歸類相似財務強度之 不同客戶分類之逾期日數及與債務人之 任何糾紛。該計算反映於報告日期可 獲得有關過往事件、當前狀況及對未 來經濟狀況的預測之合理及具理據之資 料。截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止 年度,應收貿易賬項之信貸虧損撥備約 19,000港元(二零二三年:無)已於綜合 全面收益報表中確認。詳情載列於附註 29。

就債券之應收利息而言,本集團根據彼 等各自之過往結賬記錄及相關發行人之 信貸評級對各債券之可收回程度定期進 行個別評估。於二零二四年及二零二三 年十二月三十一日,若干債券發行人拖 欠付款及/或陷入嚴重財政困難,本集 團認為該等金額已無法收回。本集團就 該等金額按整個存續期預期信貸虧損評 估及計量,於截至二零二四年及二零二 三年十二月三十一日止年度並無就該等 應收款項作出撥備。債券之應收利息約 4,964,000港元(二零二三年:4,665,000 港元)乃按十二個月預期信貸虧損作評 估,於截至二零二四年及二零二三年十 二月三十一日止年度並無就該等應收款 項作出撥備。

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Cont'd)

Credit risk (Cont'd)

For all other receivables, the Group measures the loss allowance equal to 12m ECL and assessed individually, unless when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, the Group recognises lifetime ECL. The assessment of whether lifetime ECL should be recognised is based on significant increases in the likelihood or risk of a default occurring since initial recognition. For the year ended 31 December 2024, allowance for credit losses in respect of other receivable of approximately HK\$20,000 (2023: nil) was recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

The credit quality of the advances to related parties has been assessed with reference to historical information about the default rates and financial position of the counterparties. These balances were assessed individually based on 12m ECL. For the year ended 31 December 2024, allowance for credit losses of approximately HK\$7,000 (2023: reversal of allowance for credit losses, net of HK\$7,326,000) was recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

5. 金融工具(續)

(b) 金融風險管理目標及政策(續)

信貸風險(續)

就所有其他應收賬項,本集團以相等於 十二個月預期信貸虧損計量及個別評估 虧損撥備。除非自初步確認起當信貸風 險大幅增加,則本集團確認整個存續期 內之預期信貸虧損。評估應否確認整個 存續期內之預期信貸虧損乃根據自初步 確認起發生違約之可能性或風險有否大 幅增加。截至二零二四年十二月三十一 日止年度,其他應收賬項之信貸虧損撥 備約20,000港元(二零二三年:無)已於 綜合全面收益報表中確認。

墊付予關連人士之信貸質素已參考有關 交易方之違約率及財務狀況之過往資料 進行評估。該等結餘按十二個月預期信 貸虧損作個別評估。截至二零二四年十 二月三十一日止年度,已於綜合全面收 益報表中確認信貸虧損撥備約為7,000港 元(二零二三年:撥回之信貸虧損撥備淨 額7,326,000港元)。

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Cont'd)

Credit risk (Cont'd)

Investments in bonds are limited to financial institutions or investment counterparties with high quality. When making decisions on investments in bonds, the management of the Group has also made reference to the credit ratings of the issuers and guarantors (if any) which, however, are not an assurance as to the issuers' and/or guarantors' creditworthiness or the risks, returns or suitability of the bonds. Risks in particular specific to certain types of bonds held by the Group are: (i) high yield bonds - they in general carry high credit risk as they are often subject to higher risk of issuer default as they are typically rated below investment grade or are unrated; (ii) perpetual bonds - their coupon payments may be deferred or suspended subject to the terms and conditions of the bonds and they are often callable after a call protection period (related risk is detailed in the liquidity risk below); and (iii) contingent convertible bonds - issued by financial institutions that are deeply subordinated in the capital structure, typically Tier 1 or Tier 2 securities. The key characteristic of contingent convertible bonds is that the issuer can either write off the principal amount or convert it to shares without causing a default on the bond. There could be a specific hard capital ratio trigger or declaration of nonviability event by the regulator for the write off or conversion to equity to happen. The Group may be exposed to a higher issuer credit risk and may experience substantial losses or lose the entire value of investment as a result of a trigger event. Other than the above, there may be additional risks associated with trading of bonds over-the-counter ("OTC") because OTC transactions are generally subject to limited regulation and therefore less transparent in transaction details such as volume, price formation, etc. There may also be additional risks for investments located in an emerging market which may involve certain risks associated with political and economic uncertainty. In view of the specific risks above, the Group has appointed the specific team as disclosed in Note 5(b)(iii) above to closely monitor the risks.

5. 金融工具(續)

(b) 金融風險管理目標及政策(續)

信貸風險(續)

債券之投資只限於以高質素之金融機構 或投資交易方。於作出債券投資決定 時,本集團之管理層亦參照發行人及擔 保人(如有)之信貸評級,然而,有關評級 並非發行人及/或擔保人信譽或債券風 險、回報或合適性之保證。本集團所持 若干債券類別之特定風險為:(i)高息債 券-一般附帶高信貸風險,乃因有關債 券評級一般低於投資級別或不獲評級, 因此通常面對較高發行人違約風險; (ii)永續債券-視乎債券條款及條件,其 票息可能遞延或暫停支付,且通常可於 贖回禁止期後可贖回(相關風險詳情載列 於下文流動資金風險一節);及(iii)或然 可換股債券一由金融機構發行,為資本 結構中之低次級,通常是一級或二級證 券。或然可換股債券之主要特徵是發行 人可以在不導致債券違約之情況下撇銷 本金金額或將債券轉換為股份。監管機 構就撇銷或轉換為股本權益之發生,設 定特定嚴格的資本比率作為觸發點或當 宣布無法經營事件時發生。倘發生觸發 事件,本集團可能面臨較高之發行人信 貸風險,並可能蒙受重大虧損或失去投 資之全部價值。除上文所述者外,倘有 可能面對與場外(「場外」)債券買賣相關 之額外風險,乃由於場外交易一般所受 規管有限,因此在交投量、價格形成等 交易詳情方面之透明度較低。此外,亦 可能面對位於新興市場之投資之額外風 險,由於新興市場可能涉及若干與政治 及經濟不明朗因素相關之風險。鑑於上 述之特定風險,本集團已委任特定小組 (如上文附註5(b)(iii)所披露)密切監察有 關風險。

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Cont'd)

Credit risk (Cont'd)

The credit risk for pledged deposits, time deposits, bank balances and deposits with clearing house are insignificant because the counterparties are banks and clearing house with high credit ratings.

The Group's concentration of credit risk by geographical location is mainly in Hong Kong, Europe and Mainland China. The Group also monitors regularly to avoid over-concentration (such as investment products and underlying foreign exchange, etc.) of the investment portfolio.

Liquidity risk

The Group's certain bonds and listed equity securities were pledged to a financial institution to secure margin and securities facility granted to the Group. Under adverse market conditions, the Group may be called by the financial institution upon at short notice to make deposits to repay the margin loans. If the required deposits are not made within the prescribed time, the Group's securities may be liquidated by the financial institution without the Group's consent.

Certain bonds held by the Group carried fixed-rate coupon are accompanied with call rights, the issuers may call and redeem the bonds early if interest rates fall. The Group may face reinvestment risk when issuers exercised its right to redeem the bond before it matures. Besides, some bonds may not have an active secondary market. In case of the market in which the bonds are traded is illiquid, the Group may run the risk of either having to retain the investment until the end of the term or selling it before maturity at an unfavourable price.

The Group manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate bank deposits and cash, monitoring forecast and actual cash flows and matching the maturity profiles of financial assets and financial liabilities.

5. 金融工具(續)

(b) 金融風險管理目標及政策(續)

信貸風險(續)

抵押存款、定期存款、銀行結餘以及於 結算所之存款之信貸風險並不顯著, 乃因交易方為高信貸評級之銀行及結算 所。

本集團按地域之信貸集中風險主要為香 港、歐洲及中國大陸。本集團亦定期監 察投資組合,以免過度集中(如投資產品 及相關外匯等)。

流動資金風險

本集團之若干債券及上市股本證券已就 本集團獲授之保證金及證券融資抵押予 一間金融機構。倘出現不利市況,該金 融機構可能向本集團發出短期通知催繳 存款,以償還保證金貸款。倘本集團未 有於指定時限內繳付所需存款,則該金 融機構可在未經本集團同意而將本集團 之證券變現。

本集團所持之若干債券按固定票息計 息,並附帶收回權利,如利率下跌,發 行人可提早收回及贖回債券。當發行人 於債券到期前行使權利贖回債券,則本 集團可能面對再投資風險。此外,部分 債券可能並無活躍之第二市場。倘有關 債券市場成交流通量不足,本集團可能 需要承擔持有該投資直至到期,或於到 期前以不利價格出售之風險。

本集團通過維持充足銀行存款及現金、 監察預測及實際現金流量以及配合金融 資產及金融負債之到期時間表,藉此管 理流動資金風險。

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Cont'd)

Liquidity risk (Cont'd)

The liquidity risk is under continuous monitoring by the management of the Group. Reports with maturity dates of bank borrowings and thus the liquidity requirement are provided to the management of the Group for review periodically. The management of the Group will contact the bankers for renewals of bank borrowings whenever necessary.

The following tables detail the Group's remaining contractual maturity for its non-derivative financial liabilities based on the agreed repayment terms. The tables have been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the Group can be required to pay. The tables include both interest and principal cash flows.

5. 金融工具(續)

(b) 金融風險管理目標及政策(續)

流動資金風險(續)

本集團之管理層持續監控流動資金風 險。載有銀行借貸到期日及有關之流動 資金需求之報告定期提供予本集團之管 理層審閱。本集團之管理層在必要時將 聯絡往來銀行為銀行借貸續期。

下表詳列本集團非衍生金融負債按協定 還款條款之餘下合約到期情況。各表乃 按本集團可被要求付款之最早日期根據 金融負債之未貼現現金流量編製。該等 表中包括利息及本金之現金流量。

			At 31 December 2024			
				於二零二四年	十二月三十一日	
		Weighted				
		average	On demand	More than	Total	Total
		effective	or within	1 year but	undiscounted	carrying
		interest rate	1 year	within 5 years	cash flows	amount
		加權平均	按要求	一年以上但	未貼現現金	
		實際利率	或一年內	不超逾五年	流量總額	賬面值總額
			HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
			千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Non-derivative financial liabilities	非衍生金融負債					
Borrowings	借貸	5.56%	1,798,532	1,337,794	3,136,326	2,928,458
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	4.86 %	37,635	1,817	39,452	38,685
Creditors and accruals	應付賬項及應計款項	-	499,919	-	499,919	499,919
Securities trading and margin payable	應付證券交易賬項及保證金	-	10,923	-	10,923	10,923
Deposits received	已收按金	-	47,175	-	47,175	47,175
Amounts due to associates	欠負聯營公司款項	-	-	11,559	11,559	11,559
Amounts due to investee companies	欠負接受投資公司款項	-	-	13,885	13,885	13,885
Amounts due to non-controlling shareholders	欠負非控股股東款項	-		275	275	275
Total	總額		2 704 104	1 765 770	7 750 514	7 660 070
IUlai	添银		2,394,184	1,365,330	3,759,514	3,550,879

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 综合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Cont'd)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Cont'd)

Liquidity risk (Cont'd)

5. 金融工具(續)

(b) 金融風險管理目標及政策(續)

流動資金風險(續)

At 71 December 2027

				At 31 Dece	mber 2023	
				於二零二三年一	十二月三十一日	
		Weighted				
		average	On demand	More than	Total	Total
		effective	or within	1 year but	undiscounted	carrying
		interest rate	1 year	within 5 years	cash flows	amount
		加權平均	按要求	一年以上但	未貼現現金	
		實際利率	或一年內	不超逾五年	流量總額	賬面值總額
			HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
			千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Non-derivative financial liabilities	非衍生金融負債					
Borrowings	借貸	6.58%	2,423,434	1,871,842	4,295,276	3,851,848
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	4.81%	46,040	39,450	85,490	81,959
Creditors and accruals	應付賬項及應計款項	-	182,939	-	182,939	182,939
Securities trading and margin payable	應付證券交易賬項及保證金	-	6,963	-	6,963	6,963
Deposits received	已收按金	-	60,811	-	60,811	60,811
Amounts due to associates	欠負聯營公司款項	-	-	21,431	21,431	21,431
Amounts due to investee companies	欠負接受投資公司款項	-	-	13,885	13,885	13,885
Amounts due to non-controlling shareholders	欠負非控股股東款項		_	275	275	275
Total	總額		2,720,187	1,946,883	4,667,070	4,220,111

In addition to the items as set out in the above liquidity risk tables, the maximum amount the Group could be required to settle under (i) financial guarantees provided by the Group in respect of banking facilities utilised by investee companies and (ii) indemnity given to a third party in relation to an investee company is approximately HK\$827,830,000 (2023: HK\$613,830,000) in aggregate, if such amount is claimed by the counterparties to the guarantees or indemnity at any time within the guaranteed or indemnity period. Details of the guarantees and indemnity are set out in Note 42.

除以上流動資金風險列表之項目,本集 團可能(i)就接受投資公司動用之銀行信 貸額而向銀行提供之財務擔保以及(ii)與 一間接受投資公司有關向第三方授予之 彌償保證,於擔保或彌償保證期間隨時 被交易方要求索償該擔保或彌償保證之 最高金額合共約為827,830,000港元(二 零二三年:613,830,000港元)。擔保及 彌償保證之詳情已載列於附註42。

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Cont'd)

Liquidity risk (Cont'd)

Secured bank and other borrowings with repayment on demand clause are included in the "On demand or within 1 year" time band of maturity analysis in the above liquidity risk tables. At the end of the reporting period, the total undiscounted cash flow of the borrowing(s) amounted to approximately HK\$766,674,000 (2023: HK\$1,031,738,000). Taking into account the Group's financial position, the Directors do not believe that it is probable that the banks and financial institution will exercise their discretionary rights to demand immediate repayment. The Directors believe that such borrowing(s) will be repaid in accordance with the scheduled repayment dates as set out in the loan agreement(s), details of which are set out in the tables below (include both interest and principal cash flows).

Maturity analysis – secured bank and other borrowings with repayment on demand clause based on scheduled repayments

5.	金融工具(續)	
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(b) 金融風險管理目標及政策(續)

流動資金風險(續)

附帶按要求償還條款之有抵押銀行及其 他借貸於上述流動資金風險列表之到 期分析中計入「按要求或一年內」時間組 別。於報告期末,借貸之未貼現現金流 量總額約為766,674,000港元(二零二三 年:1,031,738,000港元)。經考慮本集 團之財務狀況,董事並不相信銀行及金 融機構會行使其酌情權要求即時還款。 董事相信,有關借貸將按照貸款協議所 載之預定還款日期償還,其詳情載於下 表(當中包括利息及本金之現金流量)。

到期分析一附帶按要求償還條款之有抵 押銀行及其他借貸按其預定還款

				31 December 2 二四年十二月三		
			More than		Total	Total
		Within	1 year but	Over	undiscounted	carrying
		1 year	within 5 years	5 years	cash flows	amount
			一年以上		未貼現現金	
		一年內	但不超逾五年	五年以上	流量總額	賬面值總額
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Non-derivative financial liability	非衍生金融負債					
Borrowing	借貸	766,674	-	-	766,674	729,472
				31 December 20 -=年+- 日=		
			於二零	31 December 20 二三年十二月三	十一日	Total
			於二零. More than	二三年十二月三	生十一日 Total	Total
		Within	於二零. More than 1 year but	二三年十二月三 Over	:十一日 Total undiscounted	carrying
		Within 1 year	於二零. More than 1 year but within 5 years	二三年十二月三	:十一日 Total undiscounted cash flows	
		1 year	於二零. More than 1 year but within 5 years 一年以上	二三年十二月三 Over 5 years	十一日 Total undiscounted cash flows 未貼現現金	carrying amount
		1 year 一年內	於二零 More than 1 year but within 5 years 一年以上 但不超逾五年	<u>二三年十二月三</u> Over 5 years 五年以上	十一日 Total undiscounted cash flows 未貼現現金 流量總額	carrying amount 賬面值總額
		1 year 一年內 HK\$'000	於二零. More than 1 year but within 5 years 一年以上 但不超逾五年 HK\$'000	<u>二三年十二月三</u> Over 5 years 五年以上 HK \$ '000	H一日 Total undiscounted cash flows 未貼現現金 流量總額 HK\$'000	carrying amount 賬面值總額 HK\$'000
		1 year 一年內	於二零 More than 1 year but within 5 years 一年以上 但不超逾五年	<u>二三年十二月三</u> Over 5 years 五年以上	十一日 Total undiscounted cash flows 未貼現現金 流量總額	carrying amount 賬面值總額
Non-derivative financial liability	非衍生金融負債	1 year 一年內 HK\$'000	於二零. More than 1 year but within 5 years 一年以上 但不超逾五年 HK\$'000	<u>二三年十二月三</u> Over 5 years 五年以上 HK \$ '000	H一日 Total undiscounted cash flows 未貼現現金 流量總額 HK\$'000	carrying amount 賬面值總額 HK\$'000
Non-derivative financial liability Borrowings	非衍生金融負債 借貸	1 year 一年內 HK\$'000	於二零. More than 1 year but within 5 years 一年以上 但不超逾五年 HK\$'000	<u>二三年十二月三</u> Over 5 years 五年以上 HK \$ '000	H一日 Total undiscounted cash flows 未貼現現金 流量總額 HK\$'000	carrying amount 賬面值總額 HK\$'000

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Cont'd)

Liquidity risk (Cont'd)

The following tables detail the Group's remaining contractual maturity for its derivative financial instruments. The table as at 31 December 2024 has been drawn up based on the undiscounted gross cash inflows and outflows on the derivatives that require gross settlements. For cash flows denominated in currency other than HK\$, the prevailing foreign exchange rate at the end of the reporting period is used to convert the cash flows into HK\$.

5. 金融工具(續)

(b) 金融風險管理目標及政策(續)

流動資金風險(續)

下表詳列本集團衍生金融工具餘下合約 到期之情況。於二零二四年十二月三 十一日之表乃按衍生工具需要交收總額 之未貼現現金流入及流出總額編製。以 港元以外貨幣計值之現金流量,按報告 期末當時之匯率將該現金流量轉換為港 元。

		At	At 31 December 2024 於二零二四年十二月三十一日		
		於二零			
			Total	Total	
		Within	undiscounted	carrying	
		1 year	cash flows	amount	
			未貼現現金		
		一年內	流量總額	賬面值總額	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
		千港元	千港元	千港元	
Derivative financial asset	衍生金融資產				
Foreign exchange forward contracts	外匯遠期合約			127	
Inflow	流入	18,561	18,561		
Outflow	流出	(18,367)	(18,367)		

			At 31 December 2023			
		於二	於二零二三年十二月三十一日			
			Total	Total		
		Within	undiscounted	carrying		
		1 year	cash flows	amount		
			未貼現現金			
		一年內	流量總額	賬面值總額		
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000		
		千港元	千港元	千港元		
Derivative financial liability	衍生金融負債					
Future contracts	期貨合約	99	99	99		

5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Cont'd)

(c) Fair value measurements

Financial instruments measured at fair value

The following table analysed the financial instruments which are measured at fair value at the end of the reporting period into the three-level hierarchy.

5. 金融工具(續)

(c) 公平值計量

以公平值計量之金融工具

下表為於報告期末以公平值計量之金融 工具之三級分級制分析。

	Fair value		·····································		Significant unobservable inputs
	公 ⁻ 2024	平值 2023	分級制	估值技術及主要數據	重大非可觀察數據
	HK\$′000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元			
Financial assets 金融資產					
Bonds presented as financial assets measured at FVTPL 呈列為通過損益以反映公平值計量之 金融資產之債券	237,385	153,963	Level 1 第一級	Quoted prices in active markets 活躍市場之報價	N/A 不適用
Listed investments held-for-trading presented as financial assets measured at PVTPL 呈列為通過損益以反映公平值計量之 金融資產之持作買賣之上市投資	127,073	188,545	Level 1 第一級	Quoted prices in active markets 活躍市場之報價	N/A 不適用
Suspended trading listed equity securities presented as financial assets measured at FVTPL (note (i)) 呈列為通過損益以反映公平值計量之 金融資產之暫停買賣上市股本證券 (附註(i))	1,093	_	Level 3 第三級	Market approach 市場方式	Change in share prices of comparable companies of 46.79% during the suspension period (note (ii)) 於暫停買實期間可供比較公司之股份價格變動 46.79厘(附註(ii)) Discount for lack of marketability of 25.26% (note (ii)) 缺乏市場流通性折讓25.26厘(附註(ii))
Derivative financial instrument					
衍生金融工具 — Foreign exchange forward contracts — 外匯遠期合約	127	_	Level 2 第二級	Discounted cash flow: net payoffs from the contracts and scheduled payments estimated based on foreign exchange forward rates 貼現現金流量:按合約淨回報及 根據外匯遠期匯率估計之預定 付款	N/A 不適用
Club and corporate debentures presented as financial assets measured at FVTPL 呈列為通過損益以反映公平值計量之 金融資產之會籍及公司債券	54,280	57,170	Level 2 第二級	Market comparison 市場之比較數據	N/A 不適用

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For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Cont'd)

(c) Fair value measurements (Cont'd)

5. 金融工具(續)

(c) 公平值計量(續)

Financial instruments measured at fair value (Cont'd)

以公平值計量之金融工具(續)

	Fair value 公平值		Fair value hierarchy 公平值 分級制	Valuation techniques and key inputs 估值技術及主要數據	Significant unobservable inputs 重大非可觀察數據
	2024 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 HK\$'000 千港元			
Financial assets (Cont'd) 金融資產(續)					
Unlisted equity securities presented as financial assets measured at PVTOCI 呈列為通過其他全面收益以反映公平值 計量之金融資產之非上市股本證券	138,522	195,680	Level 3 第三級	Discounted cash flow: forecast distribution, discount rate and contract terms (if any) 貼現現金流量:預測之分派、 貼現率及合約條款(如有)	Forecast distribution taking into account management's experience and the estimated terminal value (note (iii)) 預測之分派乃參照管理層經驗及估計之 最終價值(附註(iii))
					Discount rates ranging from 14.73% to 22.01% (2023: 13.99% to 24.51%) (note (iii)) 貼現率介乎14.73厘至22.01厘 (二零二三年: 13.99厘至24.51厘)(附註(iii))
				Reference to the fair value of the underlying property 參考相關物業之公平值	Fair value of the underlying property based on valuation model (note (iii)) 基於估值模式釐定相關物業之公平值(附註(iii))
	558,480	595,358			
Financial liability 金融負債					
Derivative financial instrument 衍生金融工具 - Future contracts - 期貨合約	-	99	Level 1 第一級	Quoted prices in active markets 活躍市場之報價	N/A 不適用

Notes:

- (i) During the year ended 31 December 2024, trading in shares of a listed equity security had been halted and remained suspended as at 31 December 2024. As at 31 December 2024, the fair value of suspended trading listed equity security at FVTPL was determined by reference to the valuation carried out by an independent qualified professional valuer.
- (ii) The higher the change in share prices of comparable companies during the suspension period, the higher the fair value. The higher the discount for lack of marketability, the lower the fair value.
- (iii) The higher the forecast distribution, estimated terminal value or fair value of the underlying property, the higher the fair value. The higher the discount rate, the lower the fair value.

附註:

- (i) 於截至二零二四年十二月三十一日 止年度,上市股本證券之股份短暫 停止買賣並於二零二四年十二月三 十一日繼續暫停買賣。於二零二四 年十二月三十一日,通過損益以反 映公平值之暫停買賣上市股本證券 之公平值乃參考由獨立合資格專業 估值師進行之估值而釐定。
- (ii) 於暫停買賣期間可供比較公司之股 份價格變動越高,公平值越高。缺 乏市場流通性折讓越高,公平值越 低。
- (iii) 預測之分派、估計之最終價值或相 關物業之公平值越高,公平值越 高。貼現率越高,公平值越低。

(c) Fair value measurements (Cont'd)

Financial instruments measured at fair value (Cont'd)

The Group's policy is to recognise transfers into and out of fair value hierarchy levels as at the date of the events or changes in circumstances that caused the transfer. During the year ended 31 December 2024, a listed equity security was transferred from Level 1 to Level 3, which was due to the suspension of trading of the listed equity security and remained suspended as at 31 December 2024. The Group recognised the transfer into Level 3 as at the date of suspension. During the year ended 31 December 2023, certain listed equity securities resumed trading and were transferred out from Level 3. Except the above, there were no other transfers amongst Level 1, Level 2 and Level 3 in the fair value hierarchy during the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023 and no change in valuation techniques used as compared with those in last year.

The fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets is based on quoted market prices at the end of each reporting period. A market is regarded as active if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange, dealer, broker, industry group, pricing service, or regulatory agency, and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis. The quoted market price used for financial assets held by the Group is the current bid price. These instruments are included in Level 1.

- 5. 金融工具(續)
 - (c) 公平值計量(續)

以公平值計量之金融工具(續)

本集團之政策為於導致轉撥之事件或情 況改變之日期,確認公平值分級之間的 轉撥。於截至二零二四年十二月三十一 日止年度,上市股本證券由第一級轉撥 至第三級,乃因該上市股本證券暫停買 賣並於二零二四年十二月三十一日繼續 暫確認書所致。本集團於暫停買賣日調 確認轉撥至第一級。於截至二零一日 一年度,若干目動。 一日上年度,若干上市股本 證者外,公平值分級制內第一級、第二 級及第三級之間於截至二零二四年 人。 案二三年十二月三十一日止年度並無其 他轉撥以及所採用之估值技術與去年所 採用的並無轉變。

於活躍市場買賣之金融工具之公平值即 各報告期末之市場報價。倘即時及定 時透過交易所、交易商、經紀、業界組 別、報價服務或監管機構獲得報價,且 該等價格屬實際及定期按公平基準進行 之市場交易,則市場可被視為活躍。本 集團所持金融資產所用之市場報價為目 前之買入價。此等工具已計入第一級。

5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Cont'd) 5. 金融工具(續)

(c) Fair value measurements (Cont'd)

Financial instruments measured at fair value (Cont'd)

The movement during the years in the balances of Level 3 fair value measurement is as follows:

- - (c) 公平值計量(續)

以公平值計量之金融工具(續)

第三級公平值計量結餘於年內之變動如 下:

		Suspended trading listed equity securities presented as	Unlisted bond presented as	Suspended trading listed equity securities presented as	Structured product and derivative financial instruments presented as	Unlisted equity securities presented as
		financial assets	financial assets	financial assets	financial assets	financial assets
		measured at	measured at	measured at	measured at	measured at
		FVTOCI	FVTPL	FVTPL	FVTPL	FVTOCI
		呈列為通過		呈列為通過	呈列為通過	呈列為通過
		其他全面收益	呈列為通過	損益以反映	損益以反映	其他全面收益
		以反映公平值	損益以反映	公平值計量	公平值計量	以反映公平值
		計量之金融資產	公平值計量	之金融資產	之金融資產	計量之金融
		之暫停買賣	之金融資產	之暫停買賣	之結構性產品及	資產之非上市
		上市股本證券	之非上市債券	上市股本證券	衍生金融工具	股本證券
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
			(note (i))	(note (i))	(note (i))	(note (ii))
			(附註(i))	(附註(i))	(附註(i))	(附註(ii))
At 1 January 2023	於二零二三年一月一日	109,766	1,396	5,672	4,005	525,780
Transfer out to Level 1	轉出至第一級	(109,766)	-	(5,672)	-	-
Purchases during the year	於年內購入	-	-	-	9,812	-
Disposals during the year	於年內出售	-	-	-	(12,965)	-
Net return of capital contribution	於年內資本注資之					
during the year	收回淨額	-	-	-	-	(265,451)
Net loss arising from change in	公平值變動而產生之					
fair value	虧損淨額	-	(1,396)	-	(852)	(64,649)
At 31 December 2023	於二零二三年十二月三十一日					105 600
		-	-	-	-	195,680
Transfer from Level 1	轉撥自第一級	-	-	1,000	-	-
Net gain (loss) arising from	公平值變動而產生之 收益(虧損)淨額					(57.150)
change in fair value	収血(順)(/)/	-	-	93	-	(57,158)
At 31 December 2024	於二零二四年十二月三十一日	-	-	1,093	-	138,522

5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Cont'd)

(c) Fair value measurements (Cont'd)

Financial instruments measured at fair value (Cont'd)

Notes:

- (i) The gain (loss) included in profit or loss for the relevant years related to unlisted bond at FVTPL, suspended trading listed equity security at FVTPL and structured product and derivative financial instruments at FVTPL held at the end of the reporting periods are reported as investment income (expenses), net.
- (ii) The loss included in other comprehensive income for the relevant years related to unlisted equity securities at FVTOCI held at the end of the reporting periods are reported as changes of financial assets measured at FVTOCI reserve.

Financial instruments not measured at fair value

The Directors consider that the carrying amounts of the Group's financial instruments that are not measured at fair value approximate to their fair values.

5. 金融工具(續)

(c) 公平值計量(續)

以公平值計量之金融工具(續)

附註:

- (i) 就於報告期末持有之通過損益以反 映公平值之非上市債券、暫停買賣 上市股本證券以及結構性產品及衍 生金融工具計入有關年度之收益(虧 損)列報為損益中之投資收入(開支) 淨額。
- (ii) 就於報告期末持有之通過其他全面 收益以反映公平值之非上市股本證 券計入有關年度其他全面收益之虧 損列報為通過其他全面收益以反映 公平值計量之金融資產之儲備之變 動。

並非以公平值計量之金融工具

董事認為本集團並非以公平值計量之金 融工具之賬面值與其公平值相若。

6. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group's primary objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the abilities of the entities in the Group to continue as a going concern, so that it can continue to provide returns for shareholders of the Company and benefits for other stakeholders, by pricing products and services commensurately with the level of risk and by securing access to finance at a reasonable cost.

The Directors actively and regularly review and manage the Group's capital structure to maximise the returns to shareholders of the Company through the optimisation of the debt afforded by a sound capital position, and make adjustments to the capital structure in light of changes in economic conditions. The Group's overall strategy remains unchanged from 2023.

As at 31 December 2024, the capital structure of the Group mainly consists of debts, which include borrowings from banks and financial institution, lease liabilities, pledged deposits, time deposits, bank balances and cash, and total equity, comprising issued share capital, reserves, retained profits and non-controlling interests. The Directors consider the cost of capital and the risks associated with each class of capital to monitor its capital structure on the basis of a gearing ratio. The Group has a target gearing ratio not higher than 50%, determined as the proportion of net debt to equity. This ratio is expressed by as a percentage of net debt over the total equity. Net debt is calculated as total borrowings and lease liabilities (as shown in the consolidated statement of financial position) less cash and bank balances and pledged deposits.

6. 資本風險管理

本集團通過根據風險水平給予產品及服務相應 定價,以及確保按合理成本取得融資之方式管 理資本,其主要目標為保持本集團之實體具持 續經營之能力,以確保本集團能為本公司股東 持續提供回報,並為其他權益相關者提供利 益。

董事積極並定時審視及管理本集團之資本架 構,透過以完善資本狀況支持優化債務及於經 濟條件發生變動時對資本架構作出調整,為本 公司股東爭取最大之回報。本集團整體策略與 二零二三年維持不變。

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,本集團之資 本架構主要由債務(包括銀行及金融機構之借 貸、租賃負債、抵押存款、定期存款、銀行結 餘及現金),以及股本權益總額(包括已發行股 本、儲備、保留溢利及非控股權益)組成。董 事考慮資本成本及各類股本相關之風險,以按 資本與負債比率監控其資本架構。本集團之資 本與負債比率之目標不高於50%,按債務淨額 與股本權益之比例釐定。該比率表述為債務淨 額與股本權益總額之百分比。債務淨額乃按借 貸總額及租賃負債(如綜合財務狀況報表所示) 減現金及銀行結餘以及抵押存款計算。

6. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Cont'd)

6. 資本風險管理(續)

The gearing ratios were as follows:

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資本與負債比率如下:
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		2024 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 HK\$'000 千港元
Borrowings – current (note (i))	借貸 – 流動性質(附註(i))	1,655,774	2,191,525
Borrowings – non-current (note (i))	借貸 – 非流動性質(附註(i))	1,272,684	1,660,323
Lease liabilities – current (note (ii))	租賃負債 – 流動性質(附註(ii))	36,890	43,275
Lease liabilities – non-current (note (ii))	租賃負債 – 非流動性質(附註 (ii))	1,795	38,684
Total debt Less: Cash and bank balances and pledged deposits (note (iii))	債務總額 減:現金及銀行結餘以及 抵押存款(附註 (iii))	2,967,143 (2,779,487)	3,933,807 (745,157)
Net debt (total debt less cash and bank balances and pledged deposits)	債務淨額 (債務總額減現金及銀行結餘 以及抵押存款)	187,656	3,188,650
Net debt Less: Securities investments and	債務淨額 減:證券投資及	187,656	3,188,650
treasury products (note (iv))	財資產品(附註(iv))	(365,678)	(342,409)
Net (cash) debt (net debt less securities investments and treasury products)	(現金)債務淨額 (債務淨額減證券投資及 財資產品)	(178,022)	2,846,241
Total equity (note (v))	股本權益總額(附註 (v))	12,090,744	14,235,101
Net debt to equity ratio (excluding securities investments and treasury products)	債務淨額與股本權益比率 (不包括證券投資及 財資產品)	1.6%	22.4%
Net debt to equity ratio (including securities investments and treasury products)	債務淨額與股本權益比率 (包括證券投資及 財資產品)	Net cash position 現金淨額狀況	20.0%

6. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Cont'd)

Notes:

- (i) Borrowings are detailed in Note 34.
- (ii) Lease liabilities are detailed in Note 21(b).
- (iii) Cash and bank balances and pledged deposits comprise time deposits, bank balances and cash and pledged deposits at the end of the reporting period.
- Securities investments and treasury products comprise securities investments and treasury products as detailed in Notes 25(i),
 (ii) and (iii) (2023: also included a derivative financial instrument under current liabilities).
- (v) Total equity includes issued share capital, reserves, retained profits and non-controlling interests at the end of the reporting period.

The net debt to equity ratio decreased significantly was mainly due to decrease in net debt as a result of significant increase in cash and deposits at banks.

In relation to brokerage business, Fair Eagle Finance Credit Limited, Fair Eagle Futures Company Limited and Fair Eagle Securities Company Limited, three wholly-owned subsidiaries of the Company, are required to maintain financial resources in accordance with the specified amount requirements that apply to them under the Securities and Futures Ordinance imposed by Securities and Futures Commission. The requirements are internally reviewed on a daily basis and reports are required to submit to Securities and Futures Commission monthly. Full compliance is observed during the year.

Save as disclosed above, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries are subject to externally imposed capital requirements.

6. 資本風險管理(續)

附註:

- (i) 借貸於附註34詳述。
- (ii) 租賃負債於附註21(b)詳述。
- (iii) 於報告期末之現金及銀行結餘以及抵押存 款包括定期存款、銀行結餘及現金以及抵 押存款。
- (iv) 證券投資及財資產品包括證券投資及財資 產品於附註25(i)、(ii)及(iii)詳述(二零二三 年:且包括流動負債中之衍生金融工具)。
- (v) 於報告期末之股本權益總額包括已發行股本、儲備、保留溢利及非控股權益。

債務淨額與股本權益比率顯著下降主要由於現 金及銀行存款大幅增加導致債務淨額減少。

就經紀業務而言,本公司三間全資擁有附屬公 司天發金融有限公司、天發期貨有限公司及天 發證券有限公司須按證券及期貨事務監察委員 會所頒布適用於彼等之證券及期貨條例之特定 金額要求而保持財務資源。該等要求每日經內 部審閱並須每月向證券及期貨事務監察委員會 遞交報告。於本年度已悉數遵守。

除上文披露者外,本公司或其任何附屬公司並 不受外來股本要求之限制。

7. REVENUE

Revenue represents the aggregate amounts of commission from brokerage, settlement charges from brokerage, cosmetics goods sold less returns, building and property management services income, amounts received and receivable from property rental income, interest income from bonds and structured products, dividend income from listed and unlisted equity investments and gain on sales of investments held-for-trading. Revenue is analysed as follows:

7. 收入

收入乃指經紀佣金、經紀服務之交易費用、扣 除退貨後之化妝品銷售、樓宇及物業管理服務 收入、已收及應收之物業租金收入、債券及結 構性產品之利息收入、上市及非上市股本投資 之股息收入以及出售持作買賣之投資收益之合 計金額。收入分析如下:

		2024 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 HK\$'000 千港元
Revenue from contracts with customers: <i>Recognised on a point in time basis</i> Brokerage and cosmetics income	與客戶合約之收入: 按於某一時點之基準確認 經紀服務及化妝品銷售收入	13,528	14,107
<i>Recognised on over time basis</i> Building and property management services income	<i>按於一段時間內之基準確認</i> 樓宇及物業管理服務收入	51,986	51,694
		65,514	65,801
Revenue from other sources: Property rental income Interest income from	其他來源之收入: 物業租金收入 利息收入	204,616	257,223
bonds (note (i))structured products (note (i))	- 債券(附註(i)) - 結構性產品(附註(i))	10,308 -	8,850 253
Dividend income from	股息收入	10,308	9,103
listed equity investments (note (i))unlisted equity investments (note (ii))	- 上市股本投資(附註(i)) - 非上市股本投資(附註(ii))	2,486 38,000	5,053 76,600
Gain on sales of investments held-for-trading	出售持作買賣之投資收益	40,486 15,888	81,653 65,809
		271,298	413,788
Total revenue	收入總額	336,812	479,589
Notes: (i) The interest income from bonds and struc dividend income from listed equity investmen financial assets measured at FVTPL.	ts were derived from 本投	运結構性產品之利息 資之股息收入乃來自 值計量之金融資產。	

(ii) The dividend income from unlisted equity investments was derived from financial assets measured at FVTOCI.

非上市股本投資之股息收入乃來自通過其 (ii) 他全面收益以反映公平值計量之金融資 產。

8. OPERATING SEGMENTS

The Group determines its operating segments based on the reports reviewed by the chief operating decision-makers that are used to make strategic decisions.

The Group has six reportable segments – (i) property development and trading; (ii) property leasing for retail; (iii) property leasing for non-retail; (iv) listed equity investments at FVTOCI; (v) investments and treasury products at FVTPL; and (vi) unlisted investments, investment holding and brokerage, and the remaining businesses of the Group grouped under all other segments. The segmentations are based on the information about the operations of the Group that management of the Group uses to make decisions.

Principal activities are as follows:

Property development and trading	_	Property development and sales of trading properties
Property leasing		
– Retail	_	Property leasing from retail properties
– Non-retail	-	Property leasing from non-retail properties
Listed equity investments at FVTOCI	_	Listed equity securities at FVTOCI
Investments and treasury products at FVTPL	_	Securities investments in investments held-for-trading, OTC trading and structured products
Unlisted investments, investment holding and brokerage	_	Unlisted securities investments, trading and brokerage
All other segments	_	Cosmetics distribution and trading, provision of building and property management services and others

The Group evaluates performance on the basis of profit or loss from operations after tax expense and non-controlling interests but not including the major non-cash items. The major non-cash items are unrealised fair value changes on investment properties and other properties together with, if applicable, their respective deferred tax.

No operating segments have been aggregated in arriving at the six reportable segments described above.

8. 營運分類

本集團根據主要營運決策者用於作出策略決定 時審閱之報告以釐定營運分類。

本集團擁有六項可呈報分類 - (i)物業發展及 買賣、(ii)零售物業租賃、(iii)非零售物業租 賃、(iv)通過其他全面收益以反映公平值之上 市股本投資、(v)通過損益以反映公平值之投 資及財資產品以及(vi)非上市投資、投資控股 及經紀服務,以及本集團歸類為所有其他分類 之餘下業務。上述分類方式乃基於本集團之營 運資料以供本集團管理層作出決策之用。

主要業務活動如下:

物業發展及買賣	_	物業發展及買賣物業
		銷售
物業租賃		
-零售	-	來自零售物業租賃
- 非零售	_	來自非零售物業租賃
通過其他全面收益	_	通過其他全面收益
以反映公平值之		以反映公平值之
上市股本投資		上市股本證券
通過損益以反映	_	於持作買賣之證券
公平值之投資		投資、場外交易及
及財資產品		結構性產品
非上市投資、投資	_	非上市證券投資、買賣
控股及經紀服務		及經紀服務
所有其他分類	_	化妝品分銷及貿易、
		提供樓宇及物業管理
		服務以及其他

本集團以扣除税項開支及非控股權益後來自經 營之損益(惟不包括主要非現金項目)為基準評 估表現。主要非現金項目為投資物業及其他物 業之未變現公平值變動連同其相關之遞延税項 (如適用)。

概無營運分類合併成為以上所述之六項可呈報 分類。

8. OPERATING SEGMENTS (Cont'd)

Unallocated corporate assets mainly comprised right-of-use assets and tax recoverable (2023: also included land and building for own use and deferred tax assets).

Unallocated corporate liabilities mainly comprised tax liabilities, borrowings, amounts due to associates, amounts due to investee companies, amounts due to non-controlling shareholders, lease liabilities and deferred tax liabilities.

The Group's reportable segments are strategic business units that operate different activities. They are managed separately because each business unit has different markets and requires different marketing strategies.

Further, the business units are also managed to operate in different countries separately. Revenue and results are attributed to countries on the basis of the property or asset location.

There was no major customer who individually accounted for 10% or more of the Group's revenue during the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023. 8. 營運分類(續)

未分攤之公司資產主要包括使用權資產及可收 回税款(二零二三年:且包括自用之土地及樓 宇以及遞延税項資產)。

未分攤之公司負債主要包括税項負債、借貸、 欠負聯營公司款項、欠負接受投資公司款項、 欠負非控股股東款項、租賃負債以及遞延税項 負債。

本集團可呈報分類為營運不同活動之策略業務 單元。由於各業務單元擁有不同市場,且要求 不同市場策略,故彼等受個別管理。

此外,業務單元亦於不同國家受個別營運管 理。各國應佔收入及業績乃按物業或資產所在 地為基準。

於截至二零二四年及二零二三年十二月三十一 日止年度,並無主要客戶之個別收入佔本集團 收入之10%或以上。

8. OPERATING SEGMENTS (Cont'd)

Operating segment information is presented below:

Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income

For the year ended 31 December 2024

8. 營運分類(續)

營運分類資料呈列如下:

綜合全面收益報表

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

		Property development	Property 物業利		Listed equity investments	Investments and treasury products	Unlisted investments, investment holding and	All other	
		and trading	Retail	Non-retail	at FVTOCI 通過其他全面 收益以反映	products at FVTPL 通過損益 以反映	brokerage 非上市投資、	segments	Consolidated
		物業發展 及買賣	零售	非零售	公平值之 上市股本投資	公平值之 投資及財資產品	投資控股及 經紀服務	所有 其他分類	综合
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$′000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Major cash items excluding in revenue	收入以外之主要現金項目								
– Hong Kong	- 香港	-	-	-	-	141,803	-	-	141,803
- Other countries	- 其他國家	-	-	-	-	52,527	-	-	52,527
	:	-	-	-	-	194,330	-	-	194,330
Revenue Dividend and interest income and gain on sales of investments held-for-trading	收入 股息及利息收入以及 出售持作買賣之 投資收益								
– Hong Kong	- 香港	38,000	-	-	-	21,144	-	-	59,144
 Other countries Revenue from external customers 	- 其他國家 來自外部客戶之收入	-	-	-	-	7,538	-	-	7,538
– Hong Kong	- 香港	-	33,859	100,682	-	-	2,864	62,650	200,055
– United Kingdom	- 英國	-	32,494	37,104	-	-	-	-	69,598
– Mainland China	- 中國大陸	-	-	477	-	-	-	-	477
	:	38,000	66,353	138,263	-	28,682	2,864	62,650	336,812
Revenue (excluding dividend income from segments of property development and trading and property leasing)	收入(物業發展及買賣以及 物業租賃分類之股息收入 除外)	_	66.353	138,263		28.682	2,864	62.650	298.812
Attributable property sales from	應佔一間接受投資公司	-	00,333	130,203	-	20,002	2,004	02,030	230,012
an investee company – Hong Kong Attributable rental revenue from	物業銷售 - 香港 應佔聯營公司/接受投資公司	12,390	-	-	-	-	-	-	12,390
associates/investee companies	租金收入								
– Hong Kong – Mainland China	香港 中國大陸	-	15,461 50,066	50,524 5,343	-	-	-	-	65,985 55,409
		12,390	131,880	194,130	-	28,682	2,864	62,650	432,596
Results	業績 分類業績								
Segment results – Hong Kong		44,925	30,845	94,550	-	11,023	36,999	37,248	255,590
– United Kingdom	- 英國	-	29,849	20,748	-	-	6,547	-	57,144
 Mainland China Other countries 	– 中國大陸 – 其他國家	-	-	277	-	- (15,463)	3,388	-	3,665
	- 六個的家 .	-	-	-	-	(13,403)	-	-	(15,463)
		44,925	60,694	115,575	-	(4,440)	46,934	37,248	300,936

8. OPERATING SEGMENTS (Cont'd)

8. 營運分類(續)

Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income (Cont'd)

For the year ended 31 December 2024

綜合全面收益報表(續)

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

		Property development	Property 物業租		Listed equity investments	Investments and treasury products	Unlisted investments, investment holding and	All other	
		and trading	Retail	Non-retail	at FVTOCI 通過其他全面 收益以反映	at FVTPL 通過損益 以反映	brokerage 非上市投資、	segments	Consolidated
		物業發展 及買賣 HK\$′000 千港元	零售 HK\$'000 千港元	非零售 HK\$′000 千港元	公平值之 上市股本投資 HK\$′000 千港元	公平值之 投資及財資產品 HK\$′000 千港元	投資控股及 經紀服務 HK\$′000 千港元	所有 其他分類 HK\$′000 千港元	綜合 HK\$′000 千港元
Share of results of investments accounted for using the equity method – Attributable gross income	攤佔以權益法入賬投資之 業績 - 應佔收入總額								
– Hong Kong – Mainland China – Attributable operating cost	- 香港 - 中國大陸 - 應佔營運成本	-	14,960 50,066	50,177 5,343	-	:	:	2,399 -	67,536 55,409
– Hong Kong – Mainland China	香港 中國大陸	-	(1,919) (18,349)	(4,169) (3,133)	-	-	-	-	(6,088) (21,482)
Other income Share of results of investments accounted	其他收入 攤佔以權益法入賬投資之	44,925 _	105,452 _	163,793 12,292	-	(4,440) _	46,934 _	39,647 _	396,311 12,292
for using the equity method – Income tax and others	業績 所得税及其他	-	(23,835)	(2,806)	-	-	-	(228)	(26,869)
		44,925	81,617	173,279	-	(4,440)	46,934	39,419	381,734
Unallocated items Unallocated corporate expenses, net Finance costs Loss on disposal of a subsidiary Income tax credit Non-controlling interests Operating loss for the year attributable to owners of the Company Realised fair value changes on	未分難項目 未分難之公司開支浮額 財務費用 出售一閒附屬公司之虧損 所得税撥回 非控設權益 本公司擁有人應佔 本年度之經營虧損 於本年度確認出售投資物業								(280,675) (213,425) (100,142) 16,044 (411) (196,875)
disposals of investment properties (including share of results of investments accounted for using the equity method) recognised in current year Major non-cash items – Unrealised fair value changes on investment properties (including share of results of investments accounted for using the equity method)	之已變現公平值變動 (包括鑽佔以權益法入賬 投資之業績) 主要非現金項目 - 投資物業之未變現 公平值變動 (包括攤佔以權益法 入賬投資之業績)								(76,913) (1,834,543)
Loss for the year attributable to owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔 本年度之虧損								(2,108,331)
Core loss (excluding major non-cash items) Operating loss for the year attributable to owners of the Company	核心虧損 (不包括主要非現金項目) 本公司擁有人應佔 本年度之經營虧損								(196,875)
Accumulated realised fair value changes on disposals of investment properties (including share of results of investments accounted for using the equity method)	出售投資物業之累積已變現 公平值變動 (包括攤佔以權益法入賬 投資之業績)								
 Recognised in current year Recognised in prior years 	– 於本年度確認 – 於過往年度確認								(76,913) (215,502)
Core loss for the year attributable to owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔 本年度之核心虧損								(489,290)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 综合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

8. OPERATING SEGMENTS (Cont'd)

8. 營運分類(續)

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

At 31 December 2024

綜合財務狀況報表

於二零二四年十二月三十一日

		Property development	Property 物業科		Listed equity investments	Investments and treasury products	Unlisted investments, investment holding and	All other	
		and trading	Retail	Non-retail	at FVTOCI 通過其他全面	at FVTPL 通過損益	brokerage	segments	Consolidated
					收益以反映	以反映	非上市投資、		
		物業發展			公平值之	公平值之	投資控股及	所有	
		及買賣	零售	非零售	上市股本投資	投資及財資產品	經紀服務	其他分類	綜合
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Assets	資產								
Segment assets	分類資產								
– Hong Kong	- 香港	484.010	1,855,858	5,211,133	-	299.202	1,263,363	147,384	9,260,950
– United Kingdom	- 英國	-	786,905	3,475,528	-	-	-	-	4,262,433
– Mainland China	- 中國大陸	105,482	-	27,156	-	-	-	-	132,638
- Other countries	- 其他國家	-	-	-	-	74,586	47	-	74,633
Investments accounted for using the equity method	以權益法入賬之投資								
– Hong Kong	- 香港	49,751	349,507	1,300,725	-	-	1,339	3,764	1,705,086
– Mainland China	- 中國大陸	-	73,153	83,848	-	-	-	-	157,001
Advances to associates	墊付聯營公司款項								
– Hong Kong	- 香港	1,959	-	152	-	-	2	3	2,116
– Mainland China	- 中國大陸	-	26,659	30,557	-	-	-	-	57,216
Reportable segment assets	可呈報分類資產	641,202	3,092,082	10,129,099	-	373,788	1,264,751	151,151	15,652,073
Unallocated corporate assets	未分攤之公司資產								49,232
Consolidated total assets	綜合資產總額								15,701,305
Liabilities	負債								
Segment liabilities	分類負債								
– Hong Kong	- 香港	33,370	12,971	128,727	-	1,073	12,670	14,520	203,331
– United Kingdom	- 英國	-	16,990	352,465	-	-	-	-	369,455
– Mainland China	- 中國大陸	34	-	227	-	-	-	-	261
Reportable segment liabilities	可呈報分類負債	33,404	29,961	481,419	-	1,073	12,670	14,520	573,047
Unallocated corporate liabilities	未分攤之公司負債								3,037,514
Consolidated total liabilities	綜合負債總額								3,610,561
Additions to non-current assets (other than financial instruments	非流動資產添置 (金融工具及遞延								
and deferred tax assets)	税項資產除外)	4	107	379,274	-	-	61	7,072	

8. OPERATING SEGMENTS (Cont'd)

8. 營運分類(續)

Other Material Items

For the year ended 31 December 2024

其他重大項目

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

Adjustments for realised for major statement of comprehensive Reportable for unallocated fair value non-cash comprehensive segments items changes items items items UP 未分費項目 公平僅變動 主要非現金 综合全面 可呈報分類 之調整 之調整 項目之調整 收益報表 HK5'000 HK5'000 HK5'000 HK5'000 HK5'000 打槽で打磨 千港元 千港元 千港元 千港元 Finance costs 財務費用 - (213,425) - - Net income (expenses) 收入(開支)淨額 68,121 (213,425) - - (213,425) Depreciation of: - - (60,718) - - (145,304) Depreciation of: - - (60,718) - - (60,718) - Property, plant and equipment - - (60,718) - - (60,718) - Property, plant and equipment -					Adjustments	Adjustments	Consolidated
segments items changes items changes 市谷費項目 公平值變動 主要非現金 综合全面 可呈報分類 之調整 項目之調整 收益報表 可呈報分類 之調整 2調整 項目之調整 收益報表 HK5'000 HK5'000 HK5'000 HK5'000 HK5'000 HK5'000 「市在recosts 利息收入 68,121 - - 68,121 Finance costs 財務費用 (213,423) - - (213,425) Net income (expenses) 收入(開支)淨額 68,121 (213,425) - - (145,304) Depreciation of: - (60,718) - - (60,718) - Property, plant and equipment - 物葉 廠房及設備 - (60,718) - - (60,718) - Right-of-use assets - 使用罐資產 - (45,763) - (45,763) Fair value changes on investment properties 投資物業之公平値變動 - (77,092) (1,654,684) (1,731,776)				Adjustments	for realised	for major	statement of
市政部 日間 1 13 13 1			Reportable	for unallocated	fair value	non-cash	comprehensive
未分攤項目 公平值變動 主要非現金 综合全面 可呈報分類 之調整 項目之調整 收益報表 HK5'000 HK5'000 HK5'000 HK5'000 HK5'000 千港元 千港元 千港元 千港元 千港元 Interest income 利息收入 68,121 - - 66,121 Finance costs 財務費用 - (213,425) - (213,425) Net income (expenses) 收入(開支)淨額 68,121 (213,425) - - (213,425) Depreciation of: - - (145,304) Depreciation of: - - (60,718) - - (60,718) - Property, plant and equipment - - - (60,718) - - (60,718) - Right-of-use assets - - (45,763) - - (45,763) Fair value changes on investment properties 投資物業之公平值愛動 - - (77,092) (1,654,684) (1,731,776)			segments	items	changes	items	income
可呈報分類 HKS'000 干港元之調整 之調整 					已變現		
HKS'000 HKS'00 HKS'00				未分攤項目	公平值變動	主要非現金	綜合全面
千港元 千港元 千港元 千港元 千港元 千港元 千港元 Interest income 利息收入 68,121 - - - 68,121 Finance costs 財務費用 - (213,425) - - (213,425) Net income (expenses) 收入(開支)淨額 68,121 (213,425) - - (145,304) Depreciation of: - - (60,718) - - (60,718) - Property, plant and equipment - - (60,718) - - (60,718) - Right-of-use assets - (45,763) - - (45,763) - (45,763) Fair value changes on investment properties 投資物業之公平值變動 - - (77,092) (1,654,684) (1,731,776)			可呈報分類	之調整	之調整	項目之調整	收益報表
Interest income 利息收入 68,121 - - - 68,121 Finance costs 財務費用 (213,425) - - (213,425) Net income (expenses) 收入(開支)淨額 68,121 (213,425) - - (145,304) Depreciation of: · (60,718) - - (60,718) Property, plant and equipment - · · (60,718) - - (60,718) - · · · · · (45,763) - - (45,763) Fair value changes on investment properties 投資物業之公平值變動 - · (77,092) (1,654,684) (1,731,776)			HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Finance costs財務費用-(213,425)(213,425)Net income (expenses)收入(開支)淨額68,121(213,425)(145,304)Depreciation of:-(145,304)-Property, plant and equipment%(60,718)(60,718)-Right-of-use assets-(使用權資產-(45,763)(45,763)Fair value changes on investment properties投資物業之公平值變動(77,092)(1,654,684)(1,731,776)			千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Finance costs財務費用-(213,425)(213,425)Net income (expenses)收入(開支)淨額68,121(213,425)(145,304)Depreciation of:-(145,304)-Property, plant and equipment%(60,718)(60,718)-Right-of-use assets-(使用權資產-(45,763)(45,763)Fair value changes on investment properties投資物業之公平值變動(77,092)(1,654,684)(1,731,776)							
Net income (expenses) 收入(開支)淨額 68,121 (213,425) - - (145,304) Depreciation of: 折舊: - - (60,718) - - (60,718) - Property, plant and equipment - - (60,718) - - (60,718) - Right-of-use assets - 使用權資產 - (45,763) - - (45,763) Fair value changes on investment properties 投資物業之公平值變動 - - (77,092) (1,654,684) (1,731,776)	Interest income	利息收入	68,121	-	-	-	68,121
Depreciation of: 折舊: - Property, plant and equipment - 物業、廠房及設備 - (60,718) - (60,718) - Right-of-use assets - 使用權資產 - (45,763) - (45,763) Fair value changes on investment properties 投資物業之公平值變動 - (77,092) (1,654,684) (1,731,776)	Finance costs	財務費用	-	(213,425)	-	-	(213,425)
- Property, plant and equipment - 物業、廠房及設備 - (60,718) - (60,718) - Right-of-use assets - 使用權資產 - (45,763) - (45,763) Fair value changes on investment properties 投資物業之公平值變動 - (77,092) (1,654,684) (1,731,776)	Net income (expenses)	收入(開支)淨額	68,121	(213,425)	-	-	(145,304)
- Property, plant and equipment - 物業、廠房及設備 - (60,718) - (60,718) - Right-of-use assets - 使用權資產 - (45,763) - (45,763) Fair value changes on investment properties 投資物業之公平值變動 - (77,092) (1,654,684) (1,731,776)							
- Right-of-use assets - 使用權資產 - (45,763) - (45,763) Fair value changes on investment properties 投資物業之公平值變動 - (77,092) (1,654,684) (1,731,776)	Depreciation of:	折舊:					
Fair value changes on investment properties 投資物業之公平值變動 - - (77,092) (1,654,684) (1,731,776)	 Property, plant and equipment 	- 物業、廠房及設備	-	(60,718)	-	-	(60,718)
	 Right-of-use assets 	- 使用權資產	-	(45,763)	-	-	(45,763)
Share of results of investments accounted 攤佔以權益法入賬投資之	Fair value changes on investment properties	投資物業之公平值變動	-	-	(77,092)	(1,654,684)	(1,731,776)
	Share of results of investments accounted	攤佔以權益法入賬投資之					
for using the equity method 業績 68,506 - 179 (179,859) (111,174)	for using the equity method	業績	68,506	-	179	(179,859)	(111,174)
Income tax credit 所得税撥回 - 16,044 16,044	Income tax credit	所得税撥回	-	16,044	-	-	16,044
Non-controlling interests 非控股權益 - (411) - - (411)	Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	-	(411)	-	-	(411)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 综合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

8. OPERATING SEGMENTS (Cont'd)

8. 營運分類(續)

Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income

For the year ended 31 December 2023

綜合全面收益報表

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度

		Property development and trading	Property le 物業租 Retail	easing 賃 Non-retail	Listed equity investments at FVTOCI	Investments and treasury products at FVTPL	Unlisted investments, investment holding and brokerage	All other segments	Consolidated
		物業發展 及買賣 HK\$ [°] 000 千港元	零售 H K\$ '000 千港元	非零售 HK\$'000 千港元	通過其他全面 收益以反映 公平值之 上市股本投資 HK\$'000 千港元	通過損益 以反映 公平值之 投資及財資產品 HK \$'000 千港元	非上市投資、 投資控股及 經紀服務 HK\$'000 千港元	所有 其他分類 HK \$ '000 千港元	綜合 H K\$'000 千港元
Major cash items excluding in revenue	收入以外之主要現金項目								
– Hong Kong – Other countries	– 香港 – 其他國家	- -	- -	- -	44,662	328,217 490,974	- -	- -	372,879 490,974
		-	-	-	44,662	819,191	-	-	863,853
Revenue Dividend and interest income and gain on sales of investments held-for-trading	收入 股息及利息收入以及 出售持作買賣之 投資收益 - 香港	70.000				17.255		c00	07.055
– Hong Kong – Other countries Revenue from external customers	- 省沧 - 其他國家 來自外部客戶之收入	76,000	-	-	-	17,255 62,710	-	600	93,855 62,710
– Hong Kong – United Kingdom	- 香港 - 英國	-	30,525 31,613	121,433 73,652	-	-	3,032	62,769 _	217,759 105,265
		76,000	62,138	195,085	-	79,965	3,032	63,369	479,589
Revenue (excluding dividend income from segments of property development and trading and property leasing) Attributable property sales from an investee company	收入(物業發展及買賣以及 物業租賃分類之股息收入 除外) 應佔一間接受投資公司 物業銷售	_	62,138	195,085	-	79,965	3,032	63,369	403,589
– Hong Kong Attributable rental revenue from	- 香港 應佔聯營公司/接受投資公司	120,229	-	-	-	-	-	-	120,229
associates/investee companies – Hong Kong – Mainland China	租金收入 香港 中國大陸 	-	16,248 49,140	49,916 5,960	-		-	-	66,164 55,100
		120,229	127,526	250,961	-	79,965	3,032	63,369	645,082
Results Segment results – Hong Kong – United Kingdom – Mainland China – Other countries	業績 分類業績 - 英國 - 中國國國國 - 其他國家	76,000 _ _ _	26,030 28,865 _ _	116,890 65,059 (13) -	- - -	(89,515) 67,271	30,189 3,671 3,364 754	37,556 - - -	197,150 97,595 3,351 68,025
		76,000	54,895	181,936	-	(22,244)	37,978	37,556	366,121

8. OPERATING SEGMENTS (Cont'd)

8. 營運分類(續)

Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income (Cont'd)

For the year ended 31 December 2023

綜合全面收益報表(續)

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度

		Property development and trading 物業發展 发買賣 HK\$*000 千港元	Property I 物業和 Retail K\$*000 千港元		Listed equity investments at PVTOCI 通過其他全面 收益以反使之 上市限失2000 千港元	Investments and treasury products at FVTPL 通過預益 以反映 公平值之 投資及單位 HK\$'0000 干港元	Unlisted investments, investment holding and brokerage 非上市投資、 投資控股務 HK\$*000 千港元	All other segments 所有 其他分類 HK\$'000 千港元	Consolidated 综合 HK\$'000 千港元
Share of results of investments accounted for using the equity method – Attributable gross income – Hong Kong – Mainland China	 攤佔以權益法入賬投資之 業績 一應佔收入總額 一香港 一中山町河市 	-	15,789 49,140	49,529 5,960	-	-	-	2,294	67,612 55,100
– Attributable operating cost – Hong Kong – Mainland China	- 應佔營運成本 - 香港 - 中國大陸	-	(1,623) (19,612)	(9,555) (3,320)	-	-	-	-	(11,178) (22,932)
Other income Share of results of investments accounted	其他收入 攤佔以權益法入賬投資之	76,000 _	98,589	224,550 13,436	-	(22,244) _	37,978 _	39,850 -	454,723 13,436
for using the equity method – Income tax and others	業績 - 所得税及其他 -	-	38,616	4,839	_	-	-	(61)	43,394
	=	76,000	137,205	242,825	-	(22,244)	37,978	39,789	511,553
Unallocated items Unallocated corporate expenses, net Finance costs Income tax expense Non-controlling interests	未分難項目 未分難之公司開支淨額 財務費用 所得税開支 非控股權益							-	(317,153) (223,373) (38,950) (307)
Operating loss for the year attributable to owners of the Company Deferred tax credit on realised fair value changes on disposal of an investment property recognised in	本公司擁有人應佔 本年度之經營虧損 於本年度確認出售投資 物業之已變現公平值變動 相關之遞延稅項撥回								(68,230)
current year Major non-cash items – Unrealised fair value changes on investment properties (including share of results of investments accounted for using the equity method) – Deferred tax credit	主要非現金項目 - 投資物業之未變現 公平值變動 (包括操佔以權益法 入賬投資之業績) - 遞延稅項發回								528 133,270 11,264
Profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔 本年度之溢利							-	76,832
Core loss (excluding major non-cash items) Operating loss for the year attributable to owners of the Company Accumulated realised fair value changes and related deferred tax on disposal of an investment property	核心虧損 (不包括主要非現金項目) 本公司擁有人應佔 本年度之經營虧損 出售投資物業之累積 已變現久平值變動及其 相關之遞延税項								(68,230)
 Recognised in current year Recognised in prior years 	於本年度確認 於過往年度確認							-	528 521
Core loss for the year attributable to owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔 本年度之核心虧損							:	(67,181)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 综合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

8. OPERATING SEGMENTS (Cont'd)

8. 營運分類(續)

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

At 31 December 2023

		Property development and trading 物業發展 及買賣 HK\$*000 千港元	Property 物業和 Retail KK ⁶ 000 千港元		Listed equity investments at FVTOCI 通過其他全面映 公平值之 上市版本投資 HK\$*000 干港元	Investments and treasury products at F/IPIL 通過預益 以平值之 投資及財資產品 HK\$ ⁶⁰⁰⁰ 千港元	Unlisted investments, investment holding and brokerage 非上市投資、 投資控股及 經紀服務 HK\$'000 千港元	All other segments 所有 其他分類 HK\$'000 千港元	Consolidated 综合 HK\$*000 千港元
Assets	資產								
Segment assets – Hong Kong – United Kingdom – Mainland China – Other countries Investments accounted for	 分類資產 一 茶園 - 中國大陸 - 其他國家 以 補益法入賬之投資 	700,602 _ 108,018 _	1,242,024 951,704 _ _	6,116,023 6,284,203 104 –	- - -	229,910 - _ 117,916	299,745 - _ 106	247,838 - - -	8,836,142 7,235,907 108,122 118,022
using the equity method – Hong Kong – Mainland China Advances to associates	- 香港 - 中國大陸 塾付聯營公司款項	43,426 _	392,433 72,258	1,431,632 90,493	-	-	1,582 -	4,325	1,873,398 162,751
– Hong Kong – Mainland China	– 香港 – 中國大陸	1,945	25,706	162 32,194	-	-	3	3	2,113 57,900
Reportable segment assets	可呈報分類資產	853,991	2,684,125	13,954,811	-	347,826	301,436	252,166	18,394,355
Unallocated corporate assets	未分攤之公司資產							-	151,111
Consolidated total assets	綜合資產總額							-	18,545,466
Liabilities Segment liabilities	負債 分類負債								
– Hong Kong – United Kingdom – Mainland China – Other countries	- 香港 - 英國 - 中國大陸 - 其他國家	36,717 - 35 -	16,128 18,447 –	97,335 76,429 32 -	6 - - -	284 - - 2	9,945 - 2 -	18,844 _ _ _	179,259 94,876 69 2
Reportable segment liabilities	可呈報分類負債	36,752	34,575	173,796	6	286	9,947	18,844	274,206
Unallocated corporate liabilities	未分攤之公司負債								4,036,159
Consolidated total liabilities	綜合負債總額							:	4,310,365
Additions to non-current assets (other than financial instruments and deferred tax assets)	非流動資產添置 (金融工具及遞延 税項資產除外)		233	319,898		-	207	402	

於二零二三年十二月三十一日

8. OPERATING SEGMENTS (Cont'd)

8. 營運分類(續)

Other Material Items

For the year ended 31 December 2023

其他重大項目

截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度

				Adjustment	Adjustments	Consolidated
			Adjustments	related to	for major	statement of
		Reportable	for unallocated	realised fair	non-cash	comprehensive
		segments	items	value changes	items	income
				與已變現		
			未分攤項目	公平值變動	主要非現金	綜合全面
		可呈報分類	之調整	相關之調整	項目之調整	收益報表
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Interest income	利息收入	46,425	_	-	-	46,425
Finance costs	財務費用	-	(223,373)	-	-	(223,373)
Net income (expenses)	收入(開支)淨額	46,425	(223,373)	-	-	(176,948)
Depreciation of:	折舊:					
- Property, plant and equipment	- 物業、廠房及設備	-	(58,791)	-	-	(58,791)
– Right-of-use assets	- 使用權資產	-	(45,811)	-	-	(45,811)
Fair value changes on investment properties	投資物業之公平值變動	-	-	-	(31,007)	(31,007)
Share of results of investments accounted	攤佔以權益法入賬投資之					
for using the equity method	業績	131,996	-	-	164,277	296,273
Income tax (expense) credit	所得税(開支)撥回	-	(38,950)	528	11,264	(27,158)
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	-	(307)	-	-	(307)

9. OTHER INCOME

9. 其他收入

		2024 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 HK\$ ['] 000 千港元
Included in other income are:	其他收入包括:		
Rental services income Leasing administration services and	租賃服務收入 租務行政服務及物業行政服務	3,033	3,252
property administration services income	收入	4,881	5,121
Advisory and consultancy services income	諮詢及顧問服務收入	45	39
Dilapidations settlement and surrender premium received from tenants in respect of properties	就英國物業向租戶收取之 拆卸費用及退租補償		
in the United Kingdom		12,292	13,436
Exchange gain, net	匯兑收益淨額	-	422

10. INVESTMENT INCOME (EXPENSES), NET 10. 投資收入(開支)淨額

		2024 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 HK\$'000 千港元
Financial assets/liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss:	通過損益以反映公平值計量之 金融資產/負債:		
Unrealised loss arising from change in fair value of bonds Realised gain (loss) arising from change in fair value of bonds	債券之公平值變動而產生之 未變現虧損 債券之公平值變動而產生之 已變現收益(虧損)	(12,609)	(65,863)
– Change in fair value – Exchange component of change	- 公平值變動 - 匯兑部分變動	867 616	(6,435) 529
Net loss arising from change in fair value of bonds	債券之公平值變動而產生之 虧損淨額	(11,126)	(71,769)
Unrealised gain (loss) arising from change in fair value of structured products and derivative financial instruments Realised loss arising from change in fair value of structured products and derivative financial instruments	結構性產品及衍生金融工具之 公平值變動而產生之 未變現收益(虧損) 結構性產品及衍生金融工具之 公平值變動而產生之 已變現虧損	(1,773)	(99)
Net loss arising from change in fair value of structured products and derivative financial instruments	結構性產品及衍生金融工具之 公平值變動而產生之 虧損淨額	(1,646)	(713)
Unrealised loss arising from change in fair value of investments held-for-trading	持作買賣之投資之公平值變動 而產生之未變現虧損	(20,508)	(29,820)
Unrealised (loss) gain arising from change in fair value of club and corporate debentures Realised loss arising from change in fair value of a club debenture	會籍及公司債券之公平值變動 而產生之未變現(虧損)收益 會籍債券之公平值變動 而產生之已變現虧損	(2,890) _	1,760 (582)
Net (loss) gain arising from change in fair value of club and corporate debentures	會籍及公司債券之公平值變動 而產生之(虧損)收益淨額	(2,890)	1,178
Realised loss arising from change in fair value of cross currency swap	貨幣掉期之公平值變動 而產生之已變現虧損	-	(1,250)
Other investment income, net	其他投資收入淨額	158	847
Interest income from other financial assets	其他金融資產之利息收入	56,722	36,066
		20,710	(65,461)

11. FINANCE COSTS

11. 財務費用

		2024	2023
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Interest on:	利息:		
Bank borrowings	銀行借貸	216,480	229,066
Other borrowing	其他借貸	7,935	_
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	2,764	3,768
Total interest (Note 39)	利息總額(附註39)	227,179	232,834
Exchange gain on translation of foreign currency	外幣銀行借貸之		
bank borrowing	匯兑收益	-	(1,356)
Other finance costs	其他財務費用	7,792	2,883
		234,971	234,361
Less: Interest capitalised to investment properties	減:撥充興建中投資物業		,
under construction	資本化之利息	(21,546)	(10,988)
		213,425	223,373
		213,423	223,373

During the year ended 31 December 2024, the Group has capitalised borrowing costs at a rate of 5.68% (2023: 5.48%) per annum, amounting to approximately HK\$21,546,000 (2023: HK\$10,988,000) on qualifying assets.

於截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度, 本集團已按年利率5.68厘(二零二三年:5.48 厘)計算撥充合資格資產資本化之借貸成本約 21,546,000港元(二零二三年:10,988,000港 元)。

12. OTHER GAINS AND LOSSES

12. 其他收益及虧損

		2024 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 HK\$'000 千港元
Included in other gains and losses are:	其他收益及虧損包括:		
Loss on disposal of a subsidiary (note) Impairment loss of land and building (Allowance for credit losses) reversal of allowance for credit losses recognised	出售一間附屬公司之虧損(附註) 土地及樓宇之減值虧損 就塾付聯營公司款項 (信貸虧損撥備)撥回之	(100,142) (4,234)	
in respect of advances to associates, net	信貸虧損撥備確認之淨額	(7)	7,326

Note: Loss on disposal of a subsidiary arose from the disposal of the entire issued share capital of State Smart Limited ("State Smart"), an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company on 14 August 2024 ("State Smart Disposal"). At the time of disposal, State Smart held the property located at 14 St George Street, London, United Kingdom. Details of the State Smart Disposal are set out in Note 37. 附註:出售一間附屬公司之虧損乃來自於二零 二四年八月十四日出售邦潁有限公司 (「邦潁」)(本公司之一間間接全資擁有 附屬公司)之全部已發行股本(「邦潁出 售」)。於出售時,邦潁持有位於英國倫敦 St George Street 14號之物業。邦潁出售 之詳情載列於附註37。

13. INCOME TAX (CREDIT) EXPENSE

13. 所得税(撥回)開支

		2024 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 HK\$'000 千港元
The (credit) charge comprises:	(撥回)支出包括:		
Current tax:	當期税項:		
Hong Kong Profits Tax	香港利得税	1,934	3,215
Other than Hong Kong	香港以外地區	17,280	16,066
		19,214	19,281
(Overprovision) underprovision in prior years:	過往年度(超額撥備)撥備不足:		
Hong Kong Profits Tax	香港利得税	(37)	(124)
Other than Hong Kong	香港以外地區	(5,490)	13,454
		(5,527)	13,330
Deferred tax: (Note 30)	遞延税項:(附註30)		
Current year credit	本年度撥回	(29,731)	(5,453)
		(16,044)	27,158

Under the two-tiered profits tax rates regime, the first HK\$2,000,000 of profits of the qualifying group entity will be taxed at 8.25%, and profits above HK\$2,000,000 will be taxed at 16.5%. The profits of group entities not qualifying for the two-tiered profits tax rates regime are taxed at a flat rate of 16.5% (2023: 16.5%). The PRC Enterprise Income Tax for the PRC subsidiaries are calculated at the PRC Enterprise Income Tax rate of 25% (2023: 25%). The Group is subject to tax rate in the United Kingdom at 25% (2023: changed from 19% to 25%). Taxation arising from other jurisdictions is calculated at the rates prevailing in the relevant jurisdictions.

根據利得税兩級制,合資格集團實體首 2,000,000港元之溢利將按税率8.25%課税, 而超過2,000,000港元之溢利將按税率16.5% 課税。不符合利得税兩級制之集團實體之溢 利按統一税率16.5%(二零二三年:16.5%)課 税。中國附屬公司之中國企業所得税乃按中國 企業所得税率25%(二零二三年:25%)計算。 本集團於英國按税率25%(二零二三年:由 19%變為25%)課税。其他司法權區產生之税 項乃按有關司法權區之現行税率計算。 13. INCOME TAX (CREDIT) EXPENSE (Cont'd)

13. 所得税(撥回)開支(續)

The income tax (credit) charge for the year can be reconciled to the (loss) profit before tax per the consolidated statement of comprehensive income as follows: 本年度之所得税(撥回)支出與綜合全面收益報 表之除税前(虧損)溢利對賬如下:

		2024		2023	
		HK\$'000	%	HK\$'000	%
		千港元		千港元	
(Loss) profit before tax	除税前(虧損)溢利	(2,123,964)		104,297	
Tax at the Hong Kong Profits Tax rate of	按香港利得税税率16.5%				
16.5% (2023: 16.5%)	(二零二三年:16.5%)				
	計算之税項	(350,454)	16.5	17,209	16.5
Tax effect of share of results of investments	攤佔以權益法入賬投資之				
accounted for using the equity method	業績之税務影響	18,344	(0.9)	(48,885)	(46.9)
Tax effect of income not taxable for	就税務而言無須課税收入				
tax purposes	之税務影響	(33,959)	1.6	(122,655)	(117.6)
Tax effect of expenses not deductible for	就税務而言不可扣減開支				
tax purposes	之税務影響	353,659	(16.7)	114,011	109.3
Tax effect on accelerated accounting	過往超額撥備				
depreciation over tax depreciation	之加速會計折舊超過				
previously over provided	税務折舊之税務影響	131	-	2,657	2.5
Utilisation of tax losses previously	運用先前未確認之				
not recognised	税務虧損	(3,506)	0.2	(1,958)	(1.9)
Tax effect of tax losses not recognised	未確認之税務虧損之				
	税務影響	28,129	(1.3)	40,356	38.7
(Overprovision) underprovision	過往年度				
in prior years	(超額撥備)撥備不足	(5,527)	0.3	13,330	12.8
Effect of different tax rates of subsidiaries	在其他司法權區經營之				
operating in other jurisdictions	附屬公司適用之				
	不同税率之影響	6,854	(0.3)	(444)	(0.4)
Reversal on deferred tax liabilities previously	撥回先前確認之				
recognised	遞延税項負債	(29,715)	1.4	_	-
Effect on deferred tax resulting from	税率變動對遞延税項之				
change in tax rate	影響	-	-	13,537	13.0
Tax (credit) charge for the year	本年度税項(撥回)支出	(16,044)	0.8	27,158	26.0

14. (LOSS) PROFIT FOR THE YEAR

14. 本年度(虧損)溢利

		2024 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 HK\$'000 千港元
(Loss) profit for the year has been arrived at after (charging) crediting:	本年度(虧損)溢利已 (扣除)計入:		
Total staff costs:	僱員成本總額:		
Staff costs, including Directors' emoluments Retirement benefit scheme contributions, net of forfeited contributions of approximately HK\$205,000	僱員成本(包括董事酬金) 退休福利計劃供款,扣除已 沒收供款約205,000港元 (二零二三年:408,000港元)	(131,532)	(129,920)
(2023: HK\$408,000)		(7,778)	(8,140)
		(139,310)	(138,060)
Auditors' remuneration for audit services:	核數服務之核數師酬金:		
Auditors remaineration for audit services. Auditors of the Company – Current year Other auditors	本公司核數師 一 本年度 其他核數師	(2,050)	(2,128)
– Current year	一 本年度	(667)	(592)
,		(2,717)	(2,720)
Auditors' remuneration for non-audit services: Auditors of the Company	非核數服務之核數師酬金: 本公司核數師	(645)	(450)
Depreciation of:	折舊:		
 Property, plant and equipment Right-of-use assets 	— 物業、廠房及設備 — 使用權資產	(60,718) (45,763)	(58,791) (45,811)
	以 而 惟 貝 庄	(106,481)	(104,602)
		(100,401)	(104,002)
Impairment loss of land and building	土地及樓宇之減值虧損	(4,234)	_
Exchange loss, net	匯兑虧損淨額	(39,438)	_
Rental expenses from short-term leases	短期租賃之租金開支	(3,258)	(3,875)
Cost of cosmetics products sold	銷售化妝品之成本	(4,959)	(5,334)

14. (LOSS) PROFIT FOR THE YEAR (Cont'd) 14. 本年度(虧損)溢利(續)

		2024 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 HK\$'000 千港元
(Loss) profit for the year has been arrived at after (charging) crediting: (Cont'd)	本年度(虧損)溢利已 (扣除)計入:(續)		
Share of tax of investments accounted for using the equity method (included in share of results of investments accounted for using the equity method)	攤佔以權益法入賬投資之税項 (已計入攤佔以權益法入賬 投資之業績)		
– Share of tax (expense) credit of associates	- 攤佔聯營公司税項(開支)撥回	(11,293)	1,786
Gross proceeds on sales of investments held-for-trading Carrying amount of investments	出售持作買賣之投資之 所得款項總額 出售持作買賣之投資之	118,308	617,279
held-for-trading disposed of Transaction costs on sales of investments held-for-trading	賬面值 出售持作買賣之投資之 交易成本	(102,252) (168)	(550,345) (1,125)
Gain on sales of investments held-for-trading included in revenue	計入收入內之出售持作買賣之 投資收益	15,888	65,809
Gross rental income from investment properties Less: Direct operating expenses from investment properties that generated	投資物業租金收入總額 減:本年度產生租金收入之 投資物業直接經營開支	204,616	257,223
rental income during the year Direct operating expenses from investment properties that did not generate	本年度並無產生租金收入之 投資物業直接經營開支	(13,949)	(7,673)
rental income during the year		(14,398)	(12,719)
		176,269	236,831
(Allowance for credit losses) reversal of allowance for credit losses recognised, net in respect of:	就以下項目(信貸虧損撥備)撥回之 信貸虧損撥備確認之淨額:		
– Other receivable – Trade receivables	一應收其他賬項	(20)	-
 – Trade receivables – Advances to associates 	-應收貿易賬項 -墊付聯營公司款項	(19) (7)	_ 7,326
		(- <i>1</i>	

15. DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS

15. 董事酬金

Fees and other emoluments paid or payable to each of the eight (2023: nine) Directors were as follows:

已付或應付予八名(二零二三年:九名)董事各 自之袍金及其他酬金如下:

		2024				20	123		
				Retirement				Retirement	
			Salaries	benefit			Salaries	benefit	
			and other	scheme			and other	scheme	
		Fee	emoluments	contributions	Total	Fee	emoluments	contributions	Total
			薪金及	退休福利			薪金及	退休福利	
		袍金	其他酬金	計劃供款	總額	袍金	其他酬金	計劃供款	總額
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Mr. Lau, Ming-wai	劉鳴煒先生	300	-	-	300	300	-	-	300
Ms. Chan, Hoi-wan	陳凱韻女士	-	100	5	105	-	100	5	105
Ms. Chan, Lok-wan	陳諾韻女士	-	910	78	988	-	906	78	984
Mr. Lam, Kwong-wai	林光蔚先生								
(note (i))	(附註(i))	-	-	-	-	-	1,181	64	1,245
Ms. Amy Lau, Yuk-wai	劉玉慧女士	240	-	-	240	240	-	-	240
Mr. Chan, Kwok-wai	陳國偉先生	300	-	-	300	300	-	-	300
Mr. Leung Yun-fai	梁潤輝先生								
(note (ii))	(附註(ii))	300	-	-	300	244	-	-	244
Mr. Ma, Tsz-chun	馬時俊先生	300	-	-	300	300	-	-	300
Ms. Phillis Loh, Lai-ping	羅麗萍女士								
(note (iii))	(附註(iii))	134	-	-	134	300	-	-	300
		1,574	1,010	83	2,667	1,684	2,187	147	4,018

Notes:

- Mr. Lam, Kwong-wai resigned as executive Director with effect from 25 May 2023.
- Mr. Leung, Yun-fai was appointed as independent non-executive Director with effect from 10 March 2023.
- (iii) Ms. Phillis Loh, Lai-ping resigned as independent non-executive Director with effect from 12 June 2024.

No Directors waived any emoluments for the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023.

Details of material interests of the Directors in transactions, arrangements or contracts entered into by subsidiaries of the Company are disclosed in the section headed "Directors' Report" of this annual report.

附註:

- (i) 林光蔚先生自二零二三年五月二十五日起 辭任執行董事之職務。
- (ii) 梁潤輝先生自二零二三年三月十日起獲委 任為獨立非執行董事。
- (iii) 羅麗萍女士自二零二四年六月十二日起辭 任獨立非執行董事之職務。

董事概無於截至二零二四年及二零二三年十二 月三十一日止年度內放棄收取任何酬金。

與本公司之附屬公司訂立交易、安排或合同之 董事的重大利益之詳情於本年報之「董事會報 告書」一節內披露。

16. EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS

16. 僱員酬金

(a)

五名最高薪酬人士

(a) Five highest paid individuals

Of the five individuals with the highest emoluments in the Group, none (2023: none) was a Director. The emoluments of the five (2023: five) individuals were as follows:

本集團五名最高酬金人士中,並無(二零 二三年:無)董事。五名(二零二三年: 五名)個別人士之酬金如下:

		2024	2023
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Salaries and other benefits	薪金及其他福利	9,871	9,313
Retirement benefit scheme contributions	退休福利計劃供款	874	838
		10,745	10,151

The emoluments of the five (2023: five) individuals were 該五名(二零二三年:五名)個別人士之 within the following bands: 酚

洲金幅度如下	:

		Number of employees		
		僱員	人數	
		2024	2023	
HK\$1,500,001 - HK\$2,000,000	1,500,001港元 – 2,000,000港元	1	2	
HK\$2,000,001 - HK\$2,500,000	2,000,001港元 – 2,500,000港元	4	3	

During the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023, no emoluments were paid by the Group to the five highest paid individuals, or Director, as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office.

(b) Emoluments of senior management

The emolument(s) of one (2023: two) senior management (profiles are included in the section headed "Profiles of Senior Executives" of this annual report) has(have) been disclosed in the five highest paid individuals (Note 16(a)), while the emolument of the remaining one (2023: one) senior management was within the band of HK\$1,500,001 to HK\$2,000,000.

於截至二零二四年及二零二三年十二月 三十一日止年度內,本集團概無為吸引 加入本集團或於加入本集團時或作為離 職補償而向該五名最高薪酬人士或董事 支付任何酬金。

(b) 高級管理層之酬金

一名(二零二三年:兩名)高級管理層(簡 介載於本年報之「高級行政人員簡介」 一節內)之酬金載列於五名最高薪酬人 士(附註16(a))內,而剩餘一名(二零二 三年:一名)高級管理層之酬金幅度為 1,500,001港元至2,000,000港元。

17. DIVIDENDS

Number of shares:

On 14 August 2024, the board of Directors resolved not to declare any interim dividend for 2024 (2023: nil).

Final dividend for the year ended 31 December 2024 of HK3 cents (2023: nil) per share has been proposed by the board of Directors and is subject to shareholders' approval at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company.

18. (LOSS) EARNINGS PER SHARE

The calculation of the basic and diluted (loss) earnings per share attributable to owners of the Company is based on the following data:

17. 股息

於二零二四年八月十四日,董事會議決不宣派 任何二零二四年中期股息(二零二三年:無)。

董事會建議宣派截至二零二四年十二月三十一 日止年度之末期股息每股3港仙(二零二三年: 無),有待股東於本公司之應屆股東週年大會 上批准。

18. 每股(虧損)盈利

本公司擁有人應佔之每股基本及攤薄(虧損)盈 利乃根據以下數據計算:

		2024 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 HK\$'000 千港元
(Loss) earnings:	(虧損)盈利:		
(Loss) earnings for the purposes of basic and diluted (loss) earnings per share (Loss) profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company	計算每股基本及攤薄(虧損)盈利之 (虧損)盈利 本公司擁有人應佔本年度之 (虧損)溢利	(2,108,331)	76,832
		Number o 股份	
		2024	2023

Weighted average number of ordinary 計算每股基本及攤薄(虧損)盈利之 shares for the purposes of basic and 普通股加權平均數 diluted (loss) earnings per share 1,907,619,079

Diluted (loss) earnings per share for the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023 were the same as the basic (loss) earnings per share as there were no potential ordinary shares of the Company in issue during both years. 基本(虧損)盈利相同。

股份數目:

截至二零二四年及二零二三年十二月三十一日 止年度,由於本公司並無潛在普通股之發行, 故上述兩個年度之每股攤薄(虧損)盈利與每股

1,907,619,079

19. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

19. 投資物業

			Properties	
		Completed	under	
		properties	construction	Total
		落成物業	興建中物業	總額
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元
Fair value	公平值			
At 1 January 2023	於二零二三年一月一日	9,400,949	3,968,175	13,369,124
Additions	添置	20,439	-	20,439
Costs incurred for construction	建築時所產生之成本	_	207,530	207,530
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	230,659	160,973	391,632
Increase (decrease) in fair value	於綜合全面收益			
recognised in the consolidated	報表中確認之			
statement of comprehensive income	公平值增加(減少)			
– unrealised	- 未變現	419,094	(450,101)	(31,007)
At 31 December 2023	於二零二三年			
	十二月三十一日	10,071,141	3,886,577	13,957,718
Additions	添置	96,719	_	96,719
Costs incurred for construction	建築時所產生之成本	-	274,498	274,498
Transfer from property, plant and	轉撥自物業、廠房及			
equipment (Note 20)	設備(附註20)	65,326	-	65,326
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	(39,177)	(59,158)	(98,335)
Decrease in fair value recognised	於綜合全面收益			
in the consolidated statement of	報表中確認之			
comprehensive income	公平值減少			
– realised	- 已變現	(77,092)	_	(77,092)
– unrealised	- 未變現	(1,440,227)	(214,457)	(1,654,684)
Disposal of a subsidiary (Note 37)	出售一間附屬公司		, - , ,	(,
	(附註37)	(1,254,162)	_	(1,254,162)
Disposal (note)	出售(附註)	(1,590,824)	_	(1,590,824)
		(-,		(
Carrying amounts	賬面值			
At 31 December 2024	於二零二四年			
	水二	5,831,704	3,887,460	9,719,164
		5,051,704	5,007,400	3,713,104

Note:

On 19 December 2024, an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company entered into a sale and purchase agreement in relation to the disposal of a property located in the United Kingdom to an independent third party ("Buyer") at a consideration of GBP162,000,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$1,590,824,000) (exclusive of value added tax).

Details of the disposal were set out in the announcement of the Company dated 19 December 2024 and the circular of the Company dated 21 January 2025.

附註:

於二零二四年十二月十九日,本公司之一間間 接全資擁有附屬公司訂立一份買賣協議,內容 有關出售一項位於英國之物業予獨立第三方 (「買方」),代價為162,000,000英鎊(相當於約 1,590,824,000港元)(不含增值税)。

該出售之詳情已載列於本公司日期為二零二四年 十二月十九日之公布以及二零二五年一月二十一 日之通函。

19. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (Cont'd)

There was no change in valuation techniques used for the fair value measurement of the Group's investment properties, as compared with those in last year.

All of the Group's property interests held under operating leases to earn rentals or for capital appreciation purposes are measured using the fair value model and are classified and accounted for as investment properties.

As at 31 December 2024, valuations of investment properties of the Group in Hong Kong and Mainland China were carried out by Peak Vision Appraisals Limited ("Peak Vision Appraisals") (2023: Peak Vision Appraisals) and the investment properties in the United Kingdom were carried out by LCH (Asia-Pacific) Surveyors Limited ("LCH (Asia-Pacific)") (2023: Moore Transaction Services Limited ("Moore Transaction")), all are independent qualified professional property valuers. The valuers have recent relevant experience in the valuations of similar properties in the relevant locations.

At the end of the reporting period, the management of the Group discussed with the independent qualified professional property valuers about the appropriate valuation techniques and key inputs for Level 3 fair value measurements.

The valuation reports for the investment properties as at 31 December 2024 were signed by the respective directors of Peak Vision Appraisals and LCH (Asia-Pacific) (2023: Peak Vision Appraisals and Moore Transaction), who are members of The Hong Kong Institute of Surveyors and/or the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors. The valuations were performed in accordance with "The HKIS Valuation Standards" published by The Hong Kong Institute of Surveyors and/or "International Valuation Standards" published by the International Valuation Standards Council and/or "The RICS Valuation – Global Standards" published by the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors for both years.

19. 投資物業(續)

本集團投資物業之公平值計量所採用之估值技 術與去年所採用的並無轉變。

本集團所有持有營業租約以賺取租金或資本增 值之物業權益乃採用公平值模式計量,並分類 及列作投資物業入賬。

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,本集團位於香 港及中國大陸之投資物業由澋鋒評估有限公司 (「澋鋒評估」)(二零二三年: 澋鋒評估)進行估 值,而位於英國之投資物業由利駿行測量師有 限公司(「利駿行測量師」)(二零二三年:大華國 際交易諮詢服務有限公司(「大華國際交易」)) 進行估值。全部均為獨立合資格專業物業估值 師。估值師近期亦有評估相關地點類似物業之 相關經驗。

於報告期末,本集團之管理層與獨立合資格專 業物業估值師討論有關合適之估值技術及第三 級公平值計量之主要數據。

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,投資物業之估 值報告由澋鋒評估及利駿行測量師(二零二三 年:湯鋒評估及大華國際交易)各自之董事簽 署,彼等為香港測量師學會會員及/或皇家特 許測量師學會會員。於兩個年度之估值均遵守 香港測量師學會所頒布之「香港測量師學會評 估準則」及/或國際評估準則理事會所頒布之 「國際評估準則」及/或皇家特許測量師學會所 頒布之「皇家特許測量師學會估值-全球標準」 進行。 19. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (Cont'd)

The fair value of each investment property is individually determined at the end of each reporting period based on its market value and by adopting investment method, direct comparison method and/or residual method, as appropriate. The investment method relying on the capitalisation of rental income is based upon estimates of future results and a set of assumptions specific to each property to reflect its tenancy status. The fair value of each investment property reflects, among other things, rental income from current term leases, term yield rate, assumptions about rental income from future reversion leases in light of current market conditions and reversionary yield rate. Judgment by the valuers is required to determine the principal valuation factors, including term yield rate and reversionary yield rate. Such yield rates were adopted after considering the investment sentiments and market expectations of properties of similar nature. Direct comparison method assumes each of these properties is capable of being sold in its existing state with the benefit of vacant possession and by making reference to comparable sales evidence as available in the relevant markets. Combination of direct comparison method and investment method takes the valuation results of the direct comparison method and investment method when arriving at the fair value of the properties. For investment properties under construction at fair value, their fair values are determined by residual method by deducting the estimated total outstanding redevelopment costs and an allowance for developer's risk and profit from the gross development value of the proposed redevelopment.

19. 投資物業(續)

每項投資物業之公平值於各報告期末根據其市 值,並採納投資法、直接比較法及/或剩餘價 值法(按適用情況而定)而個別釐定。投資法乃 依據資本化租金收入,並以對各項物業未來業 績之估計及一系列特定假設為依據,以反映其 租賃狀況。每項投資物業之公平值反映(其中 包括)現有租約期限之租金收入、租約期限之 回報率、基於現時市況對未來復歸租約所得租 金收入之假設及復歸回報率。於釐定主要估值 因素(包括租約期限之回報率及復歸回報率)時 須由估值師作出判斷。於採納有關回報率時已 考慮投資氣氛及市場對類似性質物業之預期。 直接比較法假設該等物業各自可以現況交吉出 售及參照相關市場上可供比較之銷售證據。就 按直接比較法及投資法之合併得出物業之公平 值,乃直接比較法及投資法之估值結果。就按 公平值之興建中投資物業而言,其公平值乃以 剩餘價值法透過從擬定重建項目之開發總值扣 除估計未付之重建成本總額以及發展商之風險 及利潤之容許差額而釐定。

19. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (Cont'd)

The following tables analysed the investment properties which are measured at fair value at the end of the reporting period into the three-level hierarchy as defined in HKFRS 13 "Fair Value Measurement" which is further elaborated in Note 3.

19. 投資物業(續)

下表為於報告期末以公平值計量之投資物業之 三級分級制(定義見香港財務報告準則第13號 「公平值計量」及於附註3作進一步詳述)分析。

		Fair value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
		公平值	第一級	第二級	第三級
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Recurring fair value	經常性公平值計量:				
measurements:					
Completed properties	落成物業	5,831,704	-	-	5,831,704
Properties under construction	興建中物業	3,887,460	-	-	3,887,460
At 31 December 2024	於二零二四年				
	十二月三十一日	9,719,164	-	-	9,719,164
	-				
Completed properties	落成物業	10,071,141	_	-	10,071,141
Properties under construction	興建中物業	3,886,577	_	_	3,886,577
At 31 December 2023	於二零二三年				
	十二月三十一日	13,957,718	_	-	13,957,718

19. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (Cont'd)

Details of valuation techniques used and key inputs to valuation on investment properties which are categorised as Level 3 fair value measurement at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

19. 投資物業(續)

於報告期末分類為第三級公平值計量之投資物 業之估值所使用之技術及主要數據之詳情如 下:

	Fair value 公平值		Valuation techniques 估值技術	Significant unobservable inputs 重大非可觀察數據	Range 範圍
	2024 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 HK\$'000 千港元			
Properties held for investment in Hong Kong 位於香港之持作投資物業	4,651,110	5,924,050	Combination of direct comparison method and investment method 直接比較法及投資法之合併	 Reversionary yield; 復歸回報率: Market rent per square foot; and 每平方呎之市場租金:及 Selling price per square foot 每平方呎之售價 	 3.25% to 4.25% (2023: 2.75% to 3.75%) 3.25厘至4.25厘 (二零二三年: 2.75厘至3.75厘) HK\$14 to HK\$180 (2023: HK\$15 to HK\$188) 14港元至180港元 (二零二三年: 15港元至188港元) HK\$44 (2023: HK\$50) 44港元(二零二三年: 50港元)
Properties under construction in Hong Kong 位於香港之興建中物業	1,184,000	1,010,000	Residual method 剩餘價值法	 Selling price per square foot; and 每平方呎之售價:及 Budgeted construction costs to be incurred 將產生之預算建築成本 	HK\$10,203 (2023: HK\$11,264) 10,203港元(二零二三年: 11,264港元) HK\$298,061,000 (2023: HK\$484,974,000) 298,061,000港元 (二零二三年: 484,974,000港元)
Properties held for investment in the United Kingdom 位於英國之持作投資物業	1,153,477	4,147,091	Combination of direct comparison method and investment method 直接比較法及投資法之合併	 (1) Reversionary yield; and 復歸回報率:及 (2) Market rent per square foot 每平方呎之市場租金 	3.90% to 4.50% (2023: 3.00% to 4.00%) 3.90厘至4.50厘 (二零二三年: 3.00厘至4.00厘) GBP6 to CBP9 (2023: GBP5 to GBP8) 6英鎊至9英鎊 (二零二三年: 5英鎊至8英鎊)
Properties under construction in the United Kingdom 位於英國之興建中物業	2,703,460	2,876,577	Residual method 剩餘價值法	 Budgeted construction costs to be incurred; 將產生之預算建築成本: Market rent per square foot; 每平方呎之市場租金: Reversionary yield; 復歸回報率: Discount rate; and 貼現率:及 Long-term growth rate 長期増長率 	GBP309,240,000 (2023: GBP311,619,000) 309,240,000英鎊 (二零二三年: 311,619,000英鎊) GBP4 to GBP7 (2023: GBP3 to GBP5) 4英鎊至7英鎊 (二零二三年: 3英鎊至5英鎊) 3.80% to 5.25% (2023: N/A) 3.80厘至5.25厘 (二零二三年: 不適用) 4.75% (2023: 4.50% to 5.88%) 4.75厘(二零二三年: 4.50厘至5.88厘) N/A (2023: 2.00%) 不適用(二零二三年: 2.00厘)
Properties held for investment in Mainland China 位於中國之持作投資物業	27,117	-	Investment method 投資法	 (1) Reversionary yield; and 復歸回報率:及 (2) Market rent per square meter 每平方米之市場租金 	2.50% (2023: N/A) 2.50厘(二零二三年:不適用) RMB171 (2023: N/A) 人民幣171(二零二三年:不適用)
Total 總額	9,719,164	13,957,718			

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 综合財務報表附註 For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

19. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (Cont'd)

Reversionary yield is the rate taking into account the capitalisation of potential rental income, nature of the property and prevailing market conditions. Market rent per square foot/meter is the market rent and selling price per square foot is the market selling price taking into account the direct comparable market transactions to the related properties. Budgeted construction costs to be incurred are the construction costs to be expended to complete the properties. Discount rate applied reflects the current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the property. Long-term growth rate is based on the relevant industry growth forecasts.

The fair value measurements are negatively correlated to the reversionary yield, the budgeted construction costs to be incurred and the discount rate, while positively correlated to the market rent per square foot/meter, the selling price per square foot and the long-term growth rate.

Relationship of unobservable inputs to fair value:

- Higher the reversionary yield, the lower the fair value
- Higher the budgeted construction costs to be incurred, the lower the fair value
- Higher the discount rate, the lower the fair value
- Higher the market rent, the higher the fair value
- Higher the selling price, the higher the fair value
- Higher the long-term growth rate, the higher the fair value

19. 投資物業(續)

復歸回報率乃計及潛在租金收入資本化、物業 性質及當時市況得出之比率。每平方呎/米之 市場租金乃計及相關物業之市場可供直接比較 交易得出之市場租金,而每平方呎之售價乃計 及相關物業之市場可供直接比較交易得出之市 場售價。將產生之預算建築成本乃為完成物業 將會支銷之建築成本。所應用之貼現率反映現 時市場對時間價值及物業之特定風險的評估。 長期增長率乃基於相關行業之增長預測。

公平值計量與復歸回報率、將產生之預算建築 成本及貼現率成反比,而與每平方呎/米之市 場租金、每平方呎之售價及長期增長率則成正 比。

非可觀察數據與公平值之關係:

- 復歸回報率越高,公平值越低
- 將產生之預算建築成本越高,公平值越 低
- 貼現率越高,公平值越低
- 市場租金越高,公平值越高
- 售價越高,公平值越高
- 長期增長率越高,公平值越高

19. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (Cont'd)

19. 投資物業(續)

Movements of investment properties which are categorised as Level 3 fair value measurement during the years are as follows: 分類為第三級公平值計量之投資物業於年內之 變動如下:

		2024	2023
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
At 1 January	於一月一日	13,957,718	13,369,124
Additions	添置	96,719	20,439
Costs incurred for construction	建築時所產生之成本	274,498	207,530
Transfer from property, plant and equipment	轉撥自物業、廠房及設備		
(Note 20)	(附註20)	65,326	_
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	(98,335)	391,632
Decrease in fair value recognised	於綜合全面收益報表中確認之		
in the consolidated statement of	公平值減少		
comprehensive income			
– realised	- 已變現	(77,092)	_
– unrealised	- 未變現	(1,654,684)	(31,007)
Disposal of a subsidiary (Note 37)	出售一間附屬公司(附註37)	(1,254,162)	_
Disposal	出售	(1,590,824)	_
Carrying amounts	賬面值		
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	9,719,164	13,957,718

There were no transfers into or out of Level 3 fair value measurement during the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023.

於截至二零二四年及二零二三年十二月三十一 日止年度內,第三級公平值計量並無轉入或轉 出。

In estimating the fair value of the properties, their current use equates to the highest and best use of the properties.

就估計物業之公平值,物業之當前用途等同其 最高及最佳用途。

20. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT 20. 物業、廠房及設備

Cost $\alpha \pi$ At 1 January 2023 $\beta_{-} = = = = = = = - = -$			Leasehold/ freehold land 租賃/ 永久業權 土地 HK\$'000	樓宇 HK\$′000	improvement 租賃 物業裝修 HK\$'000	傢俬、 裝置及設備 HK\$'000	Yachts and motor vehicles 遊艇及車輛 HK\$'000	Total 總額 HK\$'000
At 1 January 2023 $\& = = = = = = = = = - = - $			千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Exchange adjustments 歴史調整 1,480 269 20 17 - 1, At 31 December 2023 於二零二三年十二月三十一日 60,017 10,674 157,460 55,002 141,063 424, Additions 添重 - - 12,831 2,470 - 15, Disposals/written off 出售./涨銷 - - (351) (11,115) (112,002) (113,115) Transfer to investment 特理 经投资物業 - - (75,562 200 - - - 5,562 200 - - 5,562 200 - - - 5,562 200 - - - 5,562 200 - - - 5,562 200 - - - 5,562 200 - - - 5,5633 29,061 25,5 28,97 5,411 23,677 58,562 20,023 S,2,771 58,562 28,987 5,411 23,677 58,623 28,987 5,411 2	At 1 January 2023	於二零二三年一月一日	58,537	10,405				329,852 92,771
At 31 December 2023 於二零二三年十二月三十一日 60,017 10,674 157,460 55,002 141,063 424, Additions 添置 - - 12,831 2,470 - 15, Disposals/written off 出售/搬銷 - - (551) (11,115) (112,002) (113, Transfer to investment 轉發至投資物業 - - (552) 200 - - - (75, Surplus on revaluation 重估盈餘 5,662 200 - - - 5, Exchange adjustments 匯兑調整 (64,802) (10,719) - - - 5, Depreciation and impairment が二零二三年一月一日 - - 169,932 56,333 29,061 255, Depreciation and impairment が二零二三年一月一日 4,051 1,075 68,737 27,124 94,921 195, Charge for the year 本年度折舊 463 253 28,987 5,411 23,677 58, Elimination upon 出售/膨韻整 - - - - - (163) (1) 6	•		-	-	-	(193)	-	(193)
Additions 添置 - - 12,831 2,470 - 15,5 Disposals/written off 出售/激销 - - (351) (1,115) (112,002) (113,75) Transfer to investment 轉撥至投資物業 - - - - - - - - (75,5) Surplus on revaluation 重估盈餘 5,662 200 - - - - 5,5622 Exchange adjustments 匪龙湖壁 (877) (155) (8) (24) - (1,75) At 31 December 2024 於二零二四年十二月三十一日 - - 169,932 56,333 29,061 255,75 Depreciation and impairment 折舊及減值 - - - 169,932 56,133 29,061 255,75 Charge for the year 本年度折舊 463 253 28,987 5,411 23,677 58,85 Elimination upon 出售/激銷時對銷 - - - - (162) - (17,97) At 31 December 2023 於二零二年十二月三十一日 - - - - (169) 9,133 <th>Exchange adjustments</th> <th>匯兑調整</th> <th>1,480</th> <th>269</th> <th>20</th> <th>17</th> <th>-</th> <th>1,786</th>	Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	1,480	269	20	17	-	1,786
At 31 December 2024 於二零二四年十二月三十一日 - - 169,932 56,333 29,061 255, Depreciation and impairment 折舊及減值 · · - - 169,932 56,333 29,061 255, Depreciation and impairment · · - - - 169,932 56,333 29,061 255, Charge for the year ·	Additions Disposals/written off Transfer to investment properties (Note 19) Surplus on revaluation	添置 出售/撤銷 轉撥至投資物業 (附註19) 重估盈餘	- - (64,802) 5,662	- - (10,719) 200	12,831 (351) –	2,470 (1,115) - -	-	424,216 15,301 (113,468) (75,521) 5,862 (1,064)
Depreciation and impairment 折舊及減值 At 1 January 2023 於二零二三年一月一日 4,051 1,075 68,737 27,124 94,921 195, Charge for the year Charge for the year 本年度折舊 463 253 28,987 5,411 23,677 58, Elimination upon 出售/撤銷時對銷 disposals/written off - - - - (162) - (162) - (162) - (162) - (162) - (162) - (162) - (163) - - - - - (162) - (162) - (162) - (162) - (162) - (162) - (162) - (162) - (162) - (162) - (162) - (162) - (162) - (162) - (162) - (162) - (162) - - (162) - - (162) - - - (162) -			(077)	(155)	(9)	(==)		(1,004)
impairment At 1 January 2023 於二零二三年一月一日 4,051 1,075 68,737 27,124 94,921 195, Charge for the year 本年度折舊 463 253 28,987 5,411 23,677 58, Elimination upon 出售/撤銷時對銷 - - - (162) - (Exchange adjustments 匯兑調整 (69) (1) 6 (2) - (At 31 December 2023 於二零二三年十二月三十一日 4,445 1,327 97,730 32,371 118,598 254, Charge for the year 本年度折舊 114 169 39,133 5,334 15,968 60, Elimination upon transfer 轉撥至投資物業時對銷 ((7,370) (2,825) - - - (10, (Note 19) ((7,370) (2,825) - - - (10, Impairment loss recognised 本年度確認之減值虧損 - - (10,	At 31 December 2024	於二零二四年十二月三十一日	-	-	169,932	56,333	29,061	255,326
disposals/written off - - - - (162) - - (162) - - - 163 - - 163 - - 114 169 39,133 5,334 15,968 60, - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - 10, - -	impairment At 1 January 2023	於二零二三年一月一日						195,908 58,791
Charge for the year本年度折舊11416939,1335,33415,96860,Elimination upon transfer轉撥至投資物業時對銷(附註19)((()(()(()(()(()()()()()()()()())())())()))	disposals/written off				- 6	. ,	-	(162) (66)
Impairment loss recognised 本年度確認之減值虧損	Charge for the year Elimination upon transfer	本年度折舊 轉撥至投資物業時對銷						254,471 60,718
			(7,370)	(2,825)	-	-	-	(10,195)
Elimination upon 出售/撤銷時對銷	for the year Elimination upon		2,881	1,353	-	-	-	4,234
		匯兑調整	- (70)	- (24)			(105,720) –	(106,595) (118)
At 31 December 2024 於二零二四年十二月三十一日 – – 136,638 37,031 28,846 202,	At 31 December 2024	於二零二四年十二月三十一日	-	-	136,638	37,031	28,846	202,515
Carrying amounts 賬面值 At 31 December 2024 於二零二四年十二月三十一日			-	-	33,294	19,302	215	52,811
At 31 December 2023 於二零二三年十二月三十一日 55,572 9,347 59,730 22,631 22,465 169,	At 31 December 2023	於二零二三年十二月三十一日	55,572	9,347	59,730	22,631	22,465	169,745

21. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS AND LEASE LIABILITIES

The Group leases assets including properties and equipment. Most of the leases of properties for both years are negotiated for terms ranging from one to three years while leases of equipment are negotiated for five years. In determining the length of the noncancellable period, the Group applies the definition of a contract and determines the period for which the contract is enforceable. Information about leases for which the Group is a lessee is presented below:

21. 使用權資產及租賃負債

本集團承租之資產包括物業及設備。就大部分 物業於兩個年度之租約已商議之租期為一至三 年,而就設備之租約已商議之租期為五年。於 釐定不可撤銷之租期,本集團應用合約之定義 以釐定合約執行期。有關本集團作為承租人之 租賃資料呈列如下:

(a) **Right-of-use assets**

(a) 使用權資產

		Properties	Equipment	Total
		物業	設備	總額
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元
Cost	成本			
At 1 January 2023	於二零二三年一月一日	140,395	1,944	142,339
Additions	添置	38,933	_	38,933
Written off on expiry of lease	租約到期時撇銷	(51,158)	_	(51,158)
At 31 December 2023 and	於二零二三年十二月三十一日及			
31 December 2024	二零二四年十二月三十一日	128,170	1,944	130,114
Depreciation	折舊			
At 1 January 2023	於二零二三年一月一日	49,886	519	50,405
Charge for the year	本年度折舊	45,423	388	45,811
Elimination upon written off	租約到期撇銷時對銷			
on expiry of lease		(51,158)	_	(51,158)
At 31 December 2023	於二零二三年十二月三十一日	44,151	907	45,058
Charge for the year	本年度折舊	45,374	389	45,763
0 /				
At 31 December 2024	於二零二四年十二月三十一日	89,525	1,296	90,821
		00,020	1,250	50,021
Country on ounts	昨西店			
Carrying amounts At 31 December 2024	賬面值 於二零二四年十二月三十一日	70.645	640	70 207
AL 31 December 2024	<i>⋉</i> ー�ーё+┬─月ニ┬─日	38,645	648	39,293
At 31 December 2023	於二零二三年十二月三十一日	84,019	1,037	85,056

21. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS AND LEASE LIABILITIES (Cont'd)

21. 使用權資產及租賃負債(續)

(b) Lease liabilities

(b) 租賃負債

		2024	2023
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Lease liabilities payable within a period of:	須於下列期間應付租賃負債:		
Less than one year	一年以下	36,890	43,275
More than one year but within two years	一年以上但不超逾兩年	1,795	36,891
More than two years but within five years	兩年以上但不超逾五年	-	1,793
		38,685	81,959
Less: Amounts due within one year	減:一年內到期之款項	(36,890)	(43,275)
Amounts due after one year	一年後到期之款項	1,795	38,684

The amounts recognised in profit or loss in relation to leases are disclosed in Notes 11 and 14.

The total cash outflow for leases for the year ended 31 December 2024 was approximately HK\$52,643,000 (2023: HK\$53,151,000).

於損益中確認有關租賃之金額於附註11及14 內披露。

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度, 租賃之現金流出總額約為52,643,000港元 (二零二三年:53,151,000港元)。

22. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

22. 無形資產

		Trading and exchange		
		rights	Trademark	Total
		買賣及貿易權	商標	總額
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元
Cost	成本			
At 1 January 2023,	於二零二三年一月一日、			
31 December 2023 and	二零二三年十二月三十一日及			
31 December 2024	二零二四年十二月三十一日 -	2,705	14,300	17,005
Amortisation and	攤銷及減值			
impairment				
At 1 January 2023,	於二零二三年一月一日、			
31 December 2023 and	二零二三年十二月三十一日及			
31 December 2024	二零二四年十二月三十一日 -	2,705	14,300	17,005
Carrying amounts	賬面值			
At 31 December 2024	於二零二四年十二月三十一日 =	-	-	
At 31 December 2023	於二零二三年十二月三十一日	_	_	_

The above intangible assets have definite useful lives. Such intangible assets are amortised on a straight-line basis over five years.

上述無形資產具有既定使用年期,並以直線法 按五年攤銷。

23. INVESTMENTS ACCOUNTED FOR USING THE EQUITY METHOD

23. 以權益法入賬之投資

		2024	2023
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Interests in associates:	聯營公司權益:		
Cost of investments in associates	投資聯營公司成本		
– unlisted	一 非上市	283,928	283,928
Share of post-acquisition profits/losses and	攤佔收購後溢利/虧損及		
other comprehensive income/expenses,	其他全面收益/支出		
net of dividends received	扣除已收股息	1,578,159	1,752,221
		1,862,087	2,036,149

Particulars of the Group's principal associates as at 31 December 2024 are set out in Note 47.

The Company provided corporate guarantees to secure bank borrowings granted to its associates in prior years. The fair value of the financial guarantee contract at initial recognition was determined by an independent qualified professional valuer, and was recognised as investments accounted for using the equity method and financial guarantee liabilities in the Group's consolidated statement of financial position.

The investment properties held by the Group's principal associates were revalued as at 31 December 2024 and 2023 by Peak Vision Appraisals. Peak Vision Appraisals continues to adopt investment method and/or direct comparison method as the valuation methodologies for both years. The valuation methods and significant assumptions applied in determining the fair values of investment properties are detailed in Note 19.

All of the associates are accounted for using the equity method in these consolidated financial statements.

The information below reflects the amounts presented in the unaudited financial statements of associates which were prepared in accordance with HKFRSs adjusted for the differences arising from accounting policies and different financial year-end dates between the Group and the associates, if any. 本集團於二零二四年十二月三十一日之主要聯 營公司之詳情載列於附註47。

本公司於過往年度為其聯營公司提供公司擔保 作為獲授銀行借貸之抵押。財務擔保合約初步 確認之公平值由獨立合資格專業估值師釐定, 並已於本集團之綜合財務狀況報表內確認為以 權益法入賬之投資及財務擔保負債。

本集團主要聯營公司持有之投資物業由澋鋒評 估進行於二零二四年及二零二三年十二月三十 一日之物業估值。澋鋒評估於兩個年度持續採 納投資法及/或直接比較法為估值方法。應用 於釐定投資物業公平值之估值方法及主要假設 於附註19詳述。

所有聯營公司均以權益法於本綜合財務報表內 列賬。

以下資料反映於聯營公司之未經審核財務報表 呈列之金額,該等財務報表按香港財務報告準 則並就本集團與聯營公司之間因會計政策所產 生之差異及不同財政年終日期(如有)作出調整 而編製。

23. INVESTMENTS ACCOUNTED FOR USING THE EQUITY METHOD (Cont'd)

Interests in associates

The summarised financial information in respect of the Group's material associate, Finedale Industries Limited, is set out below:

Finedale Industries Limited

23. 以權益法入賬之投資(續)

聯營公司權益

本集團重要聯營公司-廣坤實業有限公司之 財務資料概要載列如下:

廣坤實業有限公司

HKS'000 HKS'000 TARD HKS'000 Current assets 非点動資産 法動資産 133,711 Our current assets 注意資産 Current labilities 注意資産 Net assets 注意運作 Revenue 收入 (coss) profit for the year 本年度(意捐)溢利 Coorprehensive (expenses) income for the year 本年度(意捐)溢利 Peconciliation of the summarised financial information presented to the carrying amount 財務資料機要對賬: Net assets at 1 January for the year 於一月一日之資產淨值 Net assets at 1 January for the year 於一月一日之資產淨值 Net assets at 3 December 於十二月三十一日之資產淨值 Net assets at 3 December 於十二月三十一日之資產淨值 Net assets at 3 December 於十二月三十一日之資產淨值 Interest held by the Group 本集團前衣是職 Curcuy's interest in the associate and the carrying amount 不集團於發聯資公司之 Dividends received from the associate and the carrying amount 不集團於發聯資公司之 Dividends received from the associate and the carrying amount 不集團於發勵資公司 Dividends received from the associate and the carrying amount 亦集團於發勵資公司 Dividends received from the associate and the carrying amount 近年 Kat 年夏			2024	2023
Non-current assets 非流動資產 3,475,000 3,870,000 Current assets 流動資產 135,711 92,515 Current labilities 資產淨值 5,525,605 3,885,091 Net assets 資產淨值 130,879 128,360 Revenue 收入 130,879 128,360 (Loss) profit for the year 本午度(虧滑)溢利 (254,296) 286,943 Total comprehensive (expenses) income for the year 本午度全面(支出)收益總額 (254,296) 286,943 Net assets at 1 January 於一月一日之資產淨值 5,885,091 3,688,159 Total comprehensive (expenses) income 於一月一日之資產淨值 5,885,091 3,688,159 Net assets at 1 January 於一月一日之資產淨值 286,943 286,943 Total comprehensive (expenses) income 於一月一日之資產淨值 286,943 (254,296) 286,943 Net assets at 31 December 於十二月三十一日之資產淨值 3,525,003 3,33390 (89,991) (89,991) (89,991) (89,991) (89,991) (89,991) (89,991) (89,991) (89,991) (89,991) (89,991) (89,991) (89,991) (89,991) (89,991) (89,991) (89,991) (89,91) (89,91) </td <td></td> <td></td> <td>HK\$'000</td> <td>HK\$'000</td>			HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Current assets 流動資產 133,711 92,515 Current liabilities 流動負債 (80,906) (77,424) Net assets 資產淨值 3,525,805 3,885,091 Revenue 收入 130,879 128,360 (Loss) profit for the year 本年度(断用)溢利 (254,296) 286,943 Total comprehensive (expenses) income for the year 本年度全面(支出)收益總額 (254,296) 286,943 Net assets at 1 January 於一月一日之資產淨值 3,885,091 3,688,139 Net assets at 1 January 於一月一日之資產淨值 3,885,091 3,688,139 Net assets at 31 December 於十二月三十一日之資產淨值 3,885,091 (89,991) Net assets at 31 December 於十二月三十一日之資產淨值 3,333% 33,33% Interest held by the Group 本集團討有之權益 3,333% 33,33% Curoup's interest in the associate and the carnying amount 本集團於鼓聯賢公司之 1,175,269 1,295,031 Dividends received from the associate 於本年度已收驗賢公司之 1,175,269 1,295,031			千港元	千港元
Current assets 流動資產 133,711 92,515 Current liabilities 流動負債 (80,906) (77,424) Net assets 資產淨值 3,525,805 3,885,091 Revenue 收入 130,879 128,360 (Loss) profit for the year 本年度(虧損)溢利 (254,296) 286,943 Total comprehensive (expenses) income for the year 本年度全面(支出)收益總額 (254,296) 286,943 Net assets at 1 January 於一月一日之資產淨值 3,885,091 3,688,139 Net assets at 1 January 於一月一日之資產淨值 3,885,091 3,688,139 Net assets at 31 December 於十二月三十一日之資產淨值 3,885,091 3,885,091 Net assets at 31 December 於十二月三十一日之資產淨值 3,333% 33,33% Interest held by the Group 本集團扶衰躁鬱營公司之 3,333% 33,33% Curous's interest in the associate and the carnying amount 本集團扶衰躁鬱營公司之 1,175,269 1,295,031 Dividends received from the associate 於本年度已收鬱營公司之 1,175,269 1,295,031				
Current liabilities 流動負債 (80,906) (77,424) Net assets 資產淨值 3,525,805 3,885,091 Revenue 收入 130,879 128,360 (Loss) profit for the year 本年度(唐捐)溢利 (254,296) 286,943 Total comprehensive (expenses) income for the year 本年度全面(支出)收益總額 (254,296) 286,943 Reconciliation of the summarised financial information presented to the carnying amount of its interest in the associate: N×-月一日之資產淨值 3,885,091 3,688,139 Net assets at 1 January total comprehensive (expenses) income for the year N×-月一日之資產淨值 3,885,091 3,688,139 Net assets at 1 January total comprehensive (expenses) income for the year N×-月一日之資產淨值 3,885,091 3,688,139 Dividends declared Sigu (254,296) Z86,943 (104,990) (89,991) (104,990) (104,990) (104,990) (104,990) (104,990) (104,990) (104,990)	Non-current assets	非流動資產	3,473,000	3,870,000
Net assets 資産淨值 3,525,805 3,885,091 Revenue 收入 130,879 128,360 (Loss) profit for the year 本年度(虧損)溢利 (254,296) 286,943 Total comprehensive (expenses) income for the year 本年度全面(支出)收益總額 (254,296) 286,943 Reconciliation of the summarised financial information presented to the carrying amount of its interest in the associate: NM 費公司權益之賬面值與 3,885,091 3,688,139 Net assets at 1 January for the year 於一月一日之資產淨值 3,885,091 3,688,139 3,688,139 Net assets at 1 January for the year 於一月一日之資產淨值 3,885,091 3,688,139 3,688,139 Net assets at 31 December 於十二月三十一日之資產淨值 3,885,091 (89,991) (89,991) Net assets at 31 December 於十二月三十一日之資產淨值 3,333% 33,33% 33,33% Interest held by the Group 本集團於茲聯營公司之 1,175,269 1,295,031 Dividends received from the associate and the carrying amount 本集團於茲聯營公司之 1,175,269 1,295,031	Current assets	流動資產	133,711	92,515
Revenue 收入 130,879 128,360 (Loss) profit for the year 本年度(虧損)送利 (254,296) 286,943 Total comprehensive (expenses) income for the year 本年度全面(支出)收益總額 (254,296) 286,943 Reconciliation of the summarised financial information presented to the carrying amount of its interest in the associate: 勝營公司權益之賬面值與 財務資料概要對賬: 3,885,091 3,688,139 Net assets at 1 January for the year 於一月一日之資產淨值 總額 直派股息 3,885,091 3,688,139 Net assets at 3 I December 於十二月三十一日之資產淨值 3,525,805 3,885,091 Net assets at 31 December 於十二月三十一日之資產淨值 3,333% 33,33% Group's interest in the associate and the carrying amount 本集團於該聯營公司之 1,175,269 1,295,031 Dividends received from the associate 於本年度已收聯營公司之 1,175,269 1,295,031	Current liabilities	流動負債	(80,906)	(77,424)
Revenue 收入 130,879 128,360 (Loss) profit for the year 本年度(虧損)溢利 (254,296) 286,943 Total comprehensive (expenses) income for the year 本年度全面(支出)收益總額 (254,296) 286,943 Reconciliation of the summarised financial information presented to the carrying amount of its interest in the associate: 聯營公司權益之賬面值與 財務資料概要對賬: (254,296) 286,943 Net assets at 1 January 於一月一日之資產淨值 本年度全面(支出)收益 總額 3,885,091 3,688,139 Total comprehensive (expenses) income for the year 於一月一日之資產淨值 本年度全面(支出)收益 總額 3,885,091 3,688,139 Net assets at 1 January 於一月一日之資產淨值 東年度全面(支出)收益 總額 3,885,091 3,688,139 India comprehensive (expenses) income for the year 於十二月三十一日之資產淨值 意派股息 3,885,091 3,885,091 Net assets at 31 December 於十二月三十一日之資產淨值 權益及賬面值 3,339% 3,333% 3,333% Group's interest in the associate and the carrying amount 本集團於該聯營公司之 權益及賬面值 1,175,269 1,295,031 Dividends received from the associate 於本年度已收勝營公司之 1,175,269 1,295,031				
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(Loss) profit for the year本年度(虧損)溢利(254,296)286,943Total comprehensive (expenses) income for the year本年度全面(支出)收益總額(254,296)286,943Reconciliation of the summarised financial information presented to the carrying amount of its interest in the associate:聯營公司權益之賬面值與 財務資料概要對賬: 。 、 、 、 、 、 方tal comprehensive (expenses) income for the year於一月一日之資產淨值 本年度全面(支出)收益 。 後額 。 (254,296)3,688,139Net assets at 1 January for the year於一月一日之資產淨值 卷額 。 (254,296)3,688,139Dividends declared該 意派股息(254,296) (89,991)Net assets at 31 December於十二月三十一日之資產淨值 事」 3,525,8053,885,091Interest held by the Group本集團持有之權益 權益及賬面值33,33% 1,175,269Ciroup's interest in the associate and the carrying amount本集團於該聯營公司之 權益及賬面值1,175,269Dividends received from the associate於本年度已收聯營公司之1,175,269				
(Loss) profit for the year本年度(虧損)溢利(254,296)286,943Total comprehensive (expenses) income for the year本年度全面(支出)收益總額(254,296)286,943Reconciliation of the summarised financial information presented to the carrying amount of its interest in the associate:聯營公司權益之賬面值與 財務資料概要對賬: 。 、(254,296)286,943Net assets at 1 January for the year於一月一日之資產淨值 總額 (254,296)3,688,1393,688,139Net assets at 1 January for the year於一月一日之資產淨值 總額 (254,296)286,943Dividends declared庭服限息(254,296)286,943Interest held by the Group本集團持有之權益3,525,8053,885,091Interest held by the Group本集團於該聯營公司之 權益及賬面值1,175,2691,295,031Dividends received from the associate於本年度已收聯營公司之1,175,2691,295,031	Revenue	收入	130.879	128.360
Total comprehensive (expenses) income for the year本年度全面(支出)收益總額(254,296)286,943Reconciliation of the summarised financial information presented to the carrying amount of its interest in the associate:聯營公司權益之賬面值與 財務資料概要對賬: 。3,685,0913,688,139Net assets at 1 January Total comprehensive (expenses) income for the year Dividends declared於一月一日之資產淨值 傘額 宜派股息3,885,0913,688,139Net assets at 31 December於十二月三十一日之資產淨值 五,525,8053,885,0913,688,091Net assets at 31 December於十二月三十一日之資產淨值 本集團持有之權益35,33%33,33%Group's interest in the associate and the carrying amount本集團於該聯營公司之 權益及賬面值1,175,2691,295,031Dividends received from the associate於本年度已收聯營公司之1,175,2691,295,031				,
Total comprehensive (expenses) income for the year本年度全面(支出)收益總額(254,296)286,943Reconciliation of the summarised financial information presented to the carrying amount of its interest in the associate:聯營公司權益之賬面值與 財務資料概要對賬: 。3,685,0913,688,139Net assets at 1 January Total comprehensive (expenses) income for the year Dividends declared於一月一日之資產淨值 傘額 宜派股息3,885,0913,688,139Net assets at 31 December於十二月三十一日之資產淨值 五,525,8053,885,0913,688,091Net assets at 31 December於十二月三十一日之資產淨值 本集團持有之權益35,33%33,33%Group's interest in the associate and the carrying amount本集團於該聯營公司之 權益及賬面值1,175,2691,295,031Dividends received from the associate於本年度已收聯營公司之1,175,2691,295,031		大方克(藍根)送到		200.047
Reconciliation of the summarised financial information presented to the carrying amount of its interest in the associate:聯營公司權益之賬面值與 財務資料概要對賬: 	(Loss) profit for the year	4 千良(虧損)溢利	(254,296)	286,943
Reconciliation of the summarised financial information presented to the carrying amount of its interest in the associate:聯營公司權益之賬面值與 財務資料概要對賬: 				
information presented to the carrying amount of its interest in the associate:財務資料概要對賬:Net assets at 1 January Total comprehensive (expenses) income for the year Dividends declared於一月一日之資產淨值 本年度全面(支出)收益 編額 宣派股息3,885,0913,688,139Net assets at 31 December於十二月三十一日之資產淨值 文作上月三十一日之資產淨值3,525,8053,885,091Interest held by the Group本集團持有之權益33,33%33,33%Group's interest in the associate and the carrying amount於本年度已收聯營公司之 權益及賬面值1,175,2691,295,031Dividends received from the associate於本年度已收聯營公司之	Total comprehensive (expenses) income for the year	本年度全面(支出)收益總額	(254,296)	286,943
information presented to the carrying amount of its interest in the associate:財務資料概要對賬:Net assets at 1 January Total comprehensive (expenses) income for the year Dividends declared於一月一日之資產淨值 本年度全面(支出)收益 編額 宣派股息3,885,0913,688,139Net assets at 31 December於十二月三十一日之資產淨值 文作上月三十一日之資產淨值3,525,8053,885,091Interest held by the Group本集團持有之權益33,33%33,33%Group's interest in the associate and the carrying amount於本年度已收聯營公司之 權益及賬面值1,175,2691,295,031Dividends received from the associate於本年度已收聯營公司之				
of its interest in the associate:於一月一日之資產淨值 本年度全面(支出)收益 本年度全面(支出)收益 (254,296)3,688,139Net assets at 1 January Total comprehensive (expenses) income for the year Dividends declared茶年度全面(支出)收益 (254,296)3,688,139Net assets at 31 December於十二月三十一日之資產淨值3,525,8053,885,091Interest held by the Group本集團於該聯營公司之 權益及賬面值33.33%33.33%Dividends received from the associate於本年度已收聯營公司之1,175,2691,295,031	Reconciliation of the summarised financial	聯營公司權益之賬面值與		
Net assets at 1 January 於一月一日之資產淨值 3,885,091 3,688,139 Total comprehensive (expenses) income 本年度全面(支出)收益 (254,296) 286,943 for the year 總額 (104,990) (89,991) Net assets at 31 December 於十二月三十一日之資產淨值 3,525,805 3,885,091 Interest held by the Group 本集團持有之權益 33.33% 33.33% Group's interest in the associate and the carrying amount 本集團於該聯營公司之 1,175,269 1,295,031 Dividends received from the associate 於本年度已收聯營公司之 1,175,269 1,295,031	information presented to the carrying amount	財務資料概要對賬:		
Total comprehensive (expenses) income 本年度全面(支出)收益 1000000000000000000000000000000000000	of its interest in the associate:			
Total comprehensive (expenses) income 本年度全面(支出)收益 1000000000000000000000000000000000000				
for the year總額 宣派股息(254,296) (104,990)286,943 (89,991)Net assets at 31 December於十二月三十一日之資產淨值3,525,8053,885,091Interest held by the Group本集團持有之權益33.33%33.33%Group's interest in the associate and the carrying amount本集團於該聯營公司之 權益及賬面值1,175,2691,295,031Dividends received from the associate於本年度已收聯營公司之1,175,2691,295,031	Net assets at 1 January	於一月一日之資產淨值	3,885,091	3,688,139
Dividends declared宣派股息(104,990)(89,991)Net assets at 31 December於十二月三十一日之資產淨值3,525,8053,885,091Interest held by the Group本集團持有之權益33.33%33.33%Group's interest in the associate and the carrying amount本集團於該聯營公司之 權益及賬面值1,175,2691,295,031Dividends received from the associate於本年度已收聯營公司之	Total comprehensive (expenses) income	本年度全面(支出)收益		
Net assets at 31 December於十二月三十一日之資產淨值3,525,8053,885,091Interest held by the Group本集團持有之權益33.33%33.33%Group's interest in the associate and the carrying amount本集團於該聯營公司之 權益及賬面值1,175,2691,295,031Dividends received from the associate於本年度已收聯營公司之	for the year	總額	(254,296)	286,943
Interest held by the Group本集團持有之權益33.33%Group's interest in the associate and the carrying amount本集團於該聯營公司之 權益及賬面值1,175,2691,295,031Dividends received from the associate於本年度已收聯營公司之	Dividends declared	宣派股息	(104,990)	(89,991)
Interest held by the Group本集團持有之權益33.33%Group's interest in the associate and the carrying amount本集團於該聯營公司之 權益及賬面值1,175,2691,295,031Dividends received from the associate於本年度已收聯營公司之				
Group's interest in the associate and the carrying amount本集團於該聯營公司之1,175,2691,295,031Dividends received from the associate於本年度已收聯營公司之	Net assets at 31 December	於十二月三十一日之資產淨值	3,525,805	3,885,091
Group's interest in the associate and the carrying amount本集團於該聯營公司之1,175,2691,295,031Dividends received from the associate於本年度已收聯營公司之				
Group's interest in the associate and the carrying amount本集團於該聯營公司之1,175,2691,295,031Dividends received from the associate於本年度已收聯營公司之	Interest held by the Group	本集團持有之權益	33-33%	33 33%
the carrying amount 權益及賬面值 1,175,269 1,295,031 Dividends received from the associate 於本年度已收聯營公司之				
the carrying amount 權益及賬面值 1,175,269 1,295,031 Dividends received from the associate 於本年度已收聯營公司之	Group's interest in the associate and	本集團於該聯營公司之		
Dividends received from the associate 於本年度已收聯營公司之			1,175,269	1,295,031
	, .			. ,
	Dividends received from the acception	込ま在毎日收職際公司う		
			74.007	20.007
		加久, 志	54,397	29,997

23. INVESTMENTS ACCOUNTED FOR USING THE EQUITY METHOD (Cont'd)

23. 以權益法入賬之投資(續)

Interests in associates (Cont'd)

聯營公司權益(續)

Aggregate financial information of associates that are not individually material:

個別非重要之聯營公司財務資料總額:

		2024	2023
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Group's share of results for the year	本集團攤佔本年度業績	(26,409)	200,625
Group's share of other comprehensive	本集團攤佔本年度		
expenses for the year	其他全面支出	(5,641)	(1,011)
Group's share of total comprehensive	本集團攤佔本年度		
(expenses) income for the year	全面(支出)收益總額	(32,050)	199,614
Group's aggregate interests in these associates	本集團於該等聯營公司之		
and the carrying amounts	權益總額及賬面值	686,818	741,118
Dividends received from associates	於木在府口收略燃八回之		
	於本年度已收聯營公司之		70.075
during the year	股息	22,250	70,075

24. ADVANCES TO ASSOCIATES

24. 墊付聯營公司款項

		2024	2023
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Interest-bearing advance to an associate	墊付一間聯營公司之計息款項	46,582	46,906
Interest-free advances to associates	墊付聯營公司之免息款項	12,750	13,107
		59,332	60,013

The advances to associates are unsecured. The Group will not demand for repayment within one year from the end of the reporting period and the amounts are therefore shown as non-current. The interest-bearing advance to an associate bears interest at the prevailing market rate. 墊付聯營公司款項乃無抵押。本集團不會要求 於報告期末起計一年內償還款項,故將該等款 項列作非流動性質。墊付一間聯營公司之計息 款項以當時之市場借貸利率計息。

25. FINANCIAL ASSETS MEASURED AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

25. 通過損益以反映公平值計量之 金融資產

		2024	2023
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Investments held-for-trading (note (i))	持作買賣之投資(附註(i))	128,166	188,545
Bonds (note (ii))	債券(附註(ii))	237,385	153,963
Derivative financial instruments (note (iii))	衍生金融工具(附註(iii))	127	-
Club and corporate debentures (note (iv))	會籍及公司債券(附註(iv))	54,280	57,170
		419,958	399,678
Analysed for reporting purpose as:	作報告用途之分析:		
Non-current	非流動性質	54,315	60,359
Current	流動性質	365,643	339,319
		419,958	399,678

As at 31 December 2024, the aggregate carrying amount of investments held-for-trading and bonds was approximately HK\$365,551,000 (2023: HK\$342,508,000), including investments held-for-trading and bonds with aggregate carrying amount of approximately HK\$12,987,000 (2023: HK\$55,621,000) which were available to be loaned to financial institution for earning lending fee income and the same or substantially the same securities would be returned to the Group, pursuant to the terms and conditions contained in the securities pooled lending agreements, of which investments held-for-trading of approximately HK\$7,101,000 (2023: investments held-for-trading and bonds of HK\$25,077,000) were on loan at the end of the reporting period.

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,持作買賣之 投資及債券之賬面值總額約為365,551,000 港元(二零二三年:342,508,000港元),當中 賬面值總額約12,987,000港元(二零二三年: 55,621,000港元)之持作買賣之投資及債券根 據匯集證券借貸協議所載之條款及條件可供借 出予金融機構以賺取借貸費收入,而該等證券 或大致等同之證券將會歸還予本集團。於報告 期末,當中已借出之持作買賣之投資之賬面值 約為7,101,000港元(二零二三年:持作買賣之 投資及債券25,077,000港元)。

25. FINANCIAL ASSETS MEASURED AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS (Cont'd)

Notes:

- (i) The investments held-for-trading comprised equity securities listed in Hong Kong or elsewhere. As at 31 December 2024, carrying amount of approximately HK\$127,073,000 (2023: HK\$188,545,000) were traded in active markets and their fair values were determined based on the quoted market bid prices available on the respective stock exchanges in Hong Kong or elsewhere. The remaining with carrying amount of approximately HK\$1,093,000 (2023: nil) was suspended trading listed equity securities which were measured at fair value with reference to valuation carried out by an independent qualified professional valuer, details of the fair value measurements are disclosed in Note 5(c).
- (ii) The bonds denominated in US\$ include zero coupon bond and the remaining bonds carry interests at fixed rates ranging from 2.500% to 13.000% (2023: 1.000% to 13.000%) per annum, of which bonds with notional amount of US\$28,741,333 (2023: US\$22,091,333) are callable. The bonds denominated in GBP carry interests at fixed rates ranging from 5.125% to 7.500% (2023: 6.375% to 7.125%) per annum and are callable.

The listed bonds are traded in active market and stated at fair values at the end of the reporting period. Their fair values are determined with reference to market bid prices quoted by financial institutions and brokers.

The maturity dates of the bonds with material carrying amounts denominated in US\$ and GBP are as follows:

Notional amount	Maturity
US\$844,452	2028
US\$846,494	2029
US\$21,200,000	Perpetual
GBP9,000,000	Perpetual

- (iii) As at 31 December 2024, the derivative financial instruments represented foreign exchange forward contracts, which were measured at fair value with reference to valuation carried out by an independent qualified professional valuer, details of the fair value measurements are disclosed in Note 5(c).
- (iv) The club and corporate debentures are stated at fair values at the end of the reporting period. Details of the fair value measurements are disclosed in Note 5(c).

Included in non-current assets, there were financial assets measured at FVTPL of approximately HK\$54,315,000 (2023: HK\$60,359,000). They were included in non-current assets according to their intended holding periods.

25. 通過損益以反映公平值計量之 金融資產(續)

附註:

- (i) 持作買賣之投資包含於香港或其他地區上市之股本證券。於二零二四年十二月三十一日,賬面值約127,073,000港元(二零二三年:188,545,000港元)於交投活躍之市場買賣,其公平值乃按香港及其他地區相關之證券交易所之市場買入報價而釐定。餘下賬面值約為1,093,000港元(二零二三年:無)之暫停買賣上市股本證券之公平值計量乃參考由獨立合資格專業估值師進行之估值,公平值計量之詳情已於附註5(c)內披露。
- (ii) 以美元計值之債券包括零息債券及餘下之 債券按固定年利率介乎2.500厘至13.000厘
 (二零二三年:1.000厘至13.000厘)計息, 其中名義金額為28,741,333美元(二零二三 年:22,091,333美元)之債券為可贖回。以 英鎊計值之債券按固定年利率介乎5.125厘 至7.500厘(二零二三年:6.375厘至7.125 厘)計息,及為可贖回。

上市債券於交投活躍之市場買賣,於報告 期末以公平值列賬。債券之公平值乃根據 金融機構及經紀之市場買入報價釐定。

以美元及英鎊計值並具重大賬面值之債券 之到期日如下:

到期日

		20740 11
844,452美疗	Ē	二零二八年
846,494美疗	Ē	二零二九年
21,200,000	美元	永久
9,000,000英	鎊	永久

名義金額

- (iii) 於二零二四年十二月三十一日,衍生金融 工具乃指外匯遠期合約,其公平值計量乃 參考由獨立合資格專業估值師進行之估 值,公平值計量之詳情已於附註5(c)內披 露。
- (iv) 於報告期末,會籍及公司債券以公平值列 賬。公平值計量之詳情已於附註5(c)內披 露。

非流動資產中包括通過損益以反映公平值計量 之金融資產約54,315,000港元(二零二三年: 60,359,000港元)。根據彼等之擬定持有期而 計入非流動資產。

26. FINANCIAL ASSETS MEASURED AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

26. 通過其他全面收益以反映公平 值計量之金融資產

2023
HK\$'000
千港元
195,680

Unlisted equity securities

非上市股本證券

As at 31 December 2024, the carrying amount mainly comprised investments in a property investment in Hong Kong of approximately HK\$72,126,000 (2023: HK\$84,992,000) and a property development project in Hong Kong of HK\$43,773,000 (2023: HK\$78,208,000).

For unlisted equity securities measured at fair value, details of the fair value measurements are disclosed in Note 5(c).

The financial assets measured at FVTOCI were included in noncurrent assets according to their intended holding periods.

27. ADVANCES TO INVESTEE COMPANIES

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,賬面值主要為 投資於一項位於香港之投資物業約72,126,000 港元(二零二三年:84,992,000港元)以及一 項位於香港之物業發展項目43,773,000港元 (二零二三年:78,208,000港元)。

就以公平值計量之非上市股本證券而言,公平 值計量之詳情已於附註5(c)內披露。

通過其他全面收益以反映公平值計量之金融資 產根據彼等之擬定持有期而計入非流動資產。

27. 墊付接受投資公司款項

		2024	2023
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Interest-bearing advance to an investee company	墊付一間接受投資公司之計息款項	338,765	-
Interest-free advances to investee companies	墊付接受投資公司之免息款項	70,942	631,412
		409,707	631,412

The advances to investee companies are unsecured. As at 31 December 2024, except for amounts of approximately HK\$64,017,000 (2023: HK\$211,507,000) which were expected to be recovered within one year and were shown as current, the Group would not demand for repayment for the remaining amounts within one year from the end of the reporting period and the amounts were therefore shown as non-current.

墊付接受投資公司款項乃無抵押。於二零二四 年十二月三十一日,除金額約64,017,000港元 (二零二三年:211,507,000港元)預期可於一 年內收回及列作流動性質,本集團不會要求於 報告期末起計一年內償還餘下款項,故將該等 款項列作非流動性質。

28. OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS

(a) Pledged deposits

The amounts represent deposits pledged to banks and financial institution to secure credit facilities granted to the Group. Deposits amounting to approximately HK\$1,008,194,000 (2023: HK\$152,929,000) have been pledged to secure short-term borrowings and are therefore classified as current assets. The remaining deposit amounting to approximately HK\$28,980,000 (2023: nil) has been pledged to secure long-term borrowings and is therefore classified as non-current asset.

The pledged deposits carry interest at prevailing market deposit rates. The pledged deposits will be released upon the repayment of relevant borrowings.

(b) Securities trading receivables and deposits

Securities trading receivables and deposits are mainly amounts due from clearing house, brokers and clients.

(c) Time deposits, bank balances and cash

The time deposits and certain bank balances carry interest at prevailing market deposit rates. As at 31 December 2024 and 2023, all of the time deposits had original maturity not greater than three months. The Group does not hold collateral over the deposit balances.

28. 其他金融資產

(a) 抵押存款

該等款額指抵押予銀行及金融機構 作為本集團獲授信貸額之存款。約 1,008,194,000港元(二零二三年: 152,929,000港元)之存款已作為短期借 貸之抵押,故被分類為流動資產。餘下 約28,980,000港元(二零二三年:無)之 存款已作為長期借貸之抵押,故被分類 為非流動資產。

以上抵押存款按當時市場之存款利率計 息。該等抵押存款將於有關借貸獲償還 時解除。

(b) 應收證券交易賬項及存款

應收證券交易賬項及存款主要為應收結 算所、證券經紀及客戶款項。

(c) 定期存款、銀行結餘及現金

定期存款及若干銀行結餘按當時市場之 存款利率計息。於二零二四年及二零二 三年十二月三十一日,所有定期存款之 原存款期為不多於三個月。本集團並無 就存款結餘持有抵押。 29. DEBTORS, DEPOSITS, OTHER RECEIVABLES AND PREPAYMENTS

29. 應收賬項、按金、其他應收賬 項及預付款項

		2024	2023
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Trade receivables	應收貿易賬項	11,347	6,611
Less: Allowance for credit losses	減:信貸虧損撥備	(23)	(4)
		11,324	6,607
Deposits and prepayments	按金及預付款項	40,762	54,683
Interest receivables from bonds	債券之應收利息		
(net of allowance for credit losses)	(扣除信貸虧損撥備)	4,964	4,665
Other receivables	其他應收賬項	107,927	143,380
		164,977	209,335
Analysed for reporting purpose as:	作報告用途之分析:		
Non-current	非流動性質	-	4,904
Current	流動性質	164,977	204,431
		164,977	209,335

Included in debtors, deposits, other receivables and prepayments are trade receivables of approximately HK\$11,324,000 (2023: HK\$6,607,000), which comprised rental and building management fee receivables billed in advance and settlements from tenants which are expected upon receipts of billings and receivables from property management services and cosmetics business. 應收賬項、按金、其他應收賬項及預付款項包 括應收貿易賬項約11,324,000港元(二零二三 年:6,607,000港元),包括預先開單而預期租 戶會於收到單據後支付之應收租金及樓宇管理 費,以及來自物業管理服務及化妝品業務之應 收賬項。

The carrying amounts of trade receivables (net of allowance for credit losses) of the Group's major businesses are as follows:

本集團主要業務應收貿易賬項(扣除信貸虧損 撥備)之賬面值如下:

		2024 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 HK\$'000 千港元
Rental receivables from property leasing Receivables from building and	物業租賃之應收租金 樓宇及物業管理服務之	5,128	1,262
property management services	應收賬項	4,368	3,296
Receivables from cosmetics business	化妝品業務之應收賬項	1,828	2,049
		11,324	6,607

29. DEBTORS, DEPOSITS, OTHER **RECEIVABLES AND PREPAYMENTS** (Cont'd)

The Group maintains a defined credit policy to assess the credit quality of each counterparty. The collection is closely monitored to minimise any credit risk associated with these trade receivables. Rental and building management fee in respect of leased properties are payable in advance by the tenants. Other trade debtors settle their accounts according to the payment terms as stated in the respective contracts.

The following is the aged analysis of trade receivables (net of allowance for credit losses), presented based on the respective revenue recognition dates, at the end of the reporting period:

29. 應收賬項、按金、其他應收賬 項及預付款項(續)

本集團已制訂明確之信貸政策,以評估各交易 方之信貸質素。本集團密切監察收款情況,務 求盡量減低該等應收貿易賬項相關之信貸風 險。租賃物業之租金及樓宇管理費須由租戶預 先支付。其他貿易債務人根據個別合約內列明 之付款條款清還彼等賬項。

根據各項收入之確認日期呈列之應收貿易賬項 (扣除信貸虧損撥備)於報告期末之賬齡分析如 下:

		2024	2023
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
0 – 30 days	零至三十日	5,666	3,336
31 – 60 days	三十一日至六十日	1,752	1,652
61 – 90 days	六十一日至九十日	821	933
Over 90 days	九十日以上	3,085	686
		11,324	6,607

The following is the aged analysis of trade receivables which are past due but not impaired:

已逾期但未被減值之應收貿易賬項之賬齡分析 如下:

		2024	2023
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
0 – 30 days	零至三十日	6,538	4,732
31 – 60 days	三十一日至六十日	422	178
61 – 90 days	六十一日至九十日	107	21
Over 90 days	九十日以上	2,978	574
		10,045	5,505

29. DEBTORS, DEPOSITS, OTHER RECEIVABLES AND PREPAYMENTS (Cont'd)

29. 應收賬項、按金、其他應收賬 項及預付款項(續)

Movement in the allowance for credit losses:

信貸虧損撥備之變動:

		2024	2023
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
At 1 January	於一月一日	4	4
Allowance for credit losses recognised	就應收貿易賬項確認之		
in respect of trade receivables	信貸虧損撥備	19	_
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	23	4

For those past due but not impaired receivables, although the Group does not hold any collateral as security, the Group has assessed the creditworthiness, past payment history and substantial settlement after the end of the reporting period, and considers that the amounts are still recoverable and no further credit provision is required in excess of allowance for credit losses.

Out of the past due balances, trade receivables over 90 days comprise mainly rental and building management fee receivables of approximately HK\$2,644,000 (2023: HK\$574,000), which are sufficiently covered by rental and/or building management fee deposits received from the respective tenants, and no allowance is required for these receivables under the Group's allowance policy.

Trade receivables which are neither overdue nor impaired are in good quality.

就已逾期但未被減值之應收賬項而言,雖然本 集團並無持有任何抵押品作擔保,本集團已就 其信譽、過往還款記錄及於報告期末後之主要 結賬作出評估,並認為該等數額仍可收回,無 須作進一步(多於信貸虧損撥備)之信貸撥備。

就已逾期結餘中,超過九十日之應收貿易賬項 主要包括應收租金及樓宇管理費約2,644,000 港元(二零二三年:574,000港元)(其足以被收 取有關租戶之租金及/或樓宇管理費按金所保 障),根據本集團之撥備政策,無須為該等應 收賬項作出撥備。

既無逾期亦未被減值之應收貿易賬項之質素良 好。 **30. DEFERRED TAXATION**

The following is the major deferred tax liabilities provided (assets recognised) by the Group and movements thereon during the current and prior reporting periods:

30. 遞延税項

以下為本集團於本報告期間及過往報告期間 主要遞延税項負債之撥備(資產之確認)及其變 動:

At 1 January 2023	於二零二三年一月一日 匯 X 调数	Investment properties 投資物業 HK\$'000 千港元 39,846	Accelerated tax depreciation 加速税項折舊 HK\$'000 千港元 32,389	Tax losses 税務虧損 HK\$'000 千港元 (10,024)	Total 總額 HK\$'000 千港元 62,211
Exchange adjustments (Credited) charged to the consolidated statement of comprehensive income (Note 13)	匯兑調整 於綜合全面收益報表中 (計入)扣除 (附註13)	(11,008)	1,949 15,209	(22) (9,654)	2,558
At 31 December 2023 Exchange adjustments Charged (credited) to the consolidated statement of comprehensive income	於二零二三年 十二月三十一日 匯兑調整 於綜合全面收益報表中 扣除(計入) (附註13)	29,469 _	49,547 (614)	(19,700) 37	59,316 (577)
(Note 13) At 31 December 2024	於二零二四年 十二月三十一日	545 30,014	(29,124) 19,809	(1,152) (20,815)	(29,731) 29,008

For the purpose of the presentation in the consolidated statement of financial position, certain deferred tax liabilities and assets have been offset. The following is the analysis of the deferred tax balances for financial reporting purposes:

就綜合財務狀況報表之呈列,若干遞延税項負 債及資產已作對銷。就財務報告用途之遞延税 項結餘分析如下:

		2024	2023
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債	29,008	60,193
Deferred tax assets	遞延税項資產	-	(877)
		29,008	59,316
		29,000	59,510

30. DEFERRED TAXATION (Cont'd)

At the end of the reporting period, the Group had the following major unrecognised deferred tax assets which were not recognised due to the unpredictability of the future profit streams.

30. 遞延税項(續)

於報告期末,本集團由於難以預料未來溢利而 未確認以下之主要未確認遞延税項資產。

		2024	2023
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Accelerated tax depreciation	加速税項折舊	(22)	(28)
Tax losses	税務虧損	(594,410)	(595,896)
		(594,432)	(595,924)

As at 31 December 2024, the Group had no (2023: HK\$5,866,000) estimated unused tax losses not recognised which will be expired in one to five years, and the Group's other major unrecognised tax losses of approximately HK\$3,602,487,000 (2023: HK\$3,602,605,000) may be carried forward indefinitely and subject to the confirmation from the respective tax authority.

31. STOCK OF PROPERTIES

As at 31 December 2024 and 2023, all of the stock of properties were completed properties and the Directors reviewed the carrying amounts of the completed properties with reference to prevailing market conditions and the estimated selling prices provided by Peak Vision Appraisals.

During the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023, no writedown of completed properties was recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income. 於二零二四年十二月三十一日,本集團並無 於一至五年內到期而未被確認之估計未使用 税務虧損(二零二三年:5,866,000港元), 而本集團之其餘主要未確認之税務虧損 約3,602,487,000港元(二零二三年: 3,602,605,000港元)可無限期結轉,並須待相 關税務局確認。

31. 物業存貨

於二零二四年及二零二三年十二月三十一日, 所有物業存貨均為落成物業,且董事參考當時 市況及由澋鋒評估提供之估計售價,以審閱落 成物業之賬面值。

於截至二零二四年及二零二三年十二月三十一 日止年度內,並無落成物業之減值於綜合全面 收益報表中確認。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 综合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

32. INVENTORIES

32. 存貨

		2024	2023
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Finished goods	製成品	4,177	3,475
Raw materials	原材料	473	604
		4,650	4,079

All inventories were stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

33. CREDITORS AND ACCRUALS

Included in creditors and accruals are trade payables of approximately HK\$632,000 (2023: HK\$2,516,000).

The following is the aged analysis of trade payables, presented based on the invoice date, at the end of the reporting period: 所有存貨按成本及可變現淨值兩者中較低者列 賬。

33. 應付賬項及應計款項

應付賬項及應計款項包括應付貿易賬項約 632,000港元(二零二三年:2,516,000港元)。

根據發票日期呈列之應付貿易賬項於報告期末 之賬齡分析如下:

		2024	2023
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
0 – 90 days	零至九十日	183	765
Over 90 days	九十日以上	449	1,751
		632	2,516

As at 31 December 2024, creditors and accruals included value added tax payable of approximately GBP32,400,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$315,647,000) received from the Buyer in relation to disposal of a property in the United Kingdom.

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,應付賬項及 應計款項包括就出售一項英國物業向買方收 取之應付增值税約32,400,000英鎊(相當於約 315,647,000港元)。

34. BORROWINGS

34. 借貸

		2024 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 HK\$'000 千港元
Secured bank borrowings repayable within a period of (note):	須於下列期間償還之有抵押 銀行借貸(附註):		
Less than one year	一年以下	926,302	1,303,871
More than one year but within two years	一年以上但不超逾兩年	891,804	73,871
More than two years but within five years	兩年以上但不超逾五年	380,880	1,586,452
		2,198,986	2,964,194
Secured bank borrowings that contain repayment on demand clause (shown as current liabilities) but repayable within a period of (note):	附帶按要求償還條款之有抵押 銀行借貸(列作流動負債), 惟須於下列期間償還(附註):		
Less than one year	一年以下	-	587,139
More than one year but within two years	一年以上但不超逾兩年	-	11,139
More than two years but within five years	兩年以上但不超逾五年	-	33,417
More than five years	五年以上	_	255,959
		-	887,654
Total secured bank borrowings Other secured borrowing repayable	有抵押銀行借貸總額 須按要求或於一年內償還之	2,198,986	3,851,848
on demand or within one year	其他有抵押借貸	729,472	_
Total secured bank and other borrowings	有抵押銀行及其他借貸總額	2,928,458	3,851,848
Less: Amounts due within one year	減:一年內到期之款項	(1,655,774)	(2,191,525)
Amounts due after one year	一年後到期之款項	1,272,684	1,660,323
Amounts due after one year	一年後到期之款項	1,272,684	1,660,323

Note: The amounts due are based on scheduled repayment dates as set out in the loan agreements.

The bank borrowings denominated in HK\$ are variable-rate borrowings which carry interest ranging from HIBOR plus 0.90% to 1.30% (2023: ranging from HIBOR plus 0.75% to 1.30%) per annum.

The borrowing(s) denominated in GBP from bank (2023: banks and financial institution) is(were) variable-rate borrowing(s) which carries(ed) interest at compounded reference rate plus 1.62% (2023: cost of funds of financial institution plus 1.25% or ranging from compounded reference rate plus 1.62% to 1.65%) per annum. 附註:該等到期之金額按貸款協議中載列之預定 還款日期。

以港元計值之銀行借貸為浮息借貸,年利率按 香港銀行同業拆息加0.90厘至1.30厘(二零二 三年:香港銀行同業拆息加0.75厘至1.30厘) 計算。

以英鎊計值之銀行(二零二三年:銀行及金融 機構)借貸為浮息借貸,年利率按複合參考利 率加1.62厘(二零二三年:金融機構資金成本 加1.25厘或複合參考利率加1.62厘至1.65厘) 計算。

34. BORROWINGS (Cont'd)

GBP

The other borrowing denominated in HK\$ from financial institution is variable-rate borrowing which carries interest at cost of funds of the financial institution plus 0.35% per annum.

The Group's borrowing that is denominated in currency other than HK\$ is set out below:

英鎊

As at 31 December 2024 and 2023, all borrowings were guaranteed

In respect of bank borrowings with carrying amount of approximately HK\$2,198,986,000 (2023: HK\$2,964,194,000) as at 31 December

2024, the Group is required to comply with respective financial

covenants in relation to the Group's consolidated tangible net worth shall not be less than certain threshold throughout the continuance

of the relevant borrowings and/or as long as the borrowings are outstanding. The Group has complied with these covenants

by the Company and/or a subsidiary of the Company.

throughout the reporting period.

35. SHARE CAPITAL

34. 借貸(續)

來自金融機構以港元計值之其他借貸為浮息 借貸,年利率按金融機構資金成本加0.35厘計 算。

本集團以港元以外貨幣計值之借貸載列如下:

2024	2023
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
485,486	1,617,348

於二零二四年及二零二三年十二月三十一日, 本公司及/或本公司一間附屬公司已就所有借 貸作出擔保。

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,就賬面 值約為2,198,986,000港元(二零二三年: 2,964,194,000港元)之銀行借貸,在整個相關 借貸的持續期間及/或只要借貸尚未償還,本 集團須遵守有關本集團綜合有形資產淨值不得 少於若干限額之財務契諾。本集團在整個報告 期間一直遵守該等契諾。

35. 股本

本公司之股本於年內之變動如下:

		Number of shares 股份數目		Share。 股	-
		2024 2023		2024	2023
				HK\$'000	HK\$'000
				千港元	千港元
Ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each Authorised: At 1 January and 31 December	每股面值0.10港元之 普通股 法定股本: 於一月一日及 十二月三十一日	5,000,000,000	5,000,000,000	500,000	500,000
Issued and fully paid: At 1 January and	已發行及繳足股本: 於一月一日及				
31 December	十二月三十一日	1,907,619,079	1,907,619,079	190,762	190,762

Movement in the share capital of the Company during the years is as follows:

36. AMOUNTS DUE TO ASSOCIATES, INVESTEE COMPANIES AND NON-CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDERS

The amounts due to associates, investee companies and noncontrolling shareholders are unsecured and interest-free. The associates, investee companies and non-controlling shareholders will not demand for repayment within one year from the end of the reporting period and the amounts are therefore shown as noncurrent.

37. DISPOSAL OF A SUBSIDIARY

State Smart Disposal

On 14 August 2024, Capital Castle Global Limited ("Capital Castle"), an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company; and Oval Gymkhana Holdco Limited ("Oval"), which is an independent third party, entered into a sale and purchase agreement, pursuant to which Capital Castle agreed to sell and Oval agreed to acquire the entire issued share capital of State Smart.

Completion of the State Smart Disposal took place immediately after signing of the sale and purchase agreement. At completion, Oval repaid on behalf of State Smart its bank debt (including principal, interest and related fees) ("Bank Debt") of approximately GBP22,920,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$229,964,000) and amount due to the Group of approximately GBP96,415,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$967,360,000) to its respective creditors. The consideration for sale share amounted to approximately GBP6,198,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$62,191,000).

The cash consideration of approximately HK\$50,653,000 was received during the year ended 31 December 2024 and the remaining of the consideration is expected to be received within one year from the end of the reporting period. The transfer of control over State Smart has been completed on 14 August 2024.

Upon completion, State Smart ceased to be a subsidiary of the Company and its financial results, assets and liabilities were ceased to be consolidated with those of the Group.

Details of the State Smart Disposal were set out in the announcement of the Company dated 15 August 2024 and the circular of the Company dated 17 September 2024.

36. 欠負聯營公司、接受投資公司 及非控股股東款項

欠負聯營公司、接受投資公司及非控股股東款 項均為無抵押及免息。該等聯營公司、接受投 資公司及非控股股東不會要求於報告期末起計 一年內償還款項,故將該等款項列作非流動性 質。

37. 出售一間附屬公司

邦穎出售

於二零二四年八月十四日,資堡環球有限公司 (「資堡」)(本公司之一間間接全資擁有附屬 公司)與Oval Gymkhana Holdco Limited (「Oval」) (獨立第三方)訂立買賣協議,據此,資堡同意 出售而Oval同意收購邦潁之全部已發行股本。

邦穎出售已於買賣協議簽訂後隨即完成。於完 成時,Oval代表邦穎向其相關債權人償還其銀 行債務(包括本金、利息及相關費用)(「銀行債 務」)約22,920,000英鎊(相當於約229,964,000 港元)及欠負本集團款項約96,415,000英鎊(相 當於約967,360,000港元)。出售股份之代價 約為6,198,000英鎊(相當於約62,191,000港 元)。

於截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,已 收現金代價約為50,653,000港元,預計剩餘之 代價將於報告期末起計一年內收取。邦潁之控 制權轉移已於二零二四年八月十四日完成。

於完成後,邦穎已不再為本公司之附屬公司, 而其財務業績、資產及負債不再計入本集團之 綜合財務報表內。

邦穎出售之詳情已載列於本公司日期為二零二 四年八月十五日之公布以及二零二四年九月十 七日之通函。 NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 综合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

37. DISPOSAL OF A SUBSIDIARY (Cont'd)

37. 出售一間附屬公司(續)

State Smart Disposal (Cont'd)

邦穎出售(續)

		2024 HK\$′000 千港元
The net assets of State Smart as at the date of disposal were as follows:	邦穎於出售日期之資產淨值如下:	
Investment properties (Note 19)	投資物業(附註19)	1,254,162
Other receivables and prepayment	其他應收賬項及預付款項	7,918
Creditors and accruals	應付賬項及應計款項	(2,366)
Receipts in advance	預收款項	(5,103)
Tax liabilities	税項負債	(862)
Net assets disposed of	出售資產淨值	1,253,749
Release of translation reserve upon disposal	於出售時撥回之匯兑儲備	98,247
Loss on disposal of a subsidiary	出售一間附屬公司之虧損	(100,142)
		1,251,854
Satisfied by:	以下列方式支付:	
Cash consideration	現金代價	50,653
Consideration receivable	應收代價	11,538
Sale share consideration	出售股份代價	62,191
Settlement of Bank Debt by Oval	由Oval支付銀行債務	229,964
Settlement of amount due to the Group by Oval	由Oval支付欠負本集團款項	967,360
Expenses incurred for disposal	出售所產生之開支	(7,661)
		1,251,854
Net cash inflow arising from disposal:	出售時產生之現金流入淨額:	
Cash consideration	現金代價	50,653
Settlement of amount due to the Group by Oval	由Oval支付欠負本集團款項	967,360
Expenses incurred for disposal	出售所產生之開支	(7,661)
		1,010,352

The loss on the State Smart Disposal was included in other gains and losses (Note 12) in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

邦穎出售之虧損已計入綜合全面收益報表之其 他收益及虧損(附註12)內。

38. MAJOR NON-CASH TRANSACTIONS

During the year ended 31 December 2024, dividend income from an investee company and associates of approximately HK\$26,005,000 (2023: HK\$76,000,000) and approximately HK\$57,247,000 (2023: HK\$72,172,000) respectively have been settled through the current accounts with the investee company and associates.

Save as disclosed above and elsewhere in these consolidated financial statements, the Group did not have major non-cash transactions.

39. RECONCILIATION OF LIABILITIES ARISING FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES

The table below details changes in the Group's liabilities arising from financing activities, including both cash and non-cash changes. Liabilities arising from financing activities are those for which cash flows were, or future cash flows will be, classified as cash flows from financing activities in the Group's consolidated statement of cash flows.

38. 主要非現金交易

於截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度內, 來自一間接受投資公司及聯營公司之股息收 入分別為約26,005,000港元(二零二三年: 76,000,000港元)及約57,247,000港元(二零二 三年:72,172,000港元)以透過接受投資公司 及聯營公司之往來賬結付。

除上文及本綜合財務報表其他部分所披露者 外,本集團並無主要非現金交易。

39. 融資業務所產生負債之對賬

下表載列本集團融資業務所產生之負債變動詳 情,包括現金及非現金變動。融資業務所產生 之負債乃指其現金流量會或未來現金流量將會 於本集團之綜合現金流量表內分類為融資業務 產生之現金流量之負債。

		Borrowings 借貸 HK\$'000 千港元	Amounts due to non- controlling shareholders 欠負非控股 股東款項 HK\$'000 千港元	Lease liabilities 租賃負債 HK\$'000 千港元	Interest payable 應付利息 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總額 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 January 2023	於二零二三年一月一日	4,886,932	275	88,576	17,360	4,993,143
Financing cash flows	融資現金流量	(1,145,154)	(19)	(45,640)	(230,461)	(1,421,274)
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	110,070	-	-	621	110,691
Dividend declared to a non-controlling shareholder Increase in lease liabilities from entering into new	宣派股息予一間非控股 股東 於本年度訂立新租約	-	19	-	-	19
leases during the year	而增加之租賃負債	-	-	35,255	_	35,255
Total interest (Note 11)	利息總額(附註11)	-	-	3,768	229,066	232,834
At 31 December 2023	於二零二三年 十二月三十一日	3,851,848	275	81,959	16,586	3,950,668
Financing cash flows	融資現金流量	(674,324)	-	(46,038)	(232,063)	(952,425)
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	(19,333)	-	-	18	(19,315)
Disposal of a subsidiary	出售一間附屬公司	(229,733)	-	-	(79)	(229,812)
Total interest (Note 11)	利息總額(附註11)	-	-	2,764	224,415	227,179
At 31 December 2024	於二零二四年 十二月三十一日	2,928,458	275	38,685	8,877	2,976,295

40. PLEDGE OF ASSETS

At the end of the reporting period, the carrying amounts of the assets pledged by the Group to secure general banking and other loan facilities granted to the Group, are analysed as follows:

40. 資產抵押

於報告期末,本集團就本集團獲授之一般銀行 及其他貸款融資而抵押之資產賬面值分析如 下:

		2024	2023
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Investment properties	投資物業	4,054,477	9,281,591
Properties	物業	-	40,281
Financial assets measured at fair value	通過損益以反映公平值計量之		
through profit or loss	金融資產	231,669	_
Current pledged deposits	流動抵押存款	1,008,194	152,929
Non-current pledged deposit	非流動抵押存款	28,980	_
		5,323,320	9,474,801

As at 31 December 2024 and 2023, interests in certain subsidiaries of the Company have been pledged as part of the security to secure certain bank borrowings granted to the Group. 於二零二四年及二零二三年十二月三十一日, 本公司若干附屬公司之權益已質押作為本集團 獲授若干銀行借貸之部分抵押品。

41. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

41. 資本承擔

	2024	2023
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	千港元	千港元
已批准及已簽約:		
物業重建開支	344,813	523,046
翻新物業	-	27,516
購買設備及租賃物業裝修		
	-	8,748
	344,813	559,310
	物業重建開支 翻新物業	日K\$'000 千港元 已批准及已簽約: 物業重建開支 344,813 翻新物業 購買設備及租賃物業裝修

42. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

42. 或然負債

		2024 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 HK\$'000 千港元
Guarantee given to a bank in respect of banking facilities in lieu of the cash public utility deposit jointly utilised by subsidiaries	為附屬公司獲授共用之銀行信貸額 以取替現金公用事務按金而向 一間銀行提供之擔保	15,000	15,000
Guarantees given to banks in respect of banking facilities utilised by investee companies/ indemnity given to a third party in relation to an investee company	為接受投資公司動用之銀行信貸額 而向銀行提供之擔保/ 與一間接受投資公司有關 向第三方授予之彌償保證	827,830	613,830
an investee company	间 弗二 力仅了之)%頁体證	842,830	628,830

No provision for financial guarantee contracts and/or deed of indemnity have been made as at 31 December 2024 and 2023 as the Directors considered the default risk is low.

43. OPERATING LEASES

The Group as lessor

Property rental income earned during the year was approximately HK\$204,616,000 (2023: HK\$257,223,000) less outgoings of approximately HK\$28,347,000 (2023: HK\$20,392,000).

Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate amounted to approximately HK\$1,600,000 (2023: HK\$1,170,000) for the year ended 31 December 2024.

Most of the investment properties of the Group held in Hong Kong have committed tenants with lease terms which ranged from two to three years and in the United Kingdom have committed tenants with lease terms of five years or above. 由於董事認為違約風險低,故於二零二四年及 二零二三年十二月三十一日並無就財務擔保合 約及/或彌償保證契據作出撥備。

43. 營業租約

本集團作為出租人

於本年度賺取之物業租金收入約為 204,616,000港元(二零二三年:257,223,000 港元)扣除開支約為28,347,000港元(二零二三 年:20,392,000港元)。

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度並 非取決於指數或利率之可變租賃付款約為 1,600,000港元(二零二三年:1,170,000港 元)。

本集團大部分位於香港投資物業之租戶承擔租 用年期介乎兩至三年及位於英國投資物業之租 戶承擔租用年期為五年或以上。

43. OPERATING LEASES (Cont'd)

The Group as lessor (Cont'd)

The following table sets out a maturity analysis of lease payments, showing the undiscounted lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases to be received after the reporting date.

43. 營業租約(續)

本集團作為出租人(續)

以下列表乃租賃付款之到期日分析,顯示於報 告日期後根據不可撤銷之營業租賃下將會收到 之未貼現租賃付款。

		2024	2023
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Within one year	一年內	136,248	196,937
More than one year but within two years	一年以上但不超逾兩年	103,211	107,582
More than two years but within three years	兩年以上但不超逾三年	71,410	63,380
More than three years but within four years	三年以上但不超逾四年	37,981	44,962
More than four years but within five years	四年以上但不超逾五年	31,662	43,788
More than five years	超逾五年	168,547	204,623
		549,059	661,272

44. RETIREMENT BENEFIT SCHEMES

The Group operates defined contribution retirement schemes in Hong Kong, namely the Occupational Retirement Scheme ("ORSO Scheme") and the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme ("MPF Scheme"). Contributions to the ORSO Scheme made by the Group are based on a percentage of scheme members' salaries ranging from 5% to 10%, the more year of service, the higher percentage of contribution. From 1 December 2000, newly joined employees are compulsorily required to join the MPF Scheme. The employer and its employees are each required to make contributions to the scheme at rates specified in the rules of the MPF Scheme.

The total costs charged to the consolidated statement of comprehensive income of approximately HK\$7,983,000 (2023: HK\$8,548,000) represented contributions payable to these schemes by the Group for the year.

44. 退休福利計劃

本集團參與香港退休界定供款計劃名為職業 退休計劃(「職業退休計劃」)及強制性公積金計 劃(「強積金計劃」)。本集團向職業退休計劃作 出計劃成員薪酬之5%至10%供款(服務年期越 長,供款比例越高)。由二零零零年十二月一 日起加入本集團之新僱員均須強制參加強積金 計劃。僱主及僱員均須按強積金計劃規則內列 明之比率作出供款。

於綜合全面收益報表扣除之費用總額約為 7,983,000港元(二零二三年:8,548,000港 元),即本集團於本年度向該等計劃應付之供 款。

45. MATERIAL RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Transactions:

In prior years, the Group entered into lease agreements ("Leases") in respect of leases of certain leasehold properties held by a company controlled by a Director and the Trustee of Substantial Shareholders as headquarters and premises intended to be used in connection with the sale of a property redevelopment project of the Group.

Under the Leases, the aggregate amount of the current rent and building management fee payable per month are approximately HK\$3,610,000 and approximately HK\$537,000 respectively; and the aggregate amount of security deposit paid as at 31 December 2024 was approximately HK\$12,937,000. At the commencement date of the respective Leases, the Group recognised the present value of the lease payments over the lease term as lease liability and the aggregate amount of lease liability and estimated costs to be incurred by the Group for restoration of the property as right-of-use asset. As at 31 December 2024, the aggregate carrying amount of the lease liability and the right-of-use asset of the Leases were approximately HK\$34,294,000 (2023: HK\$75,085,000) and approximately HK\$34,088,000 (2023: HK\$76,727,000) respectively. Rent and building management fee of the Leases for the year ended 31 December 2024 amounted to approximately HK\$49,758,000 (2023: HK\$51,484,000) in aggregate. The transactions of the Leases constituted connected transactions and continuing connected transactions of the Company under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

Details of the Leases were disclosed in the announcements of the Company dated 12 June 2020, 28 March 2022 and 13 March 2023 and the paragraph headed "Connected Transactions" in the section headed "Directors' Report" of this annual report.

45. 重大關連人士交易

交易:

於過往年度,本集團訂立租賃協議(「該等租 賃」),內容關於承租一間由一位董事及主要股 東之信託人控制之公司持有之若干租賃物業作 為本集團之總部及擬用於銷售一項本集團物業 重建項目之場地。

根據該等租賃,現行每月應付租金總額及樓 宇管理費總額分別約為3,610,000港元及約為 537,000港元;而於二零二四年十二月三十一 日已付保證按金總額約為12,937,000港元。於 該等租賃各自之開始日期,本集團將租期內租 賃付款之現值確認為租賃負債,以及將租賃負 債及本集團還原物業所產生之估計成本之合計 金額確認為使用權資產。於二零二四年十二月 三十一日,該等租賃之租賃負債及使用權資產 之賬面值總額分別約為34,294,000港元(二零 二三年:75,085,000港元)及約為34,088,000 港元(二零二三年:76,727,000港元)。於截至 二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度內,該等租 賃之租金及樓宇管理費合共約為49,758,000港 元(二零二三年:51,484,000港元)。根據上市 規則第14A章,該等租賃交易構成本公司之關 連交易及持續關連交易。

該等租賃之詳情於本公司日期為二零二零年六 月十二日、二零二二年三月二十八日及二零二 三年三月十三日之公布以及於本年報之「董事 會報告書」一節中「關連交易」一段內披露。

45. MATERIAL RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Cont'd)

Transactions: (Cont'd)

Save as disclosed above and elsewhere in these consolidated financial statements, the Group had the following material transactions with related parties during the years:

45. 重大關連人士交易(續)

交易:(續)

除上文及本綜合財務報表其他部分所披露者 外,本集團於年內與關連人士進行以下重大交 易:

		2024 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 HK\$'000 千港元
Income received from associates:	已收聯營公司之收入:		
Interest income	利息收入	1,921	1,922
Accountancy fee	會計費	120	120
Management fee	管理費	48	48
Income received from a Director and	已收一位董事及主要股東之信託		
the Trustee of Substantial Shareholders,	人、與董事及/或主要股東之		
close family members of Directors and/or	信託人關係密切之家庭成員、		
the Trustee of Substantial Shareholders,	董事及/或主要股東之信託人		
companies controlled by Directors and/or	控制之公司以及主要股東之信		
the Trustee of Substantial Shareholders and	託人作為一位主要管理人員之		
an entity of which the Trustee of Substantial	一間實體之收入:		
Shareholders is a member of the key			
management personnel:			
Rental services	租賃服務	6,903	4,414
Property management services,	物業管理服務、		
leasing administration services and	租務行政服務及		
property administration services	物業行政服務	29,718	28,505
Advisory and consultancy services	諮詢及顧問服務	40	39
Other ordinary services	其他一般服務	25	74
Licence fee paid to a company controlled by	已付一位董事及主要股東之信託		
a Director and the Trustee of	人控制之一間公司之許可費		
Substantial Shareholders		-	7
Rent and building management fee paid to	已付聯營公司之租金及		
associates	樓宇管理費	4,283	4,286

45. MATERIAL RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Cont'd)

Transactions: (Cont'd)

Interest income was charged at the prevailing market rates based on outstanding balances during the year. Accountancy fee was charged based on an appropriate allocation of costs incurred by central administrative departments of the Group. Management fee, licence fee, rent, building management fee and security deposit paid were determined based on terms similar to those applicable to transactions with unrelated parties.

Income from services fees of rental services, property management services, leasing administration services, property administration services, advisory and consultancy services and other ordinary services (the contract for services with effect from 1 November 2023 (details were disclosed in the announcement of the Company dated 16 August 2023) and the former contract for services (details were disclosed in the announcement of the Company dated 14 August 2020 and the circular of the Company dated 7 October 2020)) were charged at the terms agreed by both parties. These related party transactions constituted continuing connected transactions of the Company under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules. Details of these continuing connected transactions are disclosed in the paragraph headed "Connected Transactions" in the section headed "Directors' Report" of this annual report.

In prior year, the Group entered into a facility agreement with a Director. At the request of the Group, the Director has agreed to make available to the Group a revolving loan facility of up to HK\$2,000,000,000. During the year ended 31 December 2024, the Group entered into a new facility agreement (effective upon termination of the former facility agreement) with the Director with the same revolving loan facility amount and an amount equivalent to approximately HK\$97,579,000 (2023: HK\$282,210,000) was drawn and the loan had been fully repaid. As at 31 December 2024, there was no outstanding balance of loan from the Director (2023: nil). The facility is unsecured and interest-free. The transactions were fully exempted from reporting, announcement, independent shareholders' approval and annual review requirements under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

45. 重大關連人士交易(續)

交易:(續)

利息收入乃根據於本年度未償還結餘按當時市 場利率計算。會計費乃按本集團之中央行政部 門所產生之成本之適當分配而收取。管理費、 許可費、租金、樓宇管理費及已付保證按金乃 根據與非關連人士交易適用之類似條款而釐 定。

來自租賃服務、物業管理服務、租務行政服 務、物業行政服務、諮詢及顧問服務以及其他 一般服務之服務費收入(服務合約於二零二三 年十一月一日起生效(詳情於本公司日期為二 零二三年八月十六日之公布內披露)以及先前 之服務合約(詳情於本公司日期為二零二零年 八月十四日之公布及二零二零年十月七日之通 函內披露))乃根據雙方協定之條款收取。根據 上市規則第14A章,該等關連人士交易構成本 公司之持續關連交易。該等持續關連交易之詳 情於本年報之「董事會報告書」一節中「關連交 易」一段內披露。

於過往年度,本集團與一位董事訂立一份融資 協議。按本集團要求,該董事同意授予本集團 上限為2,000,000,000港元之循環貸款額。於 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度內, 本集團與該董事訂立一份相同循環貸款額之 新融資協議(於先前之融資協議終止後生效)並 提取相當於約97,579,000港元(二零二三年: 282,210,000港元)之金額,該貸款已悉數償 還。於二零二四年十二月三十一日,並無未償 還之董事貸款結餘(二零二三年:無)。該貸款 額乃無抵押及免息。根據上市規則第14A章, 該等交易就申報、公布、獨立股東批准及年度 檢討之規定獲全面豁免。

45. MATERIAL RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Cont'd)

Balances:

Save as disclosed above, at the end of the reporting period, the Group had balances with a Director and the Trustee of Substantial Shareholders, companies controlled by Directors and/or the Trustee of Substantial Shareholders and an entity of which the Trustee of Substantial Shareholders is a member of the key management personnel of approximately HK\$20,256,000 (2023: HK\$23,619,000) in aggregate which was included in debtors and other receivables.

Details of the balances with other related parties at the end of the reporting period are set out in Notes 24 and 36.

Key management personnel emoluments:

Remuneration for key management personnel is disclosed in Notes 15 and 16. The remuneration of the Directors and senior executives is recommended by the remuneration committee of the Company for the approval of the board of Directors having regard to the performance of individuals, their respective duties and responsibilities in the Group and the prevailing market condition as appropriate.

45. 重大關連人士交易(續)

結餘:

除上文所披露者外,於報告期末,本集團與一 位董事及主要股東之信託人、董事及/或主要 股東之信託人控制之公司以及主要股東之信 託人作為一位主要管理人員之一間實體之交 易結餘合共約20,256,000港元(二零二三年: 23,619,000港元)已包括在應收賬項及其他應 收賬項內。

於報告期末,與其他關連人士之交易結餘詳情 載列於附註24及36。

主要管理人員酬金:

主要管理人員酬金於附註15及16內披露。董 事及高級行政人員之酬金由本公司之薪酬委員 會參考個別人士表現、彼等於本集團內各自之 職務與責任及當時市況(如適用)後向董事會建 議批准。

46. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES

The Directors are of the opinion that a complete list of the particulars of all subsidiaries would be of excessive length and therefore the following list contains only the subsidiaries as at 31 December 2024 which principally affected the results or assets of the Group. 46. 主要附屬公司詳情

董事認為列出全部附屬公司之詳情令篇幅過於 冗長。故此,下表只載列於二零二四年十二月 三十一日對本集團之業績或資產有重要影響之 附屬公司之詳情。

Name of subsidiary 附屬公司名稱	Place of incorporation/ operation 註冊成立/經營地點	Class of share/ registered capital held 所持股份/ 註冊資本類別	Issued and fully paid share capital/ registered capital 已發行及繳足 股本/註冊資本	Proportion ofpaid-up share capital/registered capitalheld by the Company本公司所持繳足股本/註冊資本之百分比DirectlyIndirectly直接間接		Principal activities 主要業務
Cardin Factory Limited 嘉丹廠有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary 普通股	HK\$2 2港元	-	100%	Property trading 物業買賣
Chase Master Company Limited 翠權有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary 普通股	HK\$2 2港元	-	100%	Securities investment 證券投資
Chinese Estates, Limited 華人置業有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary 普通股	HK\$1,000 1,000港元	100%	-	Investment holding and provision of management services 投資控股及 提供管理服務
Chinese Estates (Harcourt House) Limited	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary 普通股	HK\$200 200港元	-	100%	Property investment 物業投資
Country Homes Limited	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary 普通股 Non-voting deferred ordinary 無投票權遞延普通股 Non-voting deferred founder 無投票權遞延創立人股	HK\$200 200港元 HK\$164,400 164,400港元 HK\$1,000 1,000港元	-	100%	Property investment 物業投資
Evergo China Holdings Limited	Bermuda/Hong Kong 百慕達/香港	Ordinary 普通股	HK\$100,775,869.10 100,775,869.10港元	_	100%	Investment holding 投資控股

46. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL 46. 主要附屬公司詳情(續) **SUBSIDIARIES** (Cont'd)

Name of subsidiary		Class of share/ registered capital held 所持股份/	Issued and fully paid share capital/ registered capital 已發行及繳足	Proportion of paid-up share capital/ registered capital held by the Company 本公司所持繳足股本/		Principal activities	
附屬公司名稱	註冊成立/經營地點	註冊資本類別	股本/註冊資本	註冊到 Directly 直接	資本之百分比 Indirectly 間接	主要業務	
Evergo Holdings (China) Company Limited 愛美高集團(中國)有限公司	British Virgin Islands/ Hong Kong 英屬維爾京群島/香港	Ordinary 普通股	US\$2,509,454 2,509,454美元	_	100%	Investment holding 投資控股	
Evergo International Holdings Company Limited	Bermuda/Hong Kong 百慕達/香港	Ordinary 普通股	HK\$200,000 200,000港元	100%	-	Investment holding 投資控股	
Express Right Limited 迅正有限公司	British Virgin Islands/ United Kingdom 英屬維爾京群島/英國	Ordinary 普通股	US\$1 1美元	-	100%	Property investment 物業投資	
Fair Eagle Finance Credit Limited 天發金融有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary 普通股	HK\$50,000,000 50,000,000港元	-	100%	Securities margin financier 證券保證金融資	
Fair Eagle Futures Company Limited 天發期貨有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary 普通股	HK\$5,000,000 5,000,000港元	-	100%	Broking and dealing in futures contracts and provision of advisory services on futures contracts 期貨合約經紀及 買賣及提供期貨 合約諮詢服務	
Fair Eagle Securities Company Limited 天發證券有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary 普通股	HK\$228,000,000 228,000,000港元	_	100%	Provision of brokerage and advisory services on securities 提供經紀服務及 證券諮詢服務	
Globe Eagle Limited 廣鷹有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary 普通股	HK\$2 2港元	-	100%	Property investment 物業投資	
Hero Harmony Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬維爾京群島	Ordinary 普通股	US\$1 1美元	-	100%	Investment holding 投資控股	

46. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES (Cont'd)

46. 主要附屬公司詳情(續)

Name of subsidiary	Place of incorporation/ operation	Class of share/ registered capital held 所持股份/	Issued and fully paid share capital/ registered capital 已發行及繳足	Proportion of paid-up share capital/ registered capital held by the Company 本公司所持繳足股本/		Principal activities
附屬公司名稱	註冊成立/經營地點	註冊資本類別	股本/註冊資本		本之百分比 Indirectly 間接	主要業務
Hillsborough Holdings Limited	British Virgin Islands/ Hong Kong 英屬維爾京群島/香港	Ordinary 普通股	US\$1 1美元	-	100%	Property investment 物業投資
JC No. 3 (UK) Limited	United Kingdom 英國	Ordinary 普通股	GBP1 1英鎊	-	100%	Provision of management services 提供管理服務
KNIGHTLIGHTS PROPERTY INTERNATIONAL S.A.	Luxembourg 盧森堡	Ordinary 普通股	GBP33,000 33,000英鎊	-	100%	Property investment 物業投資
Landrich (H.K.) Limited 隆裕(香港)有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary 普通股	HK\$1,000 1,000港元	_	100%	Property investment 物業投資
Paul Y. Holdings Company Limited	Cayman Islands/ Hong Kong 開曼群島/香港	Ordinary 普通股	HK\$70,715,005.70 70,715,005.70港元	100%	-	Investment holding 投資控股
Perfect World Company Limited 忠信物業管理有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary 普通股	HK\$10,000 10,000港元	-	100%	Property management 物業管理
Pinwheel Investments Limited 成弘投資有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary 普通股	HK\$8 8港元	-	100%	Property investment 物業投資
River Court Properties Limited	Isle of Man/ United Kingdom 馬恩島/英國	Ordinary 普通股	GBP2 2英鎊	_	100%	Property investment 物業投資
Smart Profit (Hong Kong) Limited 利俊(香港)有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary 普通股	HK\$2 2港元	-	100%	Property investment 物業投資
Sound City Limited 韻都有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary 普通股	HK\$2 2港元	-	100%	Property investment 物業投資

46. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES (Cont'd)

46. 主要附屬公司詳情(續)

Name of subsidiary	Place of incorporation/ operation	Class of share/ registered capital held 所持股份/	Issued and fully paid share capital/ registered capital 已發行及繳足	Proportion of paid-up share capital/ registered capital held by the Company 本公司所持繳足股本/		Principal activities
附屬公司名稱	註冊成立/經營地點	註冊資本類別	股本/註冊資本	註冊資 Directly 直接	译本之百分比 Indirectly 間接	主要業務
Speed Win Limited 迅運有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary 普通股	HK\$2 2港元	-	100%	Property trading 物業買賣
The House of Kwong Sang Hong Limited 廣生堂有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Ordinary 普通股	HK\$500,000 500,000港元	-	100%	Cosmetics distribution and trading 化妝品分銷及貿易
Tycoon Fame Limited 亨耀有限公司	British Virgin Islands 英屬維爾京群島	Ordinary 普通股	US\$1 1美元	_	100%	Investment holding 投資控股
愛美高(北京)企業管理有限公司△ (Evergo (Beijing) Corporate Management Co., Ltd.)△	PRC 中國	Registered 註冊資本	US\$500,000 500,000美元	_	100%	Property investment 物業投資
愛美高(北京)投資顧問有限公司△ (Evergo Investment Counsel (Beijing) Co., Ltd.)△	PRC 中國	Registered 註冊資本	US\$1,250,000 1,250,000美元	-	100%	Property trading 物業買賣

None of the subsidiaries had issued any debt securities subsisting at the end of the reporting period or at any time during the reporting period. 於報告期末或於任何報告期間,並無附屬公司 發行任何債務證券。

 ${\scriptstyle \vartriangle}$ ${\scriptstyle \Box}$ Wholly foreign-owned enterprise

△ 外商獨資企業

47. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL ASSOCIATES 47. 主要聯營公司詳情

The Directors are of the opinion that a complete list of the particulars of all associates would be of excessive length and therefore the following list contains only the associates as at 31 December 2024 which principally affected the results or assets of the Group. 董事認為列出全部聯營公司之詳情令篇幅過於 冗長。故此,下表只載列於二零二四年十二月 三十一日對本集團之業績或資產有重要影響之 聯營公司之詳情。

			Issued and	Proportion of	
	Place of	Class of share/	fully paid	equity attributable	
	incorporation/	registered	share capital/	indirectly to	
Name of associate	operation	capital held	registered capital	the Company	Principal activities
		所持股份/	已發行及繳足	本公司間接應佔	
聯營公司名稱	註冊成立/經營地點	註冊資本類別	股本/註冊資本	股本之百分比	主要業務
Best Profit Limited	Hong Kong	Ordinary	HK\$1	25%	Property investment
丰佳有限公司	香港	普通股	1港元		and trading
					物業投資及買賣
Direct Win Development Limited	Hong Kong	Ordinary	HK\$900	33.33%	Property trading
勝榮發展有限公司	香港	普通股	900港元		物業買賣
Finedale Industries Limited	Hong Kong	Ordinary	HK\$9,999	33.33%	Property investment
廣坤實業有限公司	香港	普通股	9,999港元		物業投資
Power Jade Limited	British Virgin Islands/	Ordinary	US\$20	50%	Investment holding
(Business name:	, and the second s	ordinary 普通股	03\$20 20美元	50%	投資控股
(Business name. Power Jade Capital Limited)	Hong Kong 英屬維爾京群島/香港	自知权	20天九		仅貝饪肞
(業務名稱:	犬風챋网小田可/ 日/2				
Power Jade Capital Limited)					
The Kwong Sang Hong	Bermuda	Ordinary	HK\$100,000	50%	Investment holding
International Limited	百慕達	普通股	100,000港元		投資控股
東方藝術大廈有限公司+	PRC	Registered	US\$24,920,000	50%	Property investment
Oriental Arts Building Co., Ltd. ⁺	中國	註冊資本	24,920,000美元		and hotel operation
					物業投資及酒店業務

* Sino-foreign equity joint venture enterprise

* 中外合資企業

48. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESERVES OF THE COMPANY

48. 本公司財務狀況報表及儲備

		Note 附註	2024 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 HK\$'000 千港元
Non-current assets Investments in subsidiaries Loans to subsidiaries	非流動資產 附屬公司投資 附屬公司貸款		5,135,758 2,312,499	5,135,758 2,323,654
			7,448,257	7,459,412
Current assets	流動資產			
Amounts due from subsidiaries Other current assets Time deposits and bank balances	附屬公司欠負款項 其他流動資產 定期存款及銀行結餘		6,000,113 1,702 894,365	8,627,262 680 66,026
			6,896,180	8,693,968
Current liabilities Amounts due to subsidiaries Other current liabilities	流動負債 欠負附屬公司款項 其他流動負債		962,652 1,049	101,363 513
			963,701	101,876
Net current assets	流動資產淨值		5,932,479	8,592,092
Total assets less current liabilities	資產總額減流動負債		13,380,736	16,051,504
Equity attributable to owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔股本權益			
Share capital Capital redemption reserve Other reserve	股本 資本贖回儲備 其他儲備	35	190,762 138,062 9	190,762 138,062 9
Retained profits	保留溢利		11,737,903	13,882,671
Total equity	股本權益總額		12,066,736	14,211,504
Non-current liability Loans from subsidiaries	非流動負債 附屬公司借貸		1,314,000	1,840,000
			13,380,736	16,051,504

Approved and authorised for issue by the board of Directors on 已獲董事會於二零二五年二月二十八日批准及 28 February 2025 and signed on its behalf by:

授權刊發,並由下列董事代表董事會簽署:

Chan, Hoi-wan Director

陳凱韻 董事

Chan, Lok-wan	陳諾韻
Director	董事

48. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESERVES OF THE COMPANY (Cont'd)

48. 本公司財務狀況報表及儲備

Reserve movement of the Company

本公司之儲備變動

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	儲備 保留溢	利
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_	- 227,4	51
-	- 4,5	19
062	9 13,882,6	71
-	- (2,144,7	68)
	9 11 737 9	03
	-	(2,144,70 ,062 9 11,737,90

Note: During the year ended 31 December 2023, unclaimed dividends forfeited represented dividends declared by the Company on or before 31 May 2017 remaining unclaimed by shareholders of the Company on 21 August 2023, and the unclaimed dividends amounted to approximately HK\$4,519,000 were forfeited and transferred to retained profits.

49. AUTHORISATION FOR ISSUE OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The consolidated financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board of Directors on 28 February 2025. 附註:於截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度 內,沒收未被領取之股息乃指本公司於二 零一七年五月三十一日或之前宣派而本公 司之股東於二零二三年八月二十一日仍未 領取之股息,該未被領取之股息金額約 4,519,000港元已被沒收並轉撥至保留溢 利。

49. 授權刊發綜合財務報表

董事會已於二零二五年二月二十八日批准及授 權刊發綜合財務報表。